

2008/11/04
2009/05/12

% 100

:

$C_{Mg} = 0.01M, C_{Na_3PO_4} = 0.1M$

.27±2⁰C

pH>10

:

Study of the Effect of Some Factors on the Precipitation of Magnesium Ions with Trisodium Phosphate from Water Accompanied the Produced Crude Oil At Al-Omar's Field

S. M. Abdullah ; A. Balkhi and M. Ghafar

Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Damascus, Syria

Received 04/11/2008

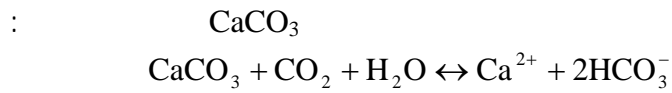
Accepted 12/05/2009

ABSTRACT

The variations of the yield of removing Mg^{+2} ions with PO_4^{3-} have been studied as a function to time, pH and temperature at different concentrations of Na_3PO_4 and Mg^{+2} , aiming to remove the excess hardness of accompanied water at Al-Omar's field by using Trisodium phosphate. The results of the research show that at $C_{Mg}=0.01M, C_{Na_3PO_4}=0.1M$, the percentage of magnesium precipitated is almost 100% with the minimum concentration of phosphate, when mixing time is one hour, $pH>10$ and $T=27\pm 2$ °C.

Key words: Produced water, Trisodium phosphate, Magnesium, Precipitation.

) () .[1] (



Mg^{2+} Ca^{2+}
 K^+ Na^+
 micas () feldspath
 .() pyrite gypse
 - .apatite

.()
 . CO_2

[2] Opsito

bicarbonates

Ca^{2+}

Mg^{2+}

hardness of natural water

.[3]

supersaturated

.[3]

SiO₂(s)

.Montmorillonite Illite Kaolinite

)
) (()
) ()
) ()
) ()

[4][5]

(300 ppt)
[6] (35 ppt)

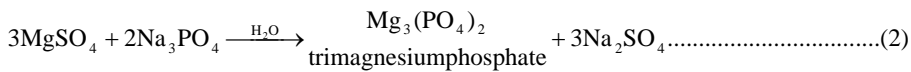
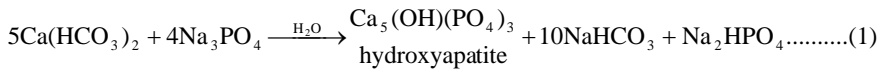
hard water
Mg²⁺ Ca²⁺

Cd²⁺ : Mg(HCO₃)₂ Ca(HCO₃)₂
MgSO₄ Hg²⁺

(Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺)
hydroxyl apatite

Trimagnesium phosphate

Na₃PO₄ Mg²⁺ Ca²⁺
:



. [7]

0.5mol/l

:MERCK

1000±2 mg/l Zn(NO₃)₂ Ni(NO₃)₂ Co(NO₃)₂ Fe(NO₃)₃
 1001±2 Cd(NO₃)₂ 1001±5 mg/l NH₄VO₃
 .999±2 mg/l Cu(NO₃)₂ mg/l

HClO₄ (70.72%) MgCl₂·6H₂O :NH₄Cl·24H₂O NH₄OH (25%)Na₂Y·2H₂O LiOH·H₂O Na₃PO₄·12H₂O : MERCK

.BDH (EDTA)

797 VA [8]
 Cu Zn Mn Ni Co Fe Metrohm Computrace
 Shimadzu A-A 6800
 (-) V Si (-)

NH₄⁺ NO₂⁻ SO₄²⁻ PO₄³⁻
 .[9] Optima SP3000
 Na₃PO₄.12H₂O
 .MgCl₂.6H₂O
 744 PH Meter LiOH CClO₄
 0.5 5 Metrohm
 Na₃PO₄.12H₂O
 Ethylene Diamine Tetra EDTA . / 15 3500
 [9] Acetic Acid

. Na₃PO₄.12H₂O

-1

GSB GSA (1) GSC
 (2 1) ()
 . ()
 [3] (1)

