

lacerta laevis

(-)

- - -

2010/07/19

2011/01/10

(-) (P.E.) .())
 ())
) .()
 .()
 ())
)
 ()
)
 ()
)
 (-) :

Study of The Ultra Structure Changes of Pigment Epithelium and Photoreceptors of Eye Retina of *Lacerta Laevis* after Exposure To He-Ne Laser

Bashir AL-Zalek

Animal Biology Department –faculty of sciences- Damascus university-Syria

Received 19/07/2010

Accepted 10/01/2011

ABSTRACT

Our results assured the presence of functional association between the pigment epithelium (P.E) and photoreceptors of eye retina of *lacerta laevis*. The continuous effect of He-Ne laser on eye produce dangerous structure changes (according to studies by transmission electron microscope) led to damage of parts and organelles of pigment epithelium and photoreceptors of eye retina. The displacement of the epithelium from the photoreceptors layer was the first dangerous results on vision (Retinal detachment). This detachment conduced to no protection of photoreceptors from high intense light (which usually maintained by melanin pigments spread in epithelium cells surrounding the outer segments [O.S] of photoreceptors) so that the outer segments of photoreceptor became under the influence of intense light of He-Ne laser which conduced to damage of cytoplasmic membrane of outer segment disks and damage of chemical structure of visual pigments (pigment necessary for discrimination of color in cones) so the photo sensible pole lost its function in transferring the sign of light necessary for vision. The lesion happened by the influence of He-Ne laser in the cones, associated by dangerous changes in the retardation of nucleus size and damage of chromatin material and the absence of organelles responsible for biological synthesis of cellular protein, and deconstruction of glycogen molecules (energy mols.). The most dangerous thing is the resulted damage of synaptic pedicle of cones (lost of connection between bipolar nerve cells and synaptic ribbons) so the neurotransmission pole lost its function in neurotransmission across the layer of neurosynapsis of retina. The damaged photoreceptor cells (cones) (which were almost dead) became disables to do their function in vision.

Key Words: Ultra structure, Pigment epithelium, Photoreceptors, cones, Laser (He-Ne), Eye retina.

) (

.(1)

) (

.(2)

Laser pointer ()

.(3)

()

700- 500 630-450 500-400 :

(5 4) Cones

(Agamidae)

(6) 571 493 440 :

(10) (9) (8) (7)

pigment epithelium

() choroid

Bruch's membrane

Myeloid Bodies

.()

Melanin

phgosomes)
 ()
 .(11)
 (7) ())
 .(9) A
)
 .(12) ()
 .(13) ()

Photochemical effect

700-400)
 .(14) ()
 (cone)
 . (-)
 :

Lacerta laevis

18

.(20 18)

:

$\lambda \approx 633\text{nm}$ (-)
 $3 \times 10^6 \text{ 1m/ cm}^2$ (2.5 m.watt)
)

.(- -

()

()

.(15 ()

/			
0,25 sec	20 cm.	L1R	
0,50 sec	20 cm.	L1L	
0,75 sec	20 cm.	L2R	
1 sec	20 cm.	L2L	
1,25 sec	20 cm.	L3R	
1,50 sec	20 cm.	L3L	
1 sec	40 cm	L4R	
1 sec	80 cm	L5R	
1 sec	100 cm	L5L	
1 sec	140 cm	L6L	
1 sec		L7R	
2 sec		L7L	
1 sec	40 cm	L8L	
	-----	L8R	
	-----	L9R	
	-----	L9L	

Right :R .

Left :L.

