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$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{ : } \\
 \text{ : } \quad . G, G' \quad \quad \quad \varphi : \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G') \\
 \langle y \rangle \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{B} \quad \quad \quad G = \langle y \rangle \lambda B \quad (1) \\
 \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad . G' = \langle y' \rangle \lambda B' \\
 p \quad t \geq 2 \quad p^t \quad \quad \quad G = \langle a \rangle \lambda \langle b \rangle \quad (2) \\
 \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad . \varphi(k(G)) = k(G') \cong k(G) \quad G' \cong G \\
 \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad . p = 2
 \end{array}$$

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New Properties for Inductive Isomorphisms of Groups

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ABSTRACT

In this paper we have proved the following new properties:

Let $\varphi: \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G')$ be an inductive isomorphism of groups G, G' .

Then:

(1) If $G = \langle y \rangle \lambda B$, where $\langle y \rangle$ is a finite cyclic group of odd order, then $G' = \langle y' \rangle \lambda B'$.

(2) If $G = \langle a \rangle \lambda \langle b \rangle$ is a finite group such that $(G:1) = p^t$ $t \geq 2$ and $p > 2$ is a prime number, then $G' \cong G$ and also $\varphi(k(G)) = k(G') \cong k(G)$.

The problem is open for $p = 2$.

Key Words: Theory of categories, Inductive isomorphism of two groups, Semi-direct product of two groups, Isomorphism between two groups, Commutator subgroup of a group, Cyclic groups, characteristic subgroup.

	(Category)	(Groupoid)	
Inductive)		(Inverstible)	(Morphisms)
≤			(groupoid
		:	
	$\alpha \leq \beta \quad \gamma \leq \delta$	$\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$	
	$\alpha \circ \gamma \leq \beta \circ \delta$	$\alpha \circ \gamma \quad \beta \circ \delta$	
	(Isomorphism)		
		:	
(Objects)	$\Gamma(G)$	$\Gamma(G)$	G
		G	
		$\Gamma(G)$	
		:	≤
	$\alpha \leq \beta$	$\beta: N \rightarrow M$	$\alpha: H \rightarrow K$
H	β	N	H
	α		
G, G'	$\Gamma(G)$	$\Gamma(G)$	
	$\varphi: \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G')$		
	$\Gamma(G) \cong \Gamma(G')$		
Characteristic)	G	H	
$\psi: G \rightarrow G$		$\psi(H) = H$	G (subgroup
		:	
(Direct product)	G	$G = H \times K$	-
		H, K	
G (Normal)	H	$H < G$	-

$$v = q \cdot p^{m-s} + \mu' \quad p \quad v$$

$$\cdot p \quad \mu' \quad 1 \leq \mu' < p^{m-s}$$

$$:$$

$$1 + p^s = (1 + p^s)^{\mu \cdot v + p^{m-s} \cdot w} \equiv ((1 + p^s)^v)^\mu \pmod{p^m} \equiv [(1 + p^s)^{p^{m-s} \cdot q} \cdot (1 + p^s)^{\mu'}]^\mu \pmod{p^m}$$

$$\equiv [(1 + p^s)^\mu]^{\mu'} \pmod{p^m}$$

$$\cdot (1 + \lambda p^s)^{\mu'} \equiv 1 + p^s \pmod{p^m} :$$

$$p > 2 \quad : (4)$$

$$1 < \gamma < p^m \quad bab^{-1} = a^\gamma \quad m \geq 2 \quad n \geq 1: \quad G = \langle a \rangle_{p^m} \lambda \langle b \rangle_{p^n}$$

$$\cdot \gamma^{p^n} \equiv 1 \pmod{p^m} \quad p \quad \gamma$$

$$\cdot s \geq 1 \quad \beta a \beta^{-1} = a^{1+p^s} \quad \beta = b^l \quad \langle b \rangle$$

$$Z(G) \quad p^{m+n} \quad G \quad :$$

$$\langle a^{p^{m-1}} \rangle_p < G \quad ba^{p^{m-1}}b^{-1} = (a^{p^{m-1}})^\gamma \quad .$$

$$\cdot \langle a^{p^{m-1}} \rangle_p \subseteq Z(G) \quad [2]$$

$$\cdot a^{p^\theta} \in Z(G) \quad \theta$$

$$a^{p^\theta} = ba^{p^\theta}b^{-1} = a^{\gamma \cdot p^\theta} \quad \cdot 1 \leq \theta \leq m-1 < m$$