(1)

2	1	GSC	GSB	GSA		
6.50	7.21	5.42	6.35	5.86	7.8	pH
0.53	0.75	0.09	0.47	0.10		PO₄³⁻ (ppm)
0.16	0.17	0.10	0.12	0.10	0.03	NO₂⁻(ppm)
0.85	0.78	2.0	5.1	5.2	1.9	NH₄⁺(ppm)
91971.5	78975.5	44986.1	3998.8	9197	17.5	Cl⁻(ppm)
4320	4560	5280	720	1240	44	Ca²⁺(ppm)
1584	1200	432	144	216	26.2	Mg²⁺(ppm)
11.23	9.28	35.12	10.49	28.73	0.06	Fe(ppm)
17400	16400	15000	2400	4000	220	CaCO₃(ppm)
0.924	-	-	0.068	-	-	Co(ppm)
6.84	4.77	1.34	14.54	13.44	0.53	Ni(ppm)
-	-	1.09	0.17	0.39	-	Mn(ppm)
-	-	0.23	0.30	0.13	0.0028	Zn(ppm)
-	-	-	-	-	-	Cu(ppm)
21.74	23.91	39.13	58.70	56.52	-	Si(ppm)
38.89	24.31	4.86	9.72	0	-	V(ppm)
21.48	79.97	23.30	12.36	12.24		Cd(µg/l)

-2

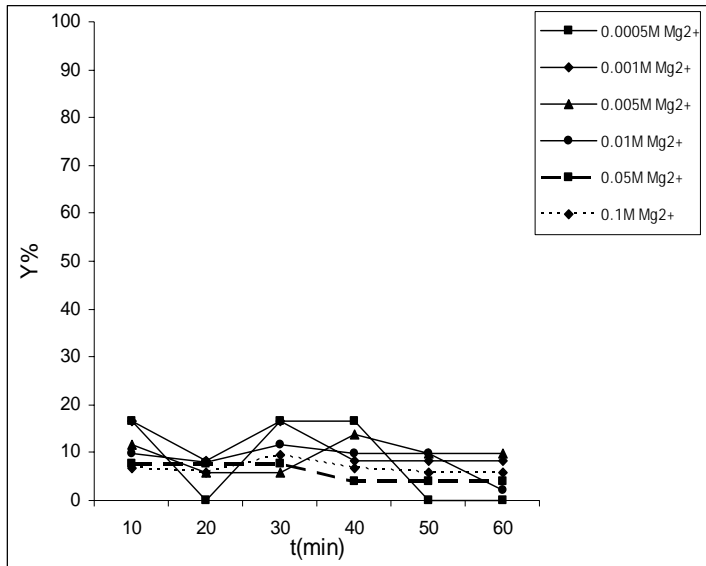
:

:pH=8.1 27±2 °C

(5-1)

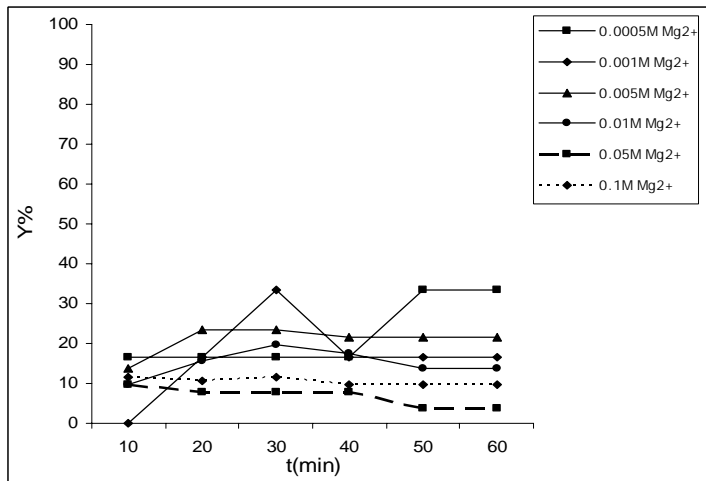
: pH=8.1 T=27±2C°

 $C_{\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4} = 5 \times 10^{-3}, 10^{-2}, 5 \times 10^{-2}, 10^{-1}, 5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ M}$ $\cdot C_{\text{Mg}} = 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}, 10^{-3} \text{ M}, 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}, 10^{-2} \text{ M}, 5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}, 10^{-1} \text{ M}$



