

2 ≠ $\textcolor{blue}{A}_n$

2010/07/04
2011/02/21

ADE
E D A
Arnold
3 Roczen. M 2

(simple (1) A_n singularities)
 $\textcolor{blue}{A}_n^6$
(canonical resolution)

14-B05 :

241

A study in the resolution of A_n singularity on a field with characteristic $\neq 2$

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Received 04/07/2010

Accepted 21/02/2011

ABSTRACT

Singularities in general are considered to be one of the important issues in algebraic geometry and applied mathematics, among them the ADE or simple singularities which drew attention since they have appeared separately in various areas of scientific applications. The name comes from three graphs characterized by letters A, D and E denoting types of Lie groups. Arnold stated them in a direct manner. Many people gave studies about the subject like Roczen.M who presented the canonical resolution in dimension 3 and Char $\neq 2$. giving an equivalent non-singular variety is what meant by resolution, Canonical resolution adds a description of the exceptional loci. There are many applications on this subject found in differential geometry and theoretical physics. Relation (1) defines the simple singularities A_n with dimension 5 at the origin of A_k^4 , here we present a study about how to resolve A_n and determine the canonical resolution.

Key words: Variety, Singularity, Exceptional locus, Canonical resolution, Nonsingular, Blowing-up, Picard group, Divisors.

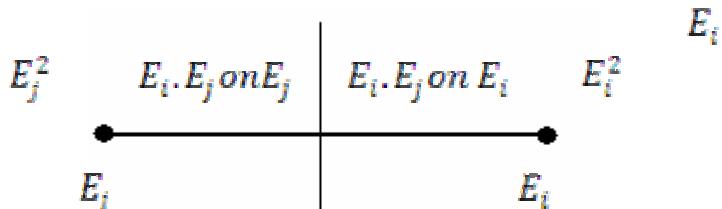
Mathematical Classification: 14-B05

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & : & .1 \\
 (1) & X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0 & \\
 & (Variety) & A_n \\
 [2] & I.1 &) \ char k \neq 2 \ A_k^6 \\
 & I.2 & 1 \quad X^2 + Y^{k+1} \\
 A_n & .(& X_2^2 + \dots + X_n^2 \\
 & & 0 \in A_k^6 \\
 &) & \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{A}^5 \\
 & A_{n-2} & ([3]) \\
 & (Exceptional Loci)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 n & & (strict transform) \\
 .([1]) &) & \\
 (Absolutely isolated) & & (Singular point) \\
 .([4]) &) & (Blowing-up) \\
 -2 & & -1: \\
 & &) \\
 & . & (\quad) \quad (\\
 P \in X, Q \in Y & & : \quad .2 \\
 \widehat{\mathcal{O}_P} = (k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/\mathcal{I}(X))_{M_P} & (j \geq -k) \quad \widehat{\mathcal{O}_P} \cong \widehat{\mathcal{O}_Q} \\
 .[1] & M_P & k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]] \\
 k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/(g) \cong k[[X_1, \dots, X_n]]/(f) & \\
 .([2]) \quad f \sim g & \quad j \geq -k \\
 & (Canonical Resolution)
 \end{array}$$

.([4]) $E = E_1 + E_2 \dots + E_m$
) (Picard group)

E_i (invertible sheaves)
 (Self Intersections) E_i^2 $E_i \cdot E_j$



.([4]) $E_i \cap E_j \neq \emptyset$ $E_j \pitchfork E_i$

: A_n .3

$$A_n : X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 \\ f = X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$$

$V(f)$ (Jacobian Matrix)

$$[3] J = \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} \right] = [(n+1) X_1^n \ 2X_2 \ 2X_3 \ \dots \ 2X_6]$$

A_k^n)