Lacerta:La :

:Pigment epithelium

-1

)

(- - ()

Bruch's

(1 1) Myeloid Bodies
(2 1)

-2

: (-)

1)

(3

(4 3 1)

)

(4 1) (

" "

.()

-3

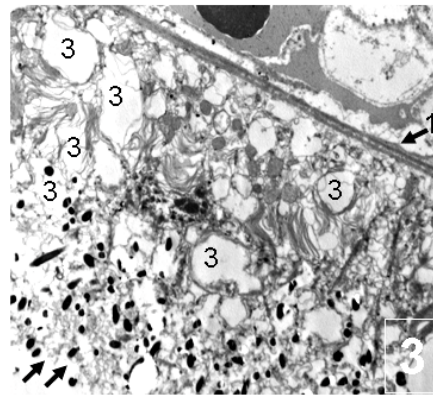
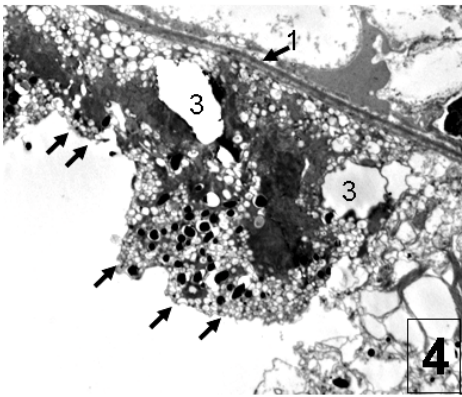
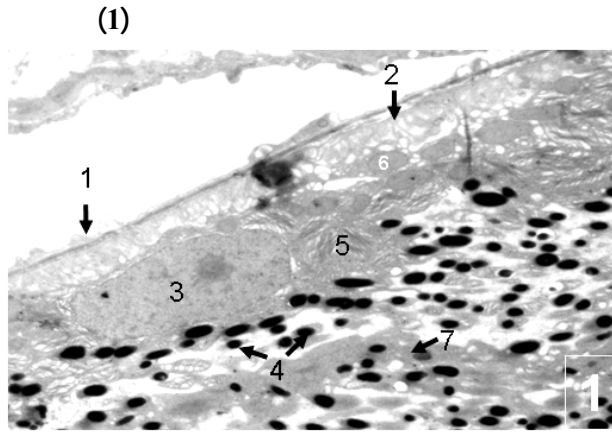
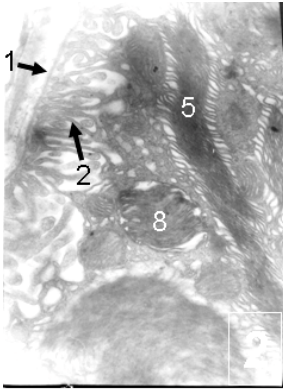
Laserta

:() **leavis**

photoreceptors

() cone

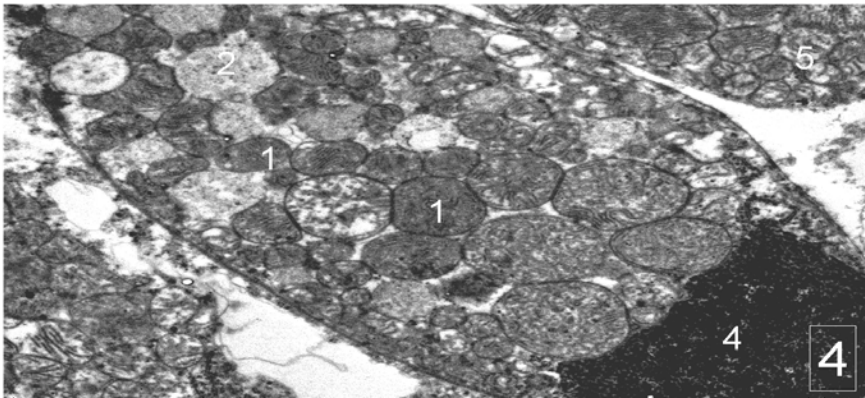
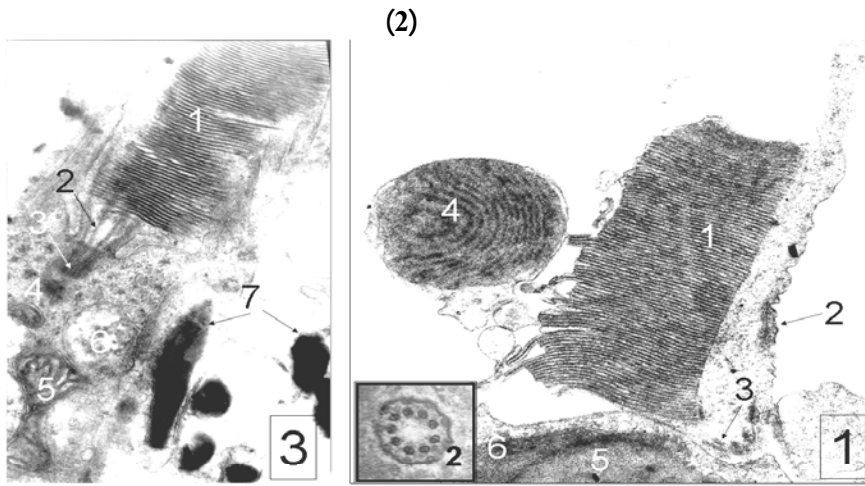
:



() (1) -1
 -2 (Bruch's) -1
 -4 -3 -6 myelöds -5
 -7
 X7000. () (2)
 -5 -2 -1
 X18000. cones () (3) -8
 ()
 X6000. () (4) (3) vacuoles
 X5000.

:(1 2) : -1
 :outer segment
 . ()
 () cilium)
 2) () (1
 9
 (2 2) (2x9+o)
 C2 C1 centriole
 .(3) Inner segment _____
 3,5
 .(1) (µm)
 .(4 2)
 ()
 glycogene)
 () paraboloide
 .(3 3)
 : " " -2

) (3 2)
 ()
 Synapse)
 () (the outer plexiform layer vesicles
 () synaptic ribbons
)
 .(3 5)



() (1) -1
 (centriole = C1) Outer Segment
 -3 .(2) cilium
 -4 .inner segment
 x18500 . -5 () (2)
 () .X24000 (9x2+0) (3)
 (1) -5 (-4 -3 () -2
 -7 -6 mitochondria
 X18500 .() (4) -1
 .() .
 (paraboloïde) -2 -4 -1
 -5 .

X20000 .

:Double cones -

outer (1 3) : -2 -1
4 :segment

() cilium inner segment

5 : () -2

(-) - 4
:

() ())

%38-7 ()

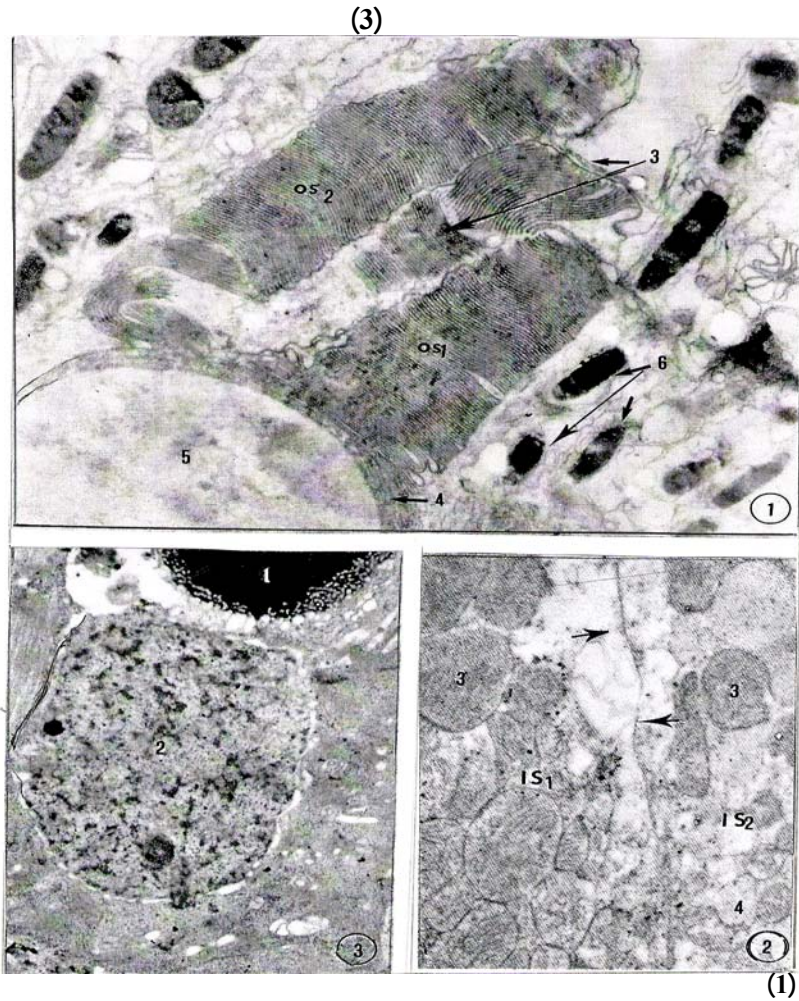
(%80-%60)