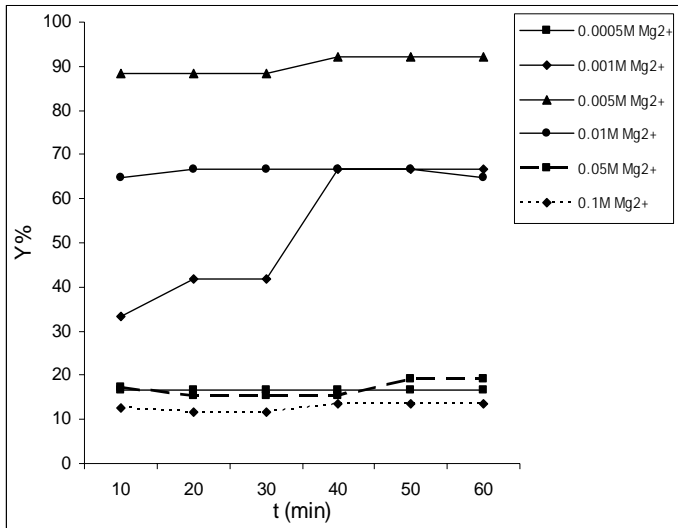
(1)

$$\cdot C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-3} M$$



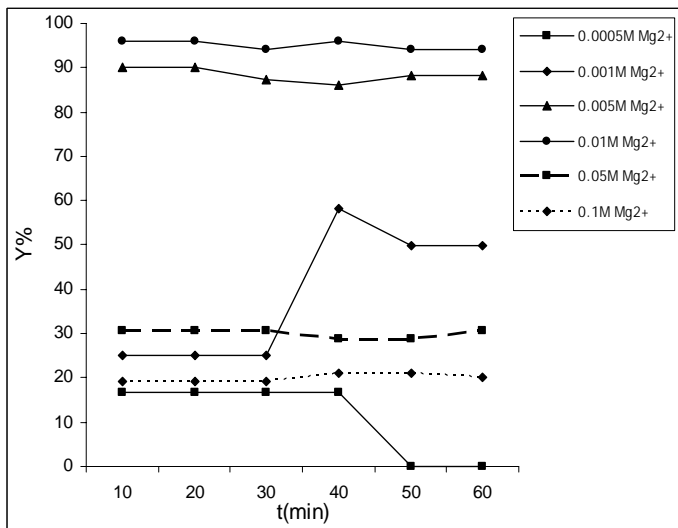
(2)

$$\cdot C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 10^{-2} M$$



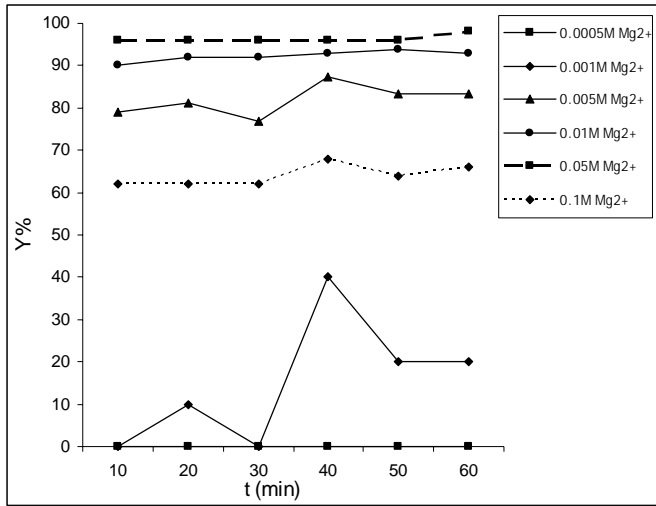
(3)