($r \ n-r$

$$A_n \quad 6-5=1 \\ 0 \in A_k^6 \quad X_1^n = 2X_2 = 2X_3 = \dots 2X_6 = 0 \\ 0 \quad A_n \quad A_n$$

$$A_n : \widetilde{A}_n : X_i U_j = X_j U_i ; \quad X_1^{n+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0 \\ \varphi : \widetilde{A}_n \rightarrow \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_6; U_1 : U_2 : \dots : U_6)$$

:

$\widetilde{A_n}: U_1: X_1^{n-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \sim A_{n-2}$	A_n
$\widetilde{A_n}$	$U_1 = 1$
E^s	$(\varphi^{-1}(0) \cap \widetilde{A_n})$
	A_{n-2}
	[4]
$E^s = \{(0, U_1: U_2: \dots: U_6): U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$	
(Divisors Class Group)) [3] $Cl(E^s) \cong \mathbb{Z}$
	$(1:0:0:\dots:0)$
$A_n \longleftarrow A_{n-2}$	
	(n) $A_2 \ A_1$
	A_2
$A_2: X_1^3 + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0$.i
	:
$U_1: X_1 + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0$	
$(1:0:0:\dots:0)$	E^s
$E^s \longleftarrow \widetilde{E^s} ($)
	: \mathbb{P}^4 (cone) E^s
$Y = \{(U_2: \dots: U_6): U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4$	
	$E^s = C(Y)$
$\mathbb{P}^4 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \quad \widetilde{E^s}$	$(1:0:0:\dots:0) \quad E^s \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$
	$\mathcal{O}_Y \quad \widetilde{E^s} = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1))$
	[3] Y

$$(U_1) : V_i \neq 0$$

$$V_1 : 1 + X_1 V_2^2 + X_1 V_3^2 + X_1 V_4^2 + X_1 V_5^2 + X_1 V_6^2 = 0$$

$$\dot{E} = \{(1:0:0:\dots:0:V_2:V_3:V_4:V_5:V_6) : V_i \in k\}$$

$$\dot{E} \approx \mathbb{P}^4$$

$$A_1 : U_1 : 1 + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0$$

$$\widetilde{A}_1$$

$$Q = \{(U_1:\dots:U_6) : U_1^2 + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0\}$$

$$4 < Q \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5$$

$$E = Q \quad ([3]) \quad \text{Clie} \cong \mathbb{Z}$$

$$: (1)$$

$$n \equiv 0 \pmod{2}: A_n \leftarrow A_{n-2} \leftarrow \dots \leftarrow A_2 \leftarrow A_0 \leftarrow A_0$$

$$n \equiv 1 \pmod{2}: A_n \leftarrow A_{n-2} \leftarrow \dots \leftarrow A_3 \leftarrow A_1 \leftarrow A_0$$

Marco Roczen $\quad A_0$

$$A_n \quad ([4])$$

$$: E_i \quad -4$$

$$\frac{n}{2} \quad \left[\frac{n}{2} \right] \quad m = \left[\frac{n}{2} \right] + 1$$

$$E \quad E_1, E_2, \dots, E_m$$

$$A_t \leftarrow \widetilde{A}_t \quad t \neq 1$$

$$\widetilde{A}_t : U_1 : X_1^{t-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0$$