()

:outer segment

(1 4) ()

(4 2)
 (3 4)
)
 inner segment (4 3
 (3 4) 5 (1 5)
 4 4) - -
 myoid -
 (1))
 (3) (5)
) Cell Body -
 (1 5) / ())
 () -
 5) ()
) - (4
 (5 3 2
 synaptic Ribbons
)
 () ()
 (4 5)³ Vesicles ()



(3) (OS2) (OS1)

3 (4) (5) 6 :2-

(4) (IS2) x14000 (IS1) (3) (3))

.X6086 . (2) ((-1

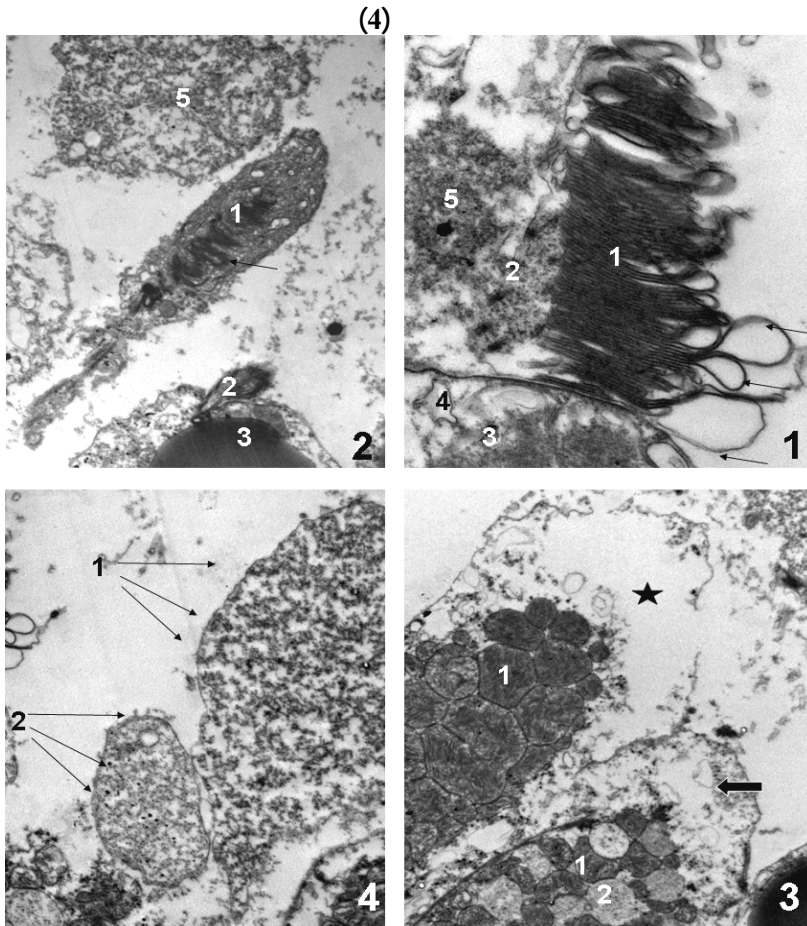
.X4600 .