$$\cdot 1 \leq \lambda < p^\theta \quad bab^{-1} = a^{1+\lambda p^{m-\theta}} : \quad \gamma \equiv 1 \pmod{p^{m-\theta}}$$

$$: \quad p \quad \lambda$$

$$p \quad t \quad \theta > r \geq 1 \quad t \geq 1 \quad \lambda = p^r \cdot t$$

$$a^{p^{\theta-r}} \in Z(G) \quad 1 + p^{m-\theta} \cdot \lambda = 1 + p^{m-(\theta-r)} \cdot t$$

$$\cdot \quad \theta$$

$$: m - \theta = s$$

$$\lambda \quad 1 \leq \lambda < p^{m-s} : \quad bab^{-1} = a^{1+\lambda p^s} \quad m > s \geq 1$$

$$\mu' \quad \mu' \quad (3)$$

$$: p$$

$$(1 + \lambda p^s)^{\mu'} \equiv 1 + p^s \pmod{p^m} \quad 1 \leq \mu' < p^{m-s}$$

$$: \quad \beta = b^{\mu'} \quad \langle b \rangle$$

$$\beta a \beta^{-1} = a^{(1+\lambda p^s)^{\mu'}} = a^{1+p^s}$$

$$: (5)$$

$$m, n : \quad G = \langle a \rangle_m \lambda \langle b \rangle_n \quad (1)$$

$$m \geq 3 \quad n \geq 2$$

$$\langle a' \rangle_m \quad \langle a' \rangle_m < G' \quad \Gamma(G) \cong \Gamma(G') \quad G'$$

$$\langle a \rangle_m$$

$$p > 2$$

$$K = \langle u \rangle_{p'} \lambda \langle v \rangle_{p'} \quad (2)$$

$$\langle u' \rangle_{p'} \quad \langle u' \rangle_{p'} < K' \quad \Gamma(K) \cong \Gamma(K') \quad K'$$

$$\langle u \rangle_{p'}$$

$$\langle y \rangle \quad H = \langle y \rangle \lambda B \quad (3)$$

$$\Gamma(H) \cong \Gamma(H') \quad H' \quad B$$

$$\langle y \rangle \quad \langle y' \rangle \quad \langle y' \rangle < H'$$

$$: [(2) \Leftarrow (1)]$$

$$G \quad G, G' \quad \varphi : \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G') \quad : (1) \Leftarrow (2)$$

$$p_1, \dots, p_r \quad m = p_1^{t_1} \dots p_r^{t_r} \quad (1)$$

$$t_1, \dots, t_r$$

$$\langle a \rangle_m = \prod_{i=1}^r \langle a_i \rangle_{p_i^{t_i}} :$$

$$\langle a' \rangle_m = \prod_{i=1}^r \langle a'_i \rangle_{p_i^{t_i}} : \quad [4] \quad [1]$$

$$. G' = \langle a' \rangle_m \vee \langle b' \rangle_n \quad \langle a' \rangle_m \wedge \langle b' \rangle_n = E'$$

$$. \langle a \rangle \quad \langle a_i \rangle \quad i=1,2,\dots,r \quad \langle a_i \rangle_{p_i^{t_i}} \quad H = \langle a_i \rangle \vee \langle b \rangle$$

$$: \quad \langle a_i \rangle \quad : \quad p_i^{t_i} \quad \mathbf{n} \quad ()$$

$$\langle a'_i \rangle \quad \Gamma(H) \cong \Gamma(H') \quad . H = \langle a_i \rangle \lambda \langle b \rangle$$

$$. \langle a'_i \rangle \times H' \quad H'$$

$$: \mathbf{d} > 1 \quad p_i^{t_i} \quad \mathbf{n} \quad ()$$

$$: \quad K, p_i \quad K \geq 1 \quad n = p_i^s \cdot K$$

$$H = \langle a_i \rangle \lambda \langle b \rangle = \langle a_i \rangle \lambda \langle y \rangle_{p_i^s} \times \langle z \rangle_K = (\langle a_i \rangle \lambda \langle y \rangle) \lambda \langle z \rangle = L \lambda \langle z \rangle$$