$$E^s = V(U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \quad (E^s \quad U_1 \quad) \\
\mu: \widetilde{A}_t & \leftarrow \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 (X_1, U_2, \dots, U_6; V_1; V_2; \dots; V_6) \\
V_1: U_i = X_1 V_i & \quad : \quad VI = 1 \quad t = 2 \\
\widetilde{A}_t \mid_{V_1}: X_1 + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 & = 0 \\
: V_1 = 1 & \quad \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \quad E^s \\
V_1: \mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_1} & = V(X_1^2(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)) \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_1} & = 2V(X_1) + V(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) \\
E_{new} \mid_{V_1} & = \dot{E} \mid_{V_1} = V(X_1) \\
\Rightarrow \mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_1} & = \widetilde{E}^s \mid_{V_1} + 2 \dot{E} \mid_{V_1} \\
E^s & \quad V_2 X_1 = V_1 U_2, V_2 U_i = V_i U_2 \\
: V_2 = 1 & \quad \mathbb{A}^6 \times \mathbb{P}^5 \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_2} & = V(U_2^2(1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)) : V_2 \\
\mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_2} & = 2V(U_2) + V(1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) \\
\widetilde{A}_t \mid_{V_2}: U_2 V_1^3 + 1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 & = 0 \\
E_{new} \mid_{V_2} & = \dot{E} \mid_{V_2} = V(U_2) \\
\Rightarrow \mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_2} & = \widetilde{E}^s \mid_{V_2} + 2 \dot{E} \mid_{V_2} \\
& \vdots \\
V_3: \mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_3} & = \widetilde{E}^s \mid_{V_3} + 2 \dot{E} \mid_{V_3} \\
V_4: \mu^{-1}(E^s) \mid_{V_4} & = \widetilde{E}^s \mid_{V_4} + 2 \dot{E} \mid_{V_4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_5: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_5} &= \widetilde{E^s}|_{V_5} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_5} \\
 V_6: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_6} &= \widetilde{E^s}|_{V_6} + 2\dot{E}|_{V_6} \\
 \mu^{-1}(E^s) &= \widetilde{E^s} + 2\dot{E}: \\
 &\quad t \neq 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1: \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} &= V(X_1^2(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2)) \\
 &= 2V(X_1) + V(V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) \\
 \widetilde{A_t}|_{V_1}: X_1^{t-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 &= 0 \\
 X_1^2(X_1^{t-3} + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2) &= 0 \\
 E_{new}|_{V_1} = V(X_1^2) = 2V(X_1) &\Rightarrow \\
 \mu^{-1}(E^s)|_{V_1} = \widetilde{E^s}|_{V_1} + E_{new}|_{V_1} &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_i \neq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{new} = E^s - \mu^{-1}(E^s) &= \widetilde{E^s} + E_{new} \\
 &:[3]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Cl(\widetilde{E^s} - E') \cong Cl(E^s - P) \cong Cl(E^s)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 E' & (0,1:0:0:0:0:0) & P \\
 & \longleftarrow & \\
 E^s & \longleftarrow & \widetilde{E^s}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \vdots \\
 \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow Cl(\widetilde{E^s}) \rightarrow Cl(\widetilde{E^s} - E') \rightarrow 0 \\
 1 \mapsto 1, E'
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& Cl(E^s) = \mathbb{Z} & Cl(\widetilde{E}^s) = Cl(E^s) \oplus \mathbb{Z} & .[3] \\
& .(\mathbb{P}^5 \text{ Hyper plane } H) H' = H \cdot E^s & Cl(E^s) \\
& .E' \cdot H' & Cl(\widetilde{E}^s) \cap Cl(\widetilde{E}^s) = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \\