:

()
"Shedding"

(2 3) () ()

(3 3)



lacerta laevis

()

(-)

()

(1)

(1)

X16000.(5)

(4)

(2)

(3)

(2)

(3)

(2)

(1)

X12000.(4)

(3)

()

()

()

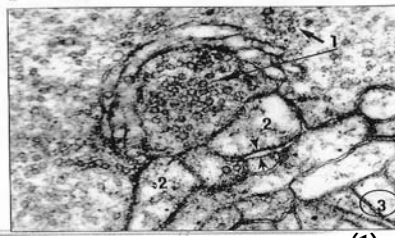
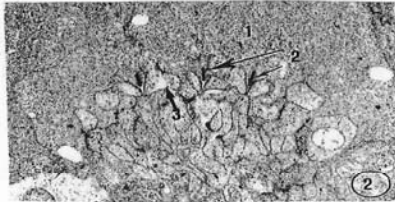
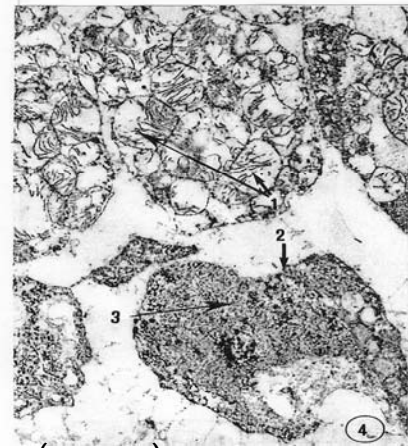
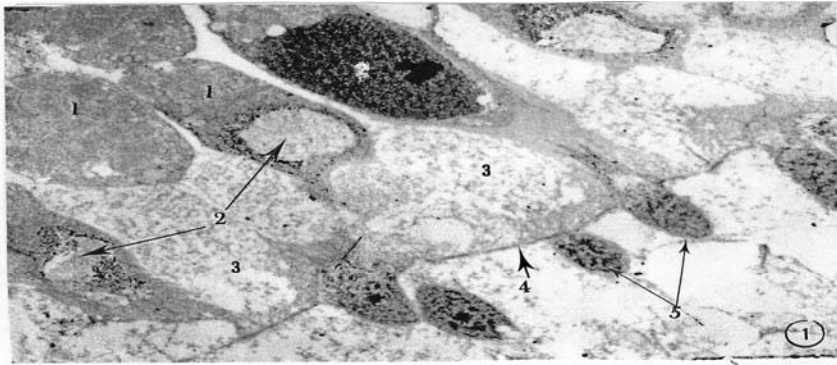
X6086.(1)

(4)

X8000.(1)

()

()



(-)
Paraboloïde (cone)

(1) inner segment
(2 2)

(((4)

(3)

2) Synaptic ribbon

X6000.

(1) vesicles

X14000 . (3)

(X24000 . (1))

(2)

(3)

1)

(4)

(S.R)

-2

.X18000 .

() photoreceptors

()

(17) (12) (16) ()

.(18)

(-)

" " ()

.()

(17) (12)

.(19)

phagocytosis

"sheddig"

(22) (17) (21) (18)

(20)

(21)

phagosomes

Myeloids

:

(24) (23)

()

.Retinoids

(9) A-

.(25)

(cone)

)

pigment visual

.() opsin

() :

.(26)

Goldfish

Double

Cone

dichroism

.(27) (

()

575 545

.(28) 475

photochemical damage -

Photooxidation

(29)

)

(ATP)

:

)

.(37)

(

-

)

()

()

()

.Paraboloid

.(38)

(-)

()

()

*

-

()

DNA

DNase

DNA

Apoptosis

(-)

.(39)

DNA

Immunohistochemistry

DNA

(40)

DNA (41)) DNA (DNA)

neurotransmission () presynaptic () (postsynaptic synaptic vesicles (

(42) (presynaptic ribbons)

Exocytosis (43) Bassoon (44) (

(Retinal detachment)

