

**B<sub>1</sub>**

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2004/03/04

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# The Effect of Moisture Content and Temperature of Corn Grain Stored in Where-houses and Out-doors for Production of Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub> In Syria

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## ABSTRACT

The objectives of this research were to study the effect of moisture content and temperature of corn stored in where-houses and out-doors for production and determination of Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub> in Syria.

200 tons of corn crops was used for our experiment, and was divided 100 tons each for storage out-doors and in-doors respectively according to General Company of Feed Stuff in Syria. Samples had been taken for 12 months by using stratified random sampling method.

Results showed that the production of Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub> in where-house was higher than that of out-doors storage in three periods (the middle of June , the middle of July, the middle of October). The temperature effect was stronger than moisture content and the Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub> was increased with higher temperature between 26– 35 C. degrees, whereas the decrease moisture content of corn in out-doors was higher than that of where-houses storage.

The statistical data (ANOVA 2) showed that there was significant deference between where-house and out-door storage with level probability of 5 % and 1 %.

According to above results, it was concluded that out-door storage was suitable for storing grain corn when compared to warehouse storage from the point of secretion of Aflatoxins. Whereas, the warehouse storage was better than out-door storage for moisture loses in storage conditions in Syria.

**Key words:** Corn grain, Storage Fungi, Aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>, Corn Storage, Post-harvest losses.

.(1991 )

.(1998 )

-14

.(1998 )

% 15

(FAO, 1994)

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(1989

(Mycotoxins)

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2001)

.(Damann,

Aflatoxins

(Sargeant, et al, 1961)

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*Aspergillus flavus, Aspergillus parasiticus, Asp. niger, Asp. ruber, Asp. oetinus, Asp. oryzae, Asp. wenti, Asp. nonius, Penicillium frequentans, Penicillium puberulum, Penicillium variabile, Rhizopus species (Sargeant, et al., 1961).*

Aspergillus parasiticus

Aspergillus flavus

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B<sub>1</sub>

G<sub>2</sub> G<sub>1</sub> B<sub>2</sub> B<sub>1</sub>

.(Hartley et al., 1963)

M<sub>1</sub> - M<sub>2</sub> - P<sub>1</sub>

.(FDA, 2002)

.(Damann,2001)

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.(1991

%34

20

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(FAO, 1996) (Stoloff, 1980)  
(2002 2680

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.(1993

Zea Mays

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B<sub>1</sub>

2000

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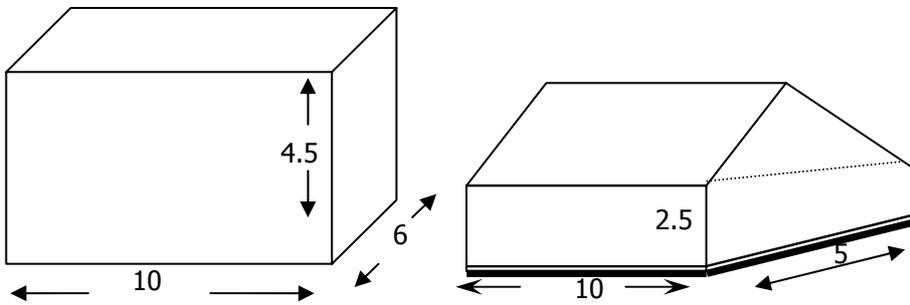
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(1993 FAO 1988 )

15

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(1985 ) 30-25

Boerner Divider

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(Fritsch Puluerisette	1			
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		( USDA-2001)	( )	
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15				-I
-25		( 28.5)	2.85	
			30	
	Boerner Divider			-II
	(Fritsch Puluerisette 14)	1		-III
	:		- 4	
		(Dickey-john. 23965)	GAC 2000	-I
Thin-layer chromatography (T.L.C )				-II
		(AOAC 1980 ). B <sub>1</sub>		
			(1998	
	: B <sub>1</sub>		- 5	
		(MERCK Art.14) % 99.5	1 /1	
		(MERCK 2445)	2 /1	
		(MERCK1,06639,0500) Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> S ( )	3 /1	
		(Scharlau HE 0235) Analytical grade % 96 n-Hexane	4 /1	
Riedel-deHaen )			5 /1	
			(24004	
PROLABO Madein CE.E ) Analytical reagent ( )			6 /1	
			(MB 45053	