& :E_k, E_l \text{ such that } k+1 \neq m & : \\
& A_t & E_{k+1} \\
& E_{k+1} & E_k & (0; 1; 0; \dots; 0) \\
& & E' & (\widetilde{E}_k) \widetilde{E}_k \\
& & E_{k+1}, E_k \mid_{E_k} = E' \\
& :E_{k+1} \\
& A_t: X_1^{t+1} + X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0 \\
& E_k \mid_{A_t}: X_1 = 0, X_2^2 + X_3^2 + X_4^2 + X_5^2 + X_6^2 = 0 \\
& \widetilde{A}_t: U_1: X_1^{t-1} + U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \\
& \widetilde{E}_k \mid_{A_t}: U_1 = 0, U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \\
& E_{k+1}: U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \\
& \widetilde{E}_k \mid_{A_t} \cap E_{k+1} = I = \{(U_1: \dots: U_6): U_1 = 0, U_2^2 + \dots + U_6^2 = 0\} \\
& E_{k+1} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 & (1; 0; \dots; 0) & \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 \\
& V_2: 1 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0 \\
& V_3: V_2^2 + 1 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0 \\
& \vdots \\
& V_6: V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + 1 = 0 \\
& \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4(U_1: U_2: U_3: U_4: U_5: U_6; V_2: V_3: V_4: V_5: V_6) \\
& E' = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &) \mathbb{P}^4 \quad J \quad J' = J \cdot E' \quad Cl(E') = \mathbb{Z} \\
 & \quad \tilde{I} = \{U_1 = 0, V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} (V_1 = 0) \\
 & : E' H' \quad Cl(\tilde{E}_{k+1}) \quad Cl(\tilde{E}_{k+1}) = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \\
 & \quad (*) \tilde{I} = \alpha E' + \beta H' \quad \alpha, \beta \in k \\
 & \quad E' \cdot \tilde{I} = \alpha E'^2 + \beta H' \cdot E' \quad E' \cdot * \\
 & Cl(E') \cong \mathbb{Z} \quad E_{k+1} \quad I \quad E' \cdot \tilde{I} = 0 \\
 & \quad E' \\
 & \quad 0 = \alpha E'^2 \mid_{E'} + \beta H' \cdot E' \mid_{E'} \\
 & E'^2 \mid_{E'} = -2J' \quad \mathbb{P}^4 \quad E' \quad E'^2 \sim -2J \\
 & J = \{U_2 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4\} \quad H = \{V_3 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5\} \\
 & H' \cdot E' = \{(1:0:\dots:0; 0:0:V_4:V_5:V_6), V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^4 \\
 & 2\alpha = \beta \quad 0 = -2\alpha J' + \beta J' \quad H' \cdot E' \mid_{E'} \sim J' \\
 & H'^2 = 0 \quad . \quad \tilde{I} \cdot H' = \alpha E' \cdot H' + \beta H'^2 \quad H' \quad * \\
 & \beta = 2 \quad \alpha = 1 \quad \tilde{I} \cdot H' \mid_{\mathbb{P}^5} \sim J' \\
 &) E_{k+1} \cdot E_k \mid_{E_{k+1}} = E' + 2H' \\
 & \quad (\\
 & \quad k+1 = m \quad : \\
 & \quad n \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \quad - \\
 & E_{m-1} = \{U_2^2 + U_3^2 + U_4^2 + U_5^2 + U_6^2 = 0 \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5\} \\
 & \quad E_{m-1} \quad m \\
 & \tilde{E}_{m-1} = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 \\
 & H_0 \quad cl(E_m) \cong \mathbb{Z} \quad E_m \cong \mathbb{P}^4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& E_{m-1} \cdot E_m \mid_{E_m} = 2H_0 & E_{m-1} \cdot E_m \mid_{E_{m-1}} = E' \\
& \mathbb{P}^4 & \text{hyper surface} & \tilde{E}_{m-1} \\
& n \equiv 1 \pmod{2} & - \\
& \tilde{E}_{m-1} = \{V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \times \mathbb{P}^4 \\
& E_m = \{V_1^2 + V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \\
& \tilde{E}_{m-1} \quad E_m & E_{m-1} \cdot E_m \mid_{E_{m-1}} = E' \\
& H \quad E_m \cdot H & r = 6 \quad [3] & cl(E_m) \cong \mathbb{Z} \cdot \{V_1^2 = 0\} \\
& & & \vdots \quad \mathbb{P}^5 \\
& E_{m-1} \cdot E_m \mid_{E_m} = 2H & (7) \\
& : E_k^2 & -5 \\
& \mu^{-1}(E^s) = \tilde{E}^s + \dot{E} & k \neq m-1, m \\
& E^s & \mu & \dot{E} \\
& \frac{1}{x_1} & E^s \\