(-) (45)

) :

()

()

()

()

)

1) He-Ne

(42) (46) (mw

.(47)

REFERENCES

- 1-Roider, J., Brinkmann, R., Wirberlauer, C., Laqua, H., Birngruber, R. (2006). Subthreshold (retinal pigment epithelium) photocoagulation in macular disease: a Pilot study. *Br J.Ophthalmol*;84:40-47.
- 2-Abraham, M. (2001). Laser safety considerations waac, Newsletter .Jan.vol.23 N.1.
- 3- Tasman, W. (1999). Student suffers permanent eye damage from laser pointer: only second of exposure can cause retinal damage .School News, Top news mon, Feb. 01.1999.
- 4-Neitz, J. and Jacobs, G. H. (1988). Polymorphism of the long- wavelength cone in normal human color. *Vision Nature* 323,623- 625.
- 5-Romney, K. A. and Indow, T. (2002). Estimating physical Reflectance spectra from human color-matching experiments .PNAS. Oct. 29 Vol.22,14607-14610.
- 6-Barbour, H. R., Archer M. A., Hart, N. S., Thomas, N., Dunlop, S. A., Beazley, L. A., Shand, J. (2002). Retina characteristics of the Omate dragon Lizard, *ctenophorus Omatus*. *The journal of comparative Neurology*. Vol.450, issue 4,334-344.
- 7-Bridges, C. D. B. (1972). The rhodopsin–porphyropsin visual system. In *Handbook of sensory physiology*. Dartnall H. J. A. (ed.) Springer- Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg .New York , VII (1),417-480.
- 8-Dickson, D. H., Graves, D. A. (1979) . Fine structure of the Lamprey Photoreceptors and retina pigment epithelium (*petromyzon Marinus L.*) *Exp. Eye Res.* 29, 45-60.
- 9-Flight, W. F. G, Van Donselaar, E. (1975). Ultrastructure aspect of Incorporation of [H³] – vitamin A in the pineal organ of the Urodele, *Diemicty viridescens viridescens*. *Proc. Kon.Ned. Wetensch.*, C78, 130-142.
- 10-Porter, K. R., Yamada, E. (1960). Studies on the endoplasmic Reticulum. V. Its form and differentiation in pigment epithelial Cells of the frog retina. *J. Biophys. Biochem. Cytol.*,8, 181-205.
- 11-Hogan, M. J., Wood, I., Steinberg, R. H. (1974). Phagocytosis by Pigment epithelium of human retina cones. *Nature (Lond)* 252, 305-307.
- 12-Rizzolo, L. J. (2003). Cell Biology of the Retinal pigment Epithelium. *Res. In Ophthalmology*, Home page. WEB journal, Molecular Vision.
- 13-Robertson, D. (2005). Green Laser pointer can cause Eye Damage .EMBARGOED: Hold for release unit Monday, May 9 at 3 p.m. CDT. *Archives of ophthalmology* , myo Clinic.
- 14-Paschotta, R. (2007). Encyclopedia of Laser physics and Technology. Laser safety. Eye protection. R. P. photonics consulting GmbH.
- 15-Akeel, K., El-Zalek, B. and Saiof, F. (1999). The effect of C. W. He- Ne Laser Brightness on the Eye Retina of *lacerta laevis*. *Damascus Univ. J. for Basic Sciences* .Vol.17 Nq. 1 ,2001

