

$2 \neq A_n$

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.
ADE
E D A
Arnold
3 Roczen. M 2
(simple (1) .
.
 A_k^6 A_n singularities)
(canonical resolution)

:

14-B05 :

A study in the resolution of A_n singularity on a field with characteristic $\neq 2$

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ABSTRACT

Singularities in general are considered to be one of the important issues in algebraic geometry and applied mathematics, among them the ADE or simple singularities which drew attention since they have appeared separately in various areas of scientific applications. The name comes from three graphs characterized by letters A, D and E denoting types of Lie groups. Arnold stated them in a direct manner. Many people gave studies about the subject like Roczen.M who presented the canonical resolution in dimension 3 and $\text{Char} \neq 2$. giving an equivalent non-singular variety is what meant by resolution, Canonical resolution adds a description of the exceptional loci. There are many applications on this subject found in differential geometry and theoretical physics. Relation (1) defines the simple singularities A_n with dimension 5 at the origin of A_n^d , here we present a study about how to resolve A_n and determine the canonical resolution.

Key words: Variety, Singularity, Exceptional locus, Canonical resolution, Nonsingular, Blowing-up, Picard group, Divisors.

Mathematical Classification: 14-B05

: .1

$$(1) \quad X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$$

(Variety)

 A_n

$$[2] \quad 1.1 \quad) \quad \text{char } k \neq 2 \quad A_k^6$$

1.2

1

$$X^2 + Y^{k+1}$$

 A_n

.(

$$X_2^2 + \cdots + X_n^2$$

$$0 \in A_k^6$$

)

$$\mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{A}^5$$

 A_{n-2}

([3])

(Exceptional Loci)

 n

(strict transform)

.([1])

(Absolutely isolated)

(Singular point)

.([4]) (Blowing-up)

-2

-1:

)

()

(

$$P \in X, Q \in Y$$

: .2

$$\widehat{O_P} = (k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/I(X))_{M_P} \quad (\text{حيز} - k) \quad \widehat{O_P} \cong \widehat{O_Q}$$

.[1]

 M_P

$$k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]$$

$$k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/(g) \cong k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/(f)$$

$$.([2]) \quad f \sim g \quad \text{حيز} - k$$

(Canonical Resolution)

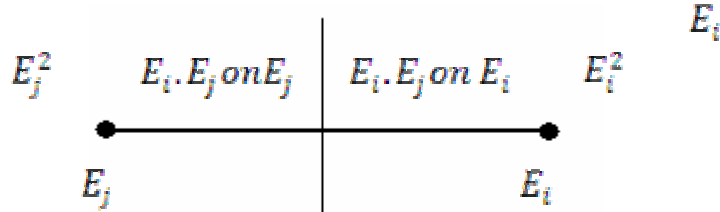
$$E = E_1 + E_2 \dots + E_m \quad ([4])$$

(Picard group)

(invertible sheaves)

(Self Intersections) E_i^2

$E_i \cdot E_j$



.[4]

$E_i \cap E_j \neq \emptyset$

$E_j \ni E_i$

$$: A_n \quad .3$$

$$A_n : X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2$$

$$: f = X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$$

$V(f)$ (Jacobian Matrix)

$$.[3] J = \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial X_i} \right] = [(n+1) X_1^n \quad 2X_2 \quad 2X_3 \quad \dots \quad 2X_6]$$

$$A_k^n$$

($r \quad n-r$

$$A_n \quad 6-5=1$$

$$0 \in A_k^6 \quad X_1^n = 2X_2 = 2X_3 = \dots 2X_6 = 0$$

$$0 \quad A_n \quad A_n$$

$$A_n : \widetilde{A}_n : X_i U_j = X_j U_i ; \quad X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$$

$$\varphi : \widetilde{A}_n \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_6; U_1 : U_2 : \dots : U_6)$$

:

$$\widetilde{A}_n: U_1: X_1^{n-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \sim A_{n-2}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \widetilde{A}_n & & A_n \\ & U_1 = 1 & (0; 1: 0: \dots: 0) \\ E^s & (\varphi^{-1}(0) \cap \widetilde{A}_n) & A_{n-2} \end{array}$$

. [4]

$$E^s = \{(0, U_1: U_2: \dots: U_6): U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$$

$$(\text{Divisors Class Group}) \quad [3] \quad Cl(E^s) \cong \mathbb{Z}$$

$$(1: 0: 0: \dots: 0)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A_n & \longleftarrow & A_{n-2} \\ & (& n &) & A_2 & A_1 \\ & & & & A_2 & .i \end{array}$$

$$A_2: X_1^3 + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$$

:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U_1: X_1 + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \\ (1: 0: 0: \dots: 0) & & E^s \end{array}$$

$$: E^s \longleftarrow \widetilde{E}^s ($$

)

$$: \mathbb{P}^4 \quad (\text{cone}) \quad E^s$$

$$Y = \{(U_2: \dots: U_6): U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4$$

$$E^s = C(Y)$$

$$\mathbb{P}^4 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \quad \widetilde{E}^s \quad (1: 0: 0: \dots: 0) \quad E^s \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$$

$$\mathcal{O}_Y \quad \widetilde{E}^s = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1))$$