$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M$ $C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-2} M$



(4)

$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M$ $C_{Na_3PO_4} = 0.1 M$



(5)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 0.5 M$$

(5-1)

$$C_{Mg^{2+}} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M$$

%100

$10^{-1} M$

$10^{-2} M$

[10]

Montastruc

$Ca_3(PO_4)_2$

Basakcildam-

[11]

Kabakci

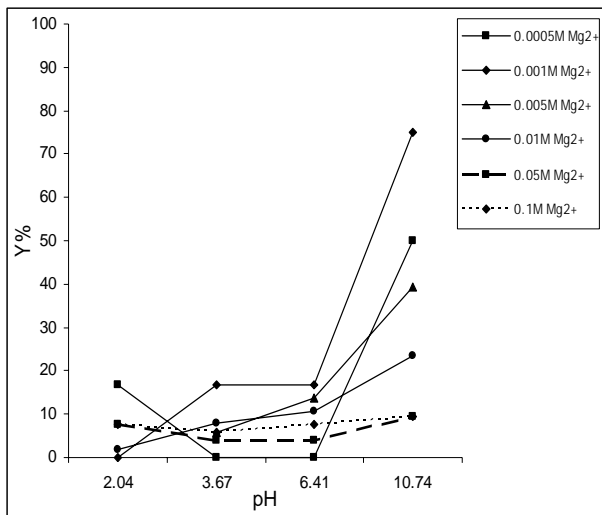
$27 \pm 2 \text{ } ^\circ C$

60

(10-5)