-
- 16-Murry, R. L., Dubin, M. W. (1975). The occurrence of actinlike filament in association with migrating granules in Frog retina pigment epithelium. *J.cell Biol.* 64. 705-710.
- 17-Strauss, O. (2005). The Retina Pigment Epithelium in Visual Function. *Physiol. Rev.* 85:845-881, doi:10.1152/physrev.00021pp1- 100 .
- 18-Lucélia, D. (2007). Fine structure of the retinal pigment epithelium and cone Antractic Fish *Nothohenie coriicepe* Richardson in Light and dark-conditions. *Revista Brasileira de zoologia.* Rev.Bar.Zoo.Vol.24 n°1Curitiba, Paraná –Brasil.
- 19-Steven, K. F., Geoffrey, P. L., Kenneth, A. L., Edward, B. And Mark, R. V. (2007). Cellular Remodeling in Mammalin Retina Detachment. *Webvision. Bookshelf I NCBI I NTH Help contact Help Desk I Copyright and Disclaimer.pp1-51.*
- 20-Ah-Lai, L., Ling, Q., Hajjar, K. A., Futter, C. E., Greenwood, J., Adamson, P., Wavre-Shpton, S. T., Moss, S. E. and Hayes, M. J. (2009). Annexin A2 Regulates Phagocytosis of Photoreceptor Outer Segments in the Mouse Retina. Originally published as *MBoC* in press. Vol.20, issue 17, 3896-3904.
- 21-Grace, M. S., Wang, L. A., Pickard, G. E., Besharse, J. C. and Menaker, M. (2003). Tetau mutation the period of rhymic photoreceptor outer segment disk shedding in hamaster. *Science Direct- Brain Research. Volume 735, Issue 1, p 93-100.*
- 22-Kevany, B. M. and Palczewski, K. (2010). Phagocytosis of Retina Rod and cone Photoreceptors. *Physiology* 25, No. 1,8- 15.doi:10.1152/physiol.00038.
- 23-Bridges, C. D. B. (1972). The rhodopsin-porphyrpsin visual system. In: *Handbook of sensory physiology.* Dartnall H. J. A. (ed.) Springer- Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg, New York ,VII (1), 417-480.
- 24-Nguyen-Legros, J. (1975). A propos des corps myéloïdes de l'epithélium pigmentaire de la rétine des Vertébrés. *J. ultrastruct. Res.*,53, 152-163.
- 25-Howard Dickson, D. and Harvey, H. L. (1992). Myeloïd body development in the Chick retinal pigment epithelium current eye research Vol.11, pp.147-152.
- 26-Mediawiki. (2008). Color vision. From wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. GNU free Documentation License 510© U.S.
- 27-Roberts, N. W. and Needham, M. G. (2008). A mechanism of polarized Light sensitivity in cone photoreceptors of Goldfish *Carassius auratus*. *Biophysical journal.* Science Direct Vol.93, Issue 9, p.3241-3248.
- 28-Shand, J., Hart, N. S., Thomas, N. and Partridge J. C. (2002). Development changes in cone visual pigment of black bream *Acanthopagurus butcheri*. *Journal of Exper. Biology* 205, p.3661- 3667.
- 29-Noell, W. K. (1980). Possible mechanisms of photoreceptor damage by light in mammalian eye. *Science Direct, vision Res.* Vol.20, Issue 12,P.1163-1171.
- 30-Jiangmei, W. U., Seregrad, S., Algyere, P. V. (2006). Photochemical Damage of Retina. *Survey of Ophthalmology.* Vol.51 Issue 5, p.461-481.