& \tilde{E}^s + \dot{E} \sim \mu^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x_1}\right) & E^s \sim \frac{1}{x_1} \\
& \mu^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x_1}\right) \sim V(U_1) & \mu^{-1}(X_1) = \{U_1 = 0\} \cup \dot{E} \quad \frac{1}{x_1} \sim -X_1 \\
& & \vdots \\
& \tilde{E}^s \sim -V(U_1) - \dot{E} & \tilde{E}^s + \dot{E} \sim -V(U_1) \\
& \tilde{E}^s \cdot V(U_1) \quad \tilde{E}^s \cdot \tilde{E}^s = \tilde{E}^s \cdot \tilde{E}^s = \tilde{E}^s \cdot (-V(U_1) - \dot{E}) \\
& \{U_1 = 0, V_2^2 + V_3^2 + V_4^2 + V_5^2 + V_6^2 = 0\} \\
& \tilde{E}^s \cdot V(U_1) \sim E' + 2H' \\
& : \quad E' \quad \tilde{E}^s & \tilde{E}^s \cdot \dot{E} \\
& \tilde{E}^s \cdot \tilde{E}^s = -E' - 2H' - E' = -2E' - 2H'
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_k^2 &= \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \cdot \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} = -2E' - 2H' \\
 &\vdots \qquad \qquad \qquad k = m-1 \qquad \vdots \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad n \equiv 1 \pmod{2} \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad A_3 \qquad \qquad E_{m-1} \\
 E_{m-1}^2 &= \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \cdot \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} = -2E' - 2H' \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad n \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \\
 \mu^{-1}(E^s) &= \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} + 2\dot{E} \qquad \qquad A_2 \qquad \qquad E_{m-1} \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} + 2\dot{E} \sim -V(U_1) \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \sim -2\dot{E} - V(U_1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \cdot \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} &= \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \cdot (-V(U_1) - 2\dot{E}) \\
 E_{m-1}^2 &= -3E' - 2H' \quad \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} \cdot \widetilde{E}^{\widetilde{s}} = -E' - 2H' - 2E' \\
 &\vdots \qquad \qquad \qquad k = m \qquad \vdots \\
 E_m^2 &= -H_0 \quad E_m \approx \mathbb{P}^4 \qquad \qquad n \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \\
 ClQ \approx \mathbb{Z} Q \subseteq \mathbb{P}^5 \quad E_m &\approx Q \qquad \qquad n \equiv 1 \pmod{2} \\
 E_m^2 &= -H_Q \quad \mathbb{P}^5 \qquad \qquad H \cdot Q \cdot H = H_Q
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 : (2) \qquad \qquad \qquad -6 \\
 \bullet \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad n \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \\
 E_1^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_2^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-2}^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-1}^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_m^2 = -H_0 \\
 (\frac{E'}{E'} + 2H) \bullet \dots \bullet (\frac{E'}{E'} + 2H) \bullet (\frac{E'}{2H_0}) \bullet \\
 E_1 = G \quad E_2 = G \qquad E_{m-2} = G \qquad E_{m-1} = G \quad E_m = \mathbb{P}^4 \\
 \mathbb{P}^4 \qquad \qquad \qquad H_0 \cdot G = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1)) \\
 \qquad \qquad \qquad n \equiv 1 \pmod{2}
 \end{array}$$

$$E_1^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_2^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-2}^2 = -2E' - 2H' \quad E_{m-1}^2 = -3E' - 2H' \quad E_m^2 = -H_Q$$

$$(E'/E + 2H')$$

$$E_1 = G$$

$$ClQ$$

$$H_Q = Q, H$$

$$(E'/E + 2H')$$

$$E_{m-2} = G$$

$$ClQ \approx \mathbb{Z}$$

$$G = P(\mathcal{O}_Y \oplus \mathcal{O}_Y(-1))$$

$$\mathbb{P}^5$$

$$(E'/2H_Q)$$

$$E_m = Q$$

$$H$$

$$A_n : (1)$$

$$A_n : (2)$$

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