$27 \pm 2 \text{ } ^\circ C$

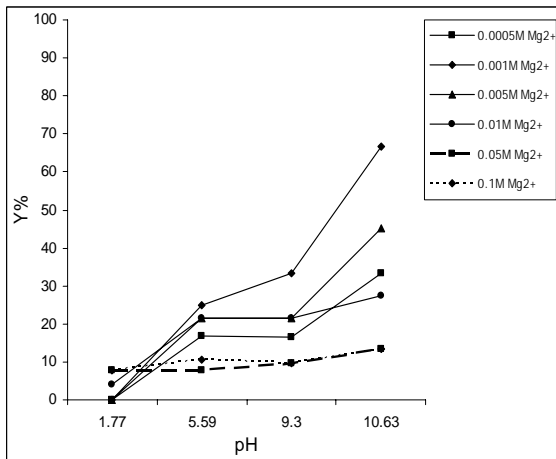
60



(6)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-3} M$$

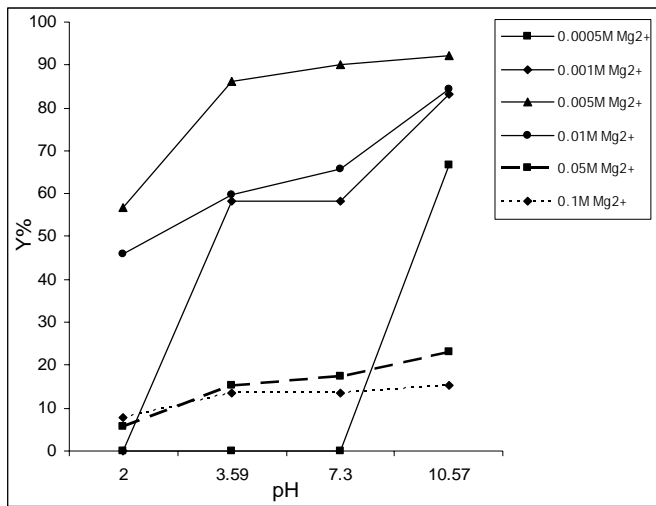
60



(7)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 10^{-2} M$$

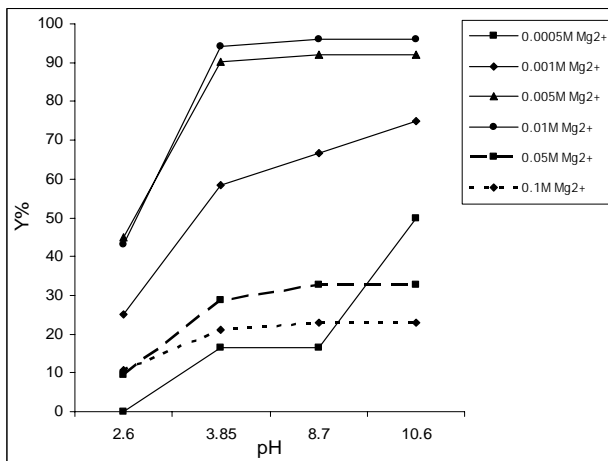
60



(8)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-2} M$$

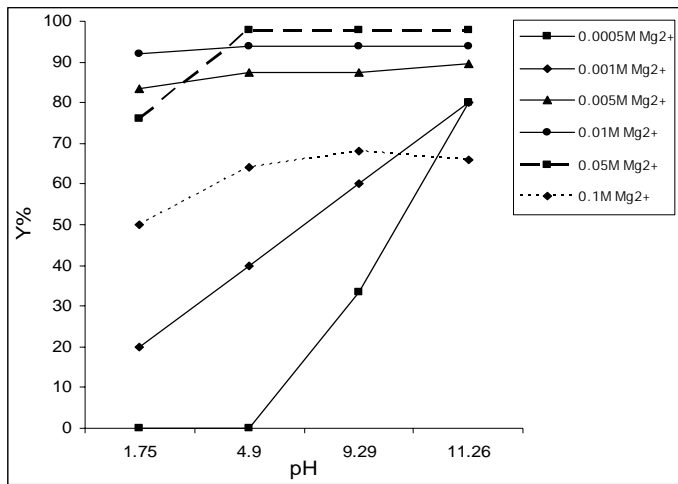
60



(9)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \cdot 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \cdot 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \cdot 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 10^{-1} M$$

60



(10)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-1} M$$

60

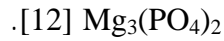


pH

$$C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-3}, 10^{-2}, 5 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$C_{Mg^{2+}} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M$$

OH⁻



[13]

pH > 3.85

$$C_{Na_3PO_4} = 0.1 M, 0.5 M$$

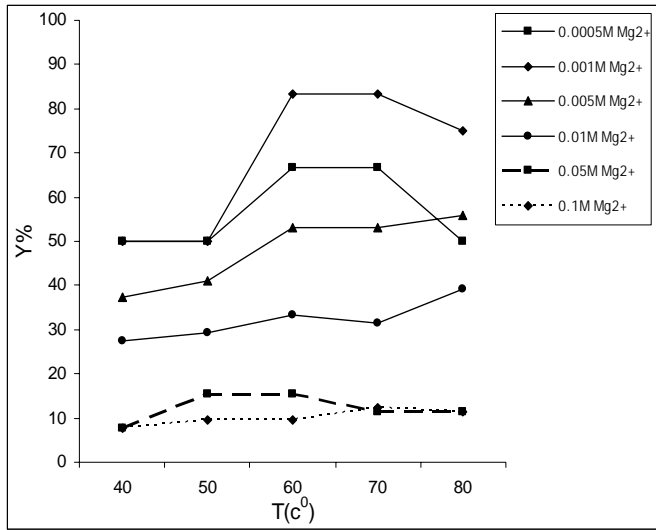
pH > 10

60

(15-11)