( 0.2 - 0.063)	(0 )	7 /1
0.1 - 0.02	"545 "	8 /1
	B <sub>1</sub> ( )	9 /1
	( 20×20) T.L.C	10 /1
30	20	11 /1
	250	12 /1
Schleicher & Schuell 595 )	S&S 185 mm	13 /1
250	(Ref.No.311614 W-Germany	14 /1
	250	15 /1
	15	16 /1
	20×9×20	17 /1
	366	18 /1
2	( )	19 /1
	100 - 0	20 /1
	:B <sub>1</sub>	- 6
	( / ) 3 / 97	1 /2
	( / / ) 1.5 : 4.5 : 94	2 /2
/ ) 1 : 9		3 /2
	:(	- 7
(T.L.C)	B <sub>1</sub>	
	(AOAC, 1980) Thin layer chromatography	
	(1998	

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(stander)  
Fluorodensitometer

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Fisher  
(12×3×2) (Randomized Complete Blocks Design)  
(2001 ) % 1 % 5  
. Microsoft Excel , ANOVA 2

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(3 2)

B<sub>1</sub>

B<sub>1</sub>

(1)

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±)

B<sub>1</sub>

2001

PPB 18.6

B<sub>1</sub>

2001

PPB 26.6

PPB 10

PPB 20

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23.2

.(2002

29.8

(2001) Wilson

PPB 17.3

% 9.9 % 9.5

38 36

(Stuckey, et al., 1995)



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0.26	12.2	0.17	18	4.61	10.6	
0.26	11.9	0.30	23.2	4.61	18.6	
0.25	11.6	0.25	23.7	2.30	22.6	
0.25	11.1	0.28	29.8	4.61	26.6	
0.17	9.9	0.10	38	2.30	17.3	
0.20	9.5	0.10	36	2.30	17.3	
0.10	9.1	0.17	34	4.61	18.6	
0.26	8.6	0.26	31.3	4.61	13.3	
0.15	9.1	0.26	27	4.61	10.6	
0.20	9.3	0.26	20	4.61	5.3	
0.26	9.5	0.20	13	4.61	2.6	2002

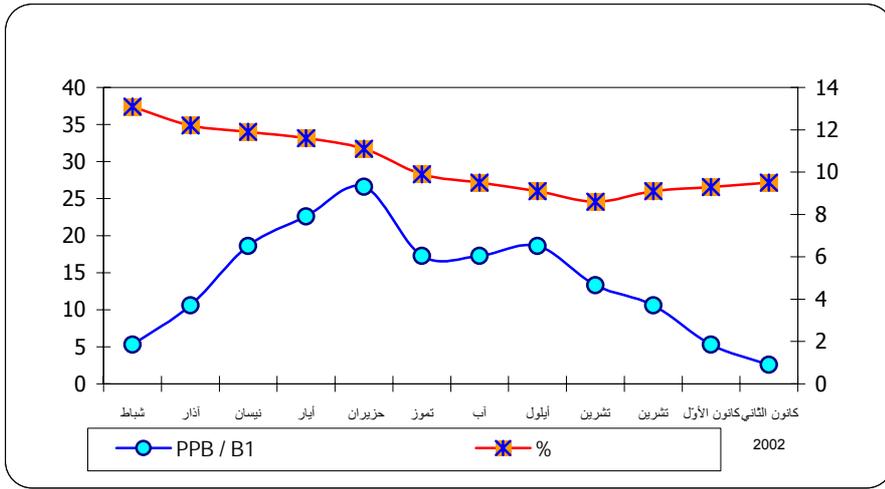
SD : Standard Deviation ( ) <sup>n = 3</sup> \*  
\*\*

(1)