$$L' \quad H \quad L \quad . L = \langle a_i \rangle \lambda \langle y \rangle$$

$$. \Gamma(H) \cong \Gamma(H') \quad L' < H' \quad H'$$

$$: \quad [1] \quad \Gamma(L) \cong \Gamma(L')$$

$$H' = L' \lambda \langle z' \rangle = (\langle a'_i \rangle \lambda \langle y' \rangle) \lambda \langle z' \rangle = \langle a'_i \rangle \lambda \langle y' \rangle \times \langle z' \rangle = \langle a'_i \rangle \lambda \langle b' \rangle$$

$$. \langle a'_i \rangle \times H'$$

$$. i=1,2,\dots,r \quad b' a'_i b'^{-1} \in \langle a'_i \rangle :$$

$$: \quad a' = a_1^{\beta_1} \dots a_r^{\beta_r}$$

$$b' a' b'^{-1} = (b' a'_1 b'^{-1})^{\beta_1} \dots (b' a'_r b'^{-1})^{\beta_r} = a_1^{\gamma_1} \dots a_r^{\gamma_r} \in \langle a' \rangle$$

$$. \langle a' \rangle \times G'$$

$$. \quad [(1) \Leftarrow (3)]$$

$$.b'a'b'^{-1} = a'^{\alpha}b'^{\beta} \quad .1 \leq \alpha \leq p^m \quad 1 \leq \beta \leq p^n$$

$$a' \rightarrow a'^2 \quad b' \rightarrow b' \quad G' \rightarrow G'$$

$$b'a'^2b'^{-1} = a'^{2\alpha}b'^{\beta} :$$

$$.b'^{\beta} = e' : \quad a'^{2\alpha}b'^{\beta} = (a'^{\alpha} \cdot b'^{\beta})^2 :$$

$$. \langle a' \rangle \times G' \quad .b'a'b'^{-1} = a'^{\alpha} :$$

$$.G, G' \quad \varphi : \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G') \quad :(7)$$

$$\langle y \rangle \quad B \quad G = \langle y \rangle \lambda B$$

$$.G' = \langle y' \rangle \lambda B' \quad .$$

$$\varphi(\langle b \rangle) = \langle b' \rangle \quad b \in B \quad .b' \in B' \quad :$$

$$: \quad H = \langle y \rangle \lambda \langle b \rangle \quad H = \langle y \rangle \vee \langle b \rangle$$

$$: \quad .\varphi(H) = \langle y' \rangle \vee \langle b' \rangle$$

$$. \quad \langle b \rangle \quad : \quad \langle b' \rangle \quad (\dagger)$$

$$H \quad \langle y \rangle \quad \langle y \rangle$$

$$. \langle y' \rangle \times H' \quad H' = \varphi(H) \quad \langle y' \rangle$$

$$. \quad \langle b \rangle \quad : \quad \langle b' \rangle \quad ()$$

$$. \langle y' \rangle \times H' \quad (5) \quad (6)$$

$$. \langle y' \rangle \times G' \quad b'y'b'^{-1} \in \langle y' \rangle$$

$$\langle y' \rangle \wedge B' = E' \quad , G' = \langle y' \rangle \vee B'$$

$$. G' = \langle y' \rangle \lambda B'$$

$$: \quad \varphi : \Gamma(G) \rightarrow \Gamma(G') \quad :(8)$$

$$G \cong G' \quad . \quad p > 2 \quad G = \langle a \rangle_{p^m} \lambda \langle b \rangle_{p^n}$$

$$. \varphi(K(G)) = K(G') \cong K(G) :$$

$$. s \geq 1 \quad bab^{-1} = a^{1+p^s} \quad (4) \quad :$$

[1] $G \cong G'$ G $s \geq m$
: (6) $\langle a' \rangle \times G'$ $. m > s$
 $G' = \langle a' \rangle_{p^m} \lambda \langle b' \rangle_{p^n}$
(4) $t \geq 1$ $b'a'b'^{-1} = a'^{1+p^t}$
: [1]

$$\langle a'^{p^{m-s}} \rangle_{p^s} = \varphi(\langle a'^{p^{m-s}} \rangle_{p^s}) = \varphi(Z(G) \wedge \langle a \rangle) = \varphi(Z(G)) \wedge \varphi(\langle a \rangle) = Z(G') \wedge \langle a' \rangle =$$

$$= \langle a'^{p^{m-t}} \rangle_{p^t}$$

$$.s=t \quad p^s = p^t$$

$$. G \cong G' :$$

$$. K(G) = \langle a'^{p^s} \rangle \cong \langle a'^{p^s} \rangle = K(G') = \varphi(K(G)) :$$

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