- 31-Debecker, J. and Zanen, A. (1975). Flash bleaching of visual pigments in man investigated by early receptor potential recording. *Vision Res.* Vol. 15 issue 1, p.113-116.
- 32-Zwich, H., Edsall, P., Stuck, B. E., Wood, E., Elliott, R., Cheramie, R. and Hacker, H. (2007). Laser induced photoreceptor damage and recovery in high numerical aperture eye of the garter snake. Elsevier Ltd. Doc:10. 1016. USA.
- 33-Gayoso, M. J., Dias-Flores, L. and Garrido, Y. M. (1978). Gotas Lipidical de los fotoreceptores de la retina de los Vertebrados: oil droplet in the photoreceptors of Vertebrates retina. *Morfo. Nor. y patolo. Sec. A*, 2, 1-28.
- 34-Bowmaker, J. K. (1980). Colour vision in birds and the role of oil droplet. *Trends Neurosci.* p.196-199.
- 35-Barbour, H. R., Archer, M. A., Hart, N. S., Thomas, N., Dunlop, S. A., Beezley, D., Shand, J. (2002). Retinal characteristic of the dragon lizard, *Ctenophorus ornatus*. *InterScience. J. of comparative Neurology.* Vol.450, Issue 4, p.334-344.
- 36-Hart, N. S., Lisney, T. J. and Collin, S. P. (2006). Cone photoreceptor oil droplet pigmentation is affected by ambient Light intensity. *Journal of experimental.Biology* 209, 4776-4787 Australia.
- 37-Jonathan, D. L., Linton, J. D., Holzhausen, H. C., Babia, N., Sang, H., Miyagishima, K. J., Streans, G. W., Linasay, K., Wei, J., Chertov, A. O., Perlens, T. A., Caffè, R., Pulk, H., Seeliger, M. W., Tanimoto, N., Fong, K., Bolton, L., Kuok, D. L., Sweet, I. R., Bartoletti, T. B., Redu, R. A., Travis, G. H., Zagotta, W. N., Townes-Anderson, A., Parker, E., Van der zee, C. E. E., Smpath, A. P., Sokolov, M., Thoreson, W. B., and Hurley, J. B. (2010). Flow of energy in outer retina darkness and light . Edited by Jeremy Nathans, Johns Hopkins university Science Session PNAS podcats Vol.107 n° 19. 8599-8604.
- 38-Ali, M. A. and Anctil, M. (1974). Retinomotor responses and isolated photoreceptors in *Amia calva* (Holostein: Amiidae). *Copeia*, 2, 379-386.
- 39-Darzykiewicz, Z., Bedner, E. and Smolewski, P. (2008). *In situ* Detection DNA Strand-Breaks in Analysis of Apoptosis by flow and Laser -Scanning . Springerlink . Vol. 203, p. 1064-3745.
- 40-Eggest, G., Volden, G. and Krokan, H. (1983). U. V. induced DNA damage and its repair in human skin in vivo studied by sensitive immunohistochemical methods . *Pubmed.*4(6): 745-50.
- 41-Jackson, D. A., Hassan, A. B. Erriglon, L. J. and Cook, P. R. (1994). Sites in human nuclei where damage induced by ultraviolet light is repaired: Localization relative to transcription sites and concentration of proliferation cell nuclear antigen and tumour suppressor protein, P53. *J. of cell Science* 107, 1753-1760. U.K.
- 42-Kolb, H., Fernandez, E. and Nelson, R. (2009). Anatomy and physiology of the retina. Ultrastructure of rod and cone synaptic endings, part II, in *Webvision Med. Univ. Utah edu.*

-
- 43-Lenzi, D., Gersdorff, H. V. (2001). Structure suggests function : The case of synaptic ribbons as exocytotic nanomachines. *Inter Science BioEssays*. Vol.23 Issue 9, p.831-840.
- 44-Dick, O., Dieck, S., Altmann, W. D., Ammerüller, J., Weiler, R., Garner, C. C., Gundelfinger, E. D. and Brandstätter, J. H. (2003). The presynaptic Active Zone Protein Bassoon is Essential for photoreceptor Ribbon synapse Formation in the Retina. *Neuron cell Symposia*. Vol. 37.Issue 5, p.775-786.
- 45-Fisher, S. K., Lewis, G. P., Linberg, K. A., Barawid, E. and Verardo, R. (2007). Cellular Remodeling in mammalian Retina Induced by Retinal Detachment. *Webvision . Bookshelf I NCBI NTH*.
- 46-Tanguy, E. (1996). Développement d'un Laser Verre Codopé erbium et ytterbium compact à sécurité oculaire pour des applications télémétrie .Thèse Doctorat . Univ. Paris-Xi Orsay ,France.
- 47-Salsi, S., Conckaert, J. C., Mayer, A., André, J. C. (1998). Equipement de protection contre les laser. Comportement non linéaire induit par des flux lumineux élevés. INRS ND 2075-171- 98 Univ. Paris XI, Orsay.