2001  
 2002  
 % 13.1  
 % 3.6  
 % 8.6  
 5  
 FAO  
 FAO)  
 %30

2001  
 2002  
 (3 ) % 9.5  
 (1993 ) %  
 %10  
 % 2  
 .(1984

38  
 (2 ) 13  
 % 9.5



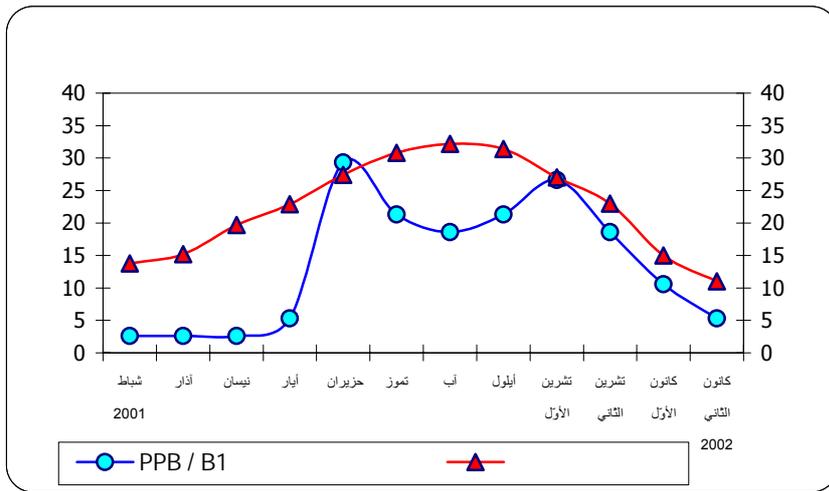
B<sub>1</sub>

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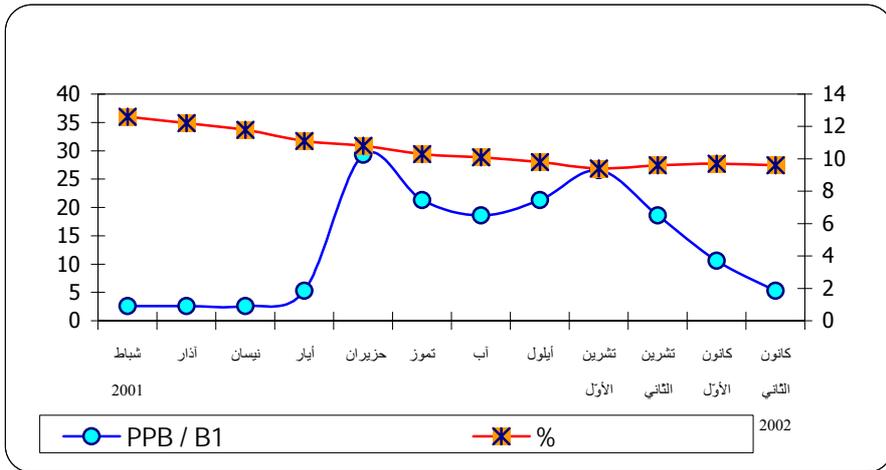
(5 4)

B<sub>1</sub>



B<sub>1</sub>

(4)



B<sub>1</sub>

(5)

B<sub>1</sub>

(2)

(

±)

2001

B<sub>1</sub>

PPB 29.3

% 10.8

27.4

(2001) Qattan & Kuchari

)

.(2002

21.3

B<sub>1</sub>

PPB 21.3 18.6

% 10.3

31.4 32.2

30.8

% 9.8 % 10.1

27 B<sub>1</sub> PPB 26.6  
 PPB 5.3 B<sub>1</sub>  
 11 2002  
 . (1991 ) coker (1994) Proctor % 9.6  
 ±) B<sub>1</sub> (2)

SD	%	SD	°	SD**	B <sub>1</sub> PPB	
0.20	12.6 *	0.20	13.8 *	4.61	2.6 *	2001
0.20	12.2	0.28	15.2	4.61	2.6	
0.20	11.8	0.20	19.7	4.61	2.6	
0.25	11.1	0.26	22.9	4.61	5.3	
0.20	10.8	0.15	27.4	4.61	29.3	
0.26	10.3	0.26	30.8	4.61	21.3	
0.26	10.1	0.26	32.2	2.30	18.6	
0.20	9.8	0.20	31.4	2.30	21.3	
0.20	9.4	0.26	27	4.61	26.6	
0.20	9.6	0.26	23	4.61	18.6	
0.23	9.7	0.17	15	4.61	10.6	
0.25	9.6	0.25	11	4.61	5.3	2002