pH > 10

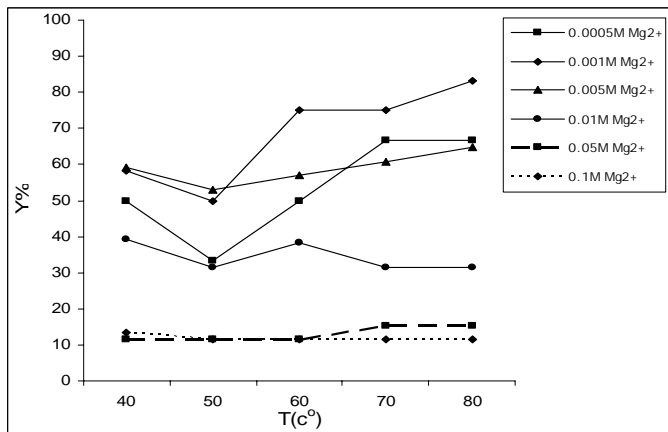
60



(11)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-3} M$$

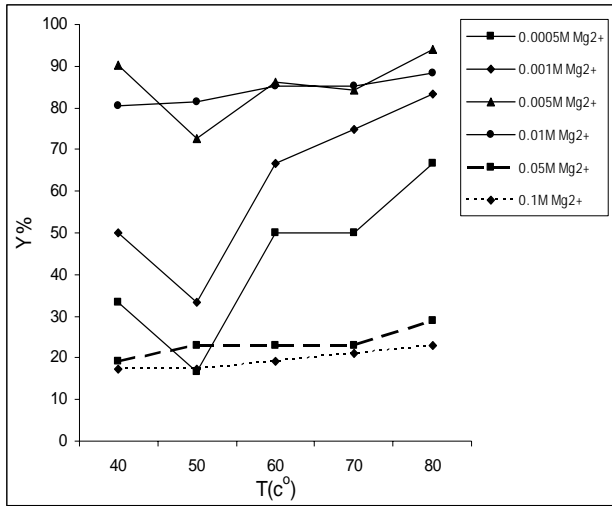
60



(12)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 10^{-2} M$$

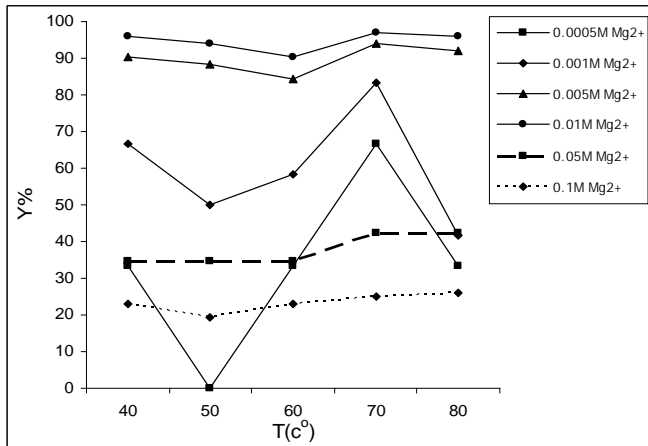
60



(13)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-2} M$$

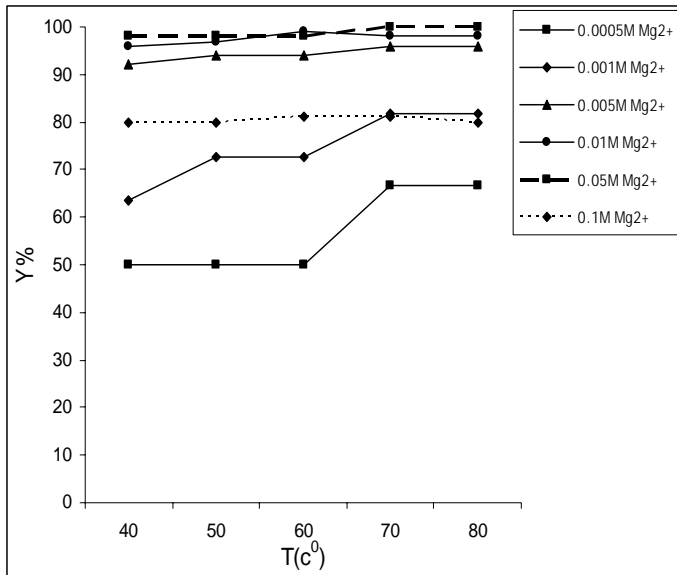
60



(14)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 10^{-1} M$$

60



(15)

$$C_{Mg} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-2} M, 10^{-1} M \quad C_{Na_3PO_4} = 5 \times 10^{-1} M$$