. [3] Y

$$(\hspace{1.5cm} U_1 \hspace{1.5cm})$$

$$:V_i \neq 0$$

$$V_1:1+X_1V_2^2+X_1V_3^2+X_1V_4^2+X_1V_5^2+X_1V_6^2=0$$

$$\dot{E}=\{(1:0:0:\ldots:0;0:V_2:V_3:V_4:V_5:V_6):V_i\in k\}$$

$$\cdot \hspace{0.5cm} \dot{E} \approx \mathbb{P}^4$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} : \hspace{1.5cm} A_1 \hspace{1.5cm} .ii$$

$$U_1:1+U_2^2+U_3^2+U_4^2+U_5^2+U_6^2=0$$

$$\widetilde{A_1}$$

$$Q=\{(U_1:\ldots:U_6):U_1^2+U_2^2+U_3^2+U_4^2+U_5^2+U_6^2=0\}$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} 4< \hspace{1.5cm} Q\subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$$

$$\cdot \hspace{0.5cm} E=Q \hspace{0.5cm} ([3]) \hspace{0.5cm} CIE\cong \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} : (1)$$

$$n\equiv 0\, mod\, 2: A_n\longleftarrow A_{n-2}\longleftarrow \cdots A_2\longleftarrow A_0\longleftarrow A_0$$

$$n\equiv 1\, mod\, 2: A_n\longleftarrow A_{n-2}\longleftarrow \cdots A_3\longleftarrow A_1\longleftarrow A_0$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} Marco\ Roczen$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} A_0$$

$$\cdot \hspace{0.5cm} A_n$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} ([4])$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} :E_i \hspace{1.5cm} -4$$

$$\frac{n}{2} \hspace{1.5cm} \left[\frac{n}{2} \right] \hspace{1.5cm} m = \left[\frac{n}{2} \right] + 1$$

$$\cdot \hspace{0.5cm} E$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} E_1,E_2,\ldots,E_m$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} A_t \longleftarrow \widetilde{A_t} \hspace{1.5cm} t \neq 1$$

$$\widetilde{A_t}:U_1:X_1^{t-1}+U_2^2+U_3^2+U_4^2+U_5^2+U_6^2=0$$

$$\hspace{1.5cm} E^s=V(U_2^2+U_3^2+U_4^2+U_5^2+U_6^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (E^s \quad U_1) \\
\mu: \widetilde{A}_t & \leftarrow \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 (X_1, U_2, \dots, U_6; V_1: V_2: \dots: V_6) \\
V_1: U_i &= X_1 V_i \quad : \quad VI = 1 \quad t = 2 \\
& \widetilde{A}_t|_{V_1}: X_1 + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0 \\
& :V_1 = 1 \quad \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \quad E^s \\
V_1: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} &= V(X_1^2(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)) \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} &= 2V(X_1) + V(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) \\
& E_{new}|_{V_1} = \dot{E}|_{V_1} = V(X_1) \\
& \Rightarrow \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} = \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_1} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_1} \\
E^s \quad & V_2 X_1 = V_1 U_2, V_2 U_i = V_i U_2 \\
& :V_2 = 1 \quad \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_2} &= V(U_2^2(1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)):V_2 \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_2} &= 2V(U_2) + V(1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) \\
& \widetilde{A}_t|_{V_2}: U_2 V_1^3 + 1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0 \\
& E_{new}|_{V_2} = \dot{E}|_{V_2} = V(U_2) \\
& \Rightarrow \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_2} = \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_2} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_2} \\
& : \\
V_3: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_3} &= \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_3} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_3} \\
V_4: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_4} &= \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_4} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$V_3: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_3} = \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_3} + 2 \dot{E}|_{V_3}$$

$$V_6: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_6} = \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_6} + 2 \dot{E}|_{V_6}$$

$$\mu^{-1}(E^s) = \widetilde{E}^s + 2 \dot{E} :$$

$$: \quad t \neq 2$$

$$V_1: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} = V(X_1^2(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2))$$

$$= 2V(X_1) + V(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)$$

$$\widetilde{A}_t|_{V_1}: X_1^{t-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0$$

$$X_1^2(X_1^{t-3} + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) = 0$$

$$E_{new}|_{V_1} = V(X_1^2) = 2V(X_1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} = \widetilde{E}^s|_{V_1} + E_{new}|_{V_1}$$