n = 3 \*  
 SD : Standard Deviation . \*\*

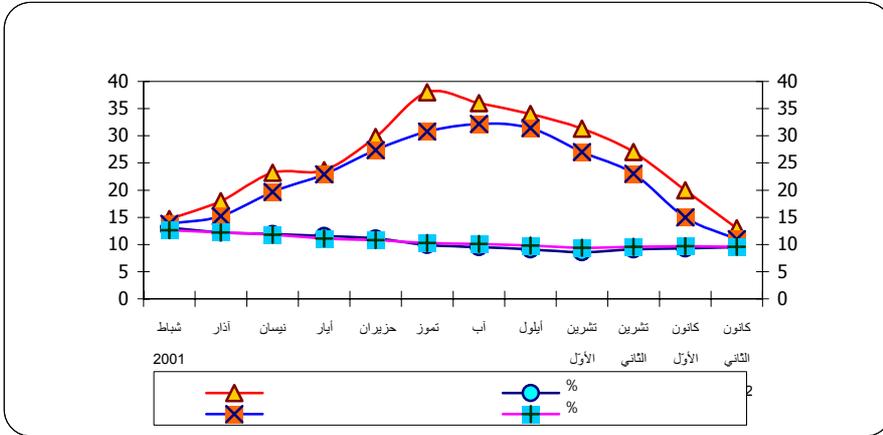
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(2)

2001  
 2002 32.2  
 % 12.6 (4 ) 11  
 % 3.0 % 9.6  
 2001  
 FAO) % 9.6 2002 % 9.4  
 .(1984

(6)

% 0.6



(6)

B<sub>1</sub>

(7)

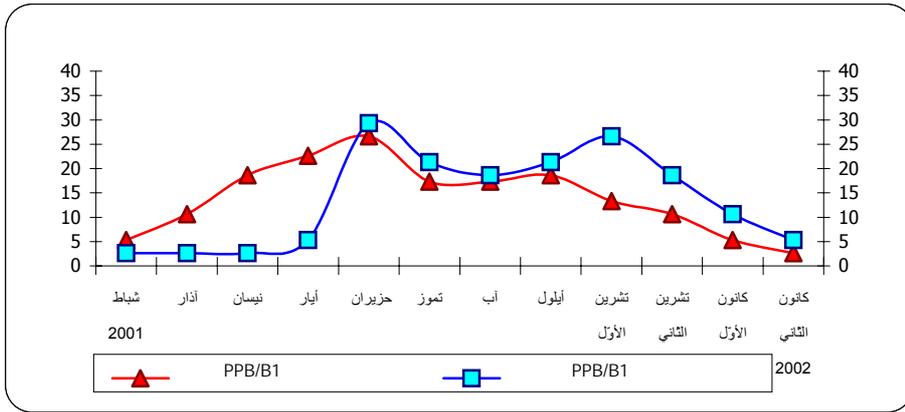
PPB 2.6

(2 1 )

2002

Proctor, Garcia, 1997 Tanboon, 1999)

.(1994 Kuchari & Qattan, 2001



B<sub>1</sub>

(7)

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35 - 26

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12 × 3 × 2

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(3)

F crit	P-value	F	MS	df	SS	ANOVA / P = % 5 Source of Variation
2.066606	2.14E-07	8.954135	137.0008	11	1507.008	Sample
3.259444	7.49E-14	78.48749	1200.88	2	2401.761	Columns
1.845105	0.000713	3.307414	50.60436	22	1113.296	Interaction
			15.30028	36	550.81	Within
				71	5572.875	Total

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(4)

F crit	P-value	F	MS	df	SS	ANOVA / P = % 1 Source of Variation
2.785697	2.14E-07	8.954135	137.0008	11	1507.008	Sample
5.247898	7.49E-14	78.48749	1200.88	2	2401.761	Columns
2.384311	0.000713	3.307414	50.60436	22	1113.296	Interaction
			15.30028	36	550.81	Within
				71	5572.875	Total

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- 3  
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