60

(15-11)

)

Na₃PO₄

$$(C_{Mg^{2+}} = 5 \times 10^{-4} M, 10^{-3} M, 10^{-2} M, 5 \times 10^{-3} M)$$

[14]

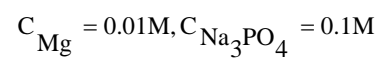
Song

saturation index
PHREEQC

Song

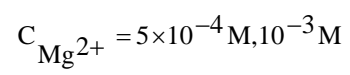
pH

%100



10

(15-1)



REFERENCES

1. SIGG, L. *et al.*, *Chimie des milieux aquatiques*. 2^e edition, Masson, 1994, 49-53.
2. OPSITO, G. *The chemistry of soil*. Oxford University Press, 1989, 112-116.
3. SAMEUL, D. F., OSMAN, M. A., *Chemistry of water treatment*, 2^e edition, Lewis Publishers, 1998, 581.
4. HASAN, K. S., VISVANATHAN, C., ARIYAMETHEE, P., CHANTARAAUMPON, S., MOONGKHUMKLANG, P. *Vibratory shear enhanced membrane process and its application in starch wastewater recycle*. Songklanakarin Journal of Science and Technology Thailand, Vol 24, 2002, 899-906.
5. International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA); *Extent of Environmental Contamination by Naturally Occurring Radioactive Material (NORM) and Technological Options for Mitigation*. Technical reports series No.419, Vienna, 2003, 12-22.
6. NEFF, J. M., *Biological effects of drilling fluids, drill cuttings, and produced waters*. Elsevir Applied Science Publishers, London, 1987, 469-538..
7. COWAN, J. C., WEINTRITT, D. J., *Water-formed scale deposits*. Gulf Houston, TX, 1976, 596.
8. OSTAPCZUK, M. GOEDDE, M., STÖPPLER, H. W. *Nürnberg Kontroll- und Routinebestimmung von Zn, Cd, Pb, Cu, Ni und Co mit differenzieller Pulsvoltammetrie in Materialien der deutschen Umweltbank Frececiu*. Z.anal. Chem. 318, 1984, 321-326.
9. APHA (American Public Health Association). *Standard method for examination of water and wastewater*. 20th edition, Washington, DC, USA, 1998, P.4.139-4.146, 4.112-4.114, 4.103-4.109 .
10. MONTASTRUC, L., AZZARO-PANTEL, C., BISCANS, M., CABASSUD, M., DOMENECH, S., *A Thermochemical Approach for Calcium Phosphate Precipitation Modeling in a Pellet Reactors* . Chemical Engineering Journal, Vol. 94, Issue 1, 15 July 2003, 41-50.
11. BASKILARDAM-KABAKCI, S., NURSFN IPEKOGLU, A., TALINLI, I., *Precipitation of Urinary Phosphate*. Environmental Engineering Science, Vol. 24, N^o. 10, 2007, 1399-1408.
12. ALVAREZ, R., EVANS, P. J., WILSON, M. A. *Effect of Humic Acid Material on the Precipitation of Calcium Phosphate*. Geodema, Vol. 118, 2004, 245-260 .
13. GHAFAR, M., ABDUL-HADI, A., ALHASSANIEH, O., *Distribution of Some Elements in a Solid -Aqueous System : Mineral Phosphate in Contact with Ground Water*. Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry, Vol. 254, N^o . 1, 2002, 159-163.
14. SONG, Y., HAHN, H. H., HOFFMANN, E., *Effect of Solution Conditions on the Precipitation of Phosphate for Recovery*. A thermodynamic evaluation, Chemosphere, Vol. 48, 2002, 1029-1034.