$$: \quad V_i \neq 0$$

$$. \quad E_{new} = E^s \quad \mu^{-1}(E^s) = \widetilde{E}^s + E_{new}$$

$$:[3]$$

$$Cl(\widetilde{E}^s - E') \cong Cl(E^s - P) \cong Cl(E^s)$$

$$E' \quad (0,1:0:0:0:0)$$

$$P$$

$$E^s \longleftarrow \widetilde{E}^s$$

$$:$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow Cl(\widetilde{E}^s) \rightarrow Cl(\widetilde{E}^s - E') \rightarrow 0$$

$$1 \mapsto 1.E'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Cl(E^s) &= \mathbb{Z} & Cl(\widetilde{E^s}) &= Cl(E^s) \oplus \mathbb{Z} & [3] \\
(\mathbb{P}^5 \text{ Hyper plane } H) & H' = H.E^s & Cl(E^s) & \\
E' \cap H' & Cl(\widetilde{E^s}) \cap Cl(\widetilde{E^s}) = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \\
& : E_k.E_l \cap \widetilde{E_k.E_l} = 4 \\
& k+1 \neq m : \\
& A_t & E_{k+1} \\
E_{k+1} & E_k & (0; 1; 0; \dots; 0) \\
& E' \cap (\widetilde{E_k} \cap \widetilde{E_k}) \\
& E_{k+1}.E_k \cap_{E_k} = E' \\
& : E_{k+1} \\
A_t: X_1^{t+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 &= 0 \\
E_k \cap_{A_t}: X_1 = 0, X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 &= 0 \\
\widetilde{A_t}: U_1: X_1^{t-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 &= 0 \\
\widetilde{E_k} \cap_{A_t}: U_1 = 0, U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 &= 0 \\
E_{k+1}: U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 &= 0 \\
\widetilde{E_k} \cap_{A_t} \cap E_{k+1} = I = \{(U_1: \dots: U_6): U_1 = 0, U_2^2 + \dots + U_6^2 = 0\} \\
E_{k+1} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 & (1: 0: \dots: 0) & \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4: \\
V_2: 1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 &= 0 \\
V_3: V_2^2 + 1 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 &= 0 \\
& \vdots \\
V_6: V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + 1 &= 0 \\
\mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 (U_1: U_2: U_3: U_4: U_5: U_6: V_2: V_3: V_4: V_5: V_6) \\
E' = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &) \mathbb{P}^4 \quad J \quad J' = J.E' \quad Cl(E') = \mathbb{Z} \\
 & \quad \tilde{I} = \{U_1 = 0, V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} (V_1 = 0 \\
 & : \quad E' \quad H' \quad Cl(\tilde{E}_{k+1}) \quad Cl(\tilde{E}_{k+1}) = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \\
 & \quad (*) \quad \tilde{I} = \alpha E' + \beta H' \quad \alpha, \beta \in k \\
 & \quad E'.\tilde{I} = \alpha E'^2 + \beta H'.E' \quad E' \quad * \\
 & Cl(E') \cong \mathbb{Z} \quad E_{k+1} \quad I \quad E'.\tilde{I} = 0 \\
 & \quad E' \\
 & \quad 0 = \alpha E'^2|_{E'} + \beta H'.E'|_{E'} \\
 & E'^2|_{E'} = -2J' \quad \mathbb{P}^4 \quad E' \quad E'^2 \sim -2J \\
 & \quad J = \{U_2 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4\} \quad H = \{V_2 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5\} \\
 & H'.E' = \{(1:0:\dots:0; 0:0:0:V_4:V_5:V_6), V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4 \\
 & \quad 2\alpha = \beta \quad 0 = -2\alpha J' + \beta J' \quad H'.E'|_{E'} \sim J' \\
 & H'^2 = 0 \quad \tilde{I}.H' = \alpha E'.H' + \beta H'^2 \quad H' \quad * \\
 & \quad \beta = 2 \quad \alpha = 1 \quad \tilde{I}.H'|_{\mathbb{P}^5} \sim J' \\
 &) \quad E_{k+1}.E_k|_{E_{k+1}} = E' + 2H' \\
 & \quad (\\
 & \quad k+1 = m \quad : \\
 & \quad n \equiv 0 \mod 2 \quad - \\
 & E_{m-1} = \{U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5\} \\
 & \quad E_{m-1} \quad m \\
 & \tilde{E}_{m-1} = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 \\
 & \quad H_0 \quad cl(E_m) \cong \mathbb{Z} \quad E_m \cong \mathbb{P}^4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
E_{m-1} \cdot E_m|_{E_m} = 2H_0 & E_{m-1} \cdot E_m|_{E_{m-1}} = E' & \\
\mathbb{P}^4 & \text{hyper surface} & \tilde{E}_{m-1} \\
n \equiv 1 \bmod 2 & - & \\
\tilde{E}_{m-1} = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 & & \\
E_m = \{V_1^2 + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 & & \\
\tilde{E}_{m-1} \quad E_m & E_{m-1} \cdot E_m|_{E_{m-1}} = E' & \\
H \quad E_m \cdot H \quad r = 6 \quad [3] \quad cl(E_m) \cong \mathbb{Z} \quad \{V_1^2 = 0\} & & \\
& & \mathbb{P}^5
\end{array}$$

$$E_{m-1} \cdot E_m|_{E_m} = 2H \quad (7)$$

$$:E_k^2 \quad -5$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
\mu^{-1}(E^s) = \widetilde{E^s} + \dot{E} & k \neq m-1, m & : \\
E^s & \mu & \dot{E} \\
\frac{1}{x_1} & E^s &
\end{array}$$

$$\widetilde{E^s} + \dot{E} \sim \mu^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x_1}\right) \quad E^s \sim \frac{1}{x_1}$$

$$\mu^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x_1}\right) \sim V(U_1) \quad \mu^{-1}(X_1) = \{U_1 = 0\} \cup \dot{E} \quad \frac{1}{x_1} \sim -X_1$$

:

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
\widetilde{E^s} \sim -V(U_1) - \dot{E} & \widetilde{E^s} + \dot{E} \sim -V(U_1) & \\
\widetilde{E^s} \cdot V(U_1) & \widetilde{E^s}^2 = \widetilde{E^s} \cdot \widetilde{E^s} = \widetilde{E^s} \cdot (-V(U_1) - \dot{E}) & \\
\{U_1 = 0, V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} & & \\
& \widetilde{E^s} \cdot V(U_1) \sim E' + 2H' & \\
& : \quad E' & \widetilde{E^s} \quad \widetilde{E^s} \cdot \dot{E} \\
\widetilde{E^s}^2 = -E' - 2H' - E' = -2E' - 2H' & &
\end{array}$$

$$E_k^2 = \widetilde{E}^{s^2} = -2E' - 2H'$$

$$: \quad k = m - 1 \quad :$$

$$n \equiv 1 \bmod 2$$

$$A_3 \quad E_{m-1}$$

$$E_{m-1}^2 = \widetilde{E}^{s^2} = -2E' - 2H'$$

$$n \equiv 0 \bmod 2$$

$$\mu^{-1}(E^s) = \widetilde{E}^s + 2\dot{E} \quad A_2 \quad E_{m-1}$$

$$\widetilde{E}^s + 2\dot{E} \sim -V(U_1)$$

$$\widetilde{E}^s \sim -2\dot{E} - V(U_1)$$

$$\widetilde{E}^{s^2} = \widetilde{E}^s \cdot \widetilde{E}^s = \widetilde{E}^s \cdot (-V(U_1) - 2\dot{E})$$

$$E_{m-1}^2 = -3E' - 2H' \quad \widetilde{E}^{s^2} = -E' - 2H' - 2E'$$

$$: \quad k = m \quad :$$

$$E_m^2 = -H_0 \quad E_m \approx \mathbb{P}^4 \quad n \equiv 0 \bmod 2$$

$$ClQ \approx \mathbb{Z} \quad Q \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \quad E_m \approx Q \quad n \equiv 1 \bmod 2$$

$$E_m^2 = -H_Q \quad \mathbb{P}^5 \quad H \quad Q.H = H_Q$$

$$: (2) \quad -6$$

$$n \equiv 0 \bmod 2$$

$$E_1^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_2^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-2}^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-1}^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_m^2 = -H_0$$

$$\bullet \xrightarrow{(E'/E'+2H')} \bullet \xrightarrow{(E'/E'+2H')} \bullet \xrightarrow{(E'/2H_0)} \bullet$$

$$E_1 = G \quad E_2 = G \quad E_{m-2} = G \quad E_{m-1} = G \quad E_m = \mathbb{P}^4$$

$$\cdot \quad \mathbb{P}^4 \quad H_0 \quad G = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1))$$

$$n \equiv 1 \bmod 2$$

$$E_1^2 = -2E' - 2H'E_2^2 = -2E' - 2H'E_{m-2}^2 = -2E' - 2H'E_{m-1}^2 = -3E' - 2H'E_m^2 = -H_Q$$
$$(E'/E' + 2H') \quad (E'/E' + 2H') \quad (E'/2H_Q)$$
$$E_1 = G \quad E_2 = G \quad E_{m-2} = G \quad E_{m-1} = G \quad E_m = Q$$
$$ClQ \quad H_Q = Q.H \quad ClQ \approx \mathbb{Z} \quad G = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1))$$
$$\mathbb{P}^5 \quad H$$
$$\vdots$$
$$A_n \quad : (1)$$
$$A_n \quad : (2)$$

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