## A States of Anger and pessimism among a sample of displaced peopele in Damascus City

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## Abstract

This study aimed to identify the variables effect of (Shelters, sex, loss of family member, the destruction of the house), Ina state of anger and pessimism among a sample of displaced people in shelters and camps in Damascus city, and displaced persons residing in rented houses or with relatives, and also aimed to find out the differences in as tate of anger and pessimism among the members of the sample according to the variables mentioned. The study sample consisted of (153)displaced people distributors are as follows: (79 females) and (74 males), of whom (78 displaced people in shelters) and (75 displaced people in rented houses), has been the use of a list of anger and pessimism scale transl at ion an draining by "An sari, "was also used statistical package (spss) fo statistical processing.

The results showed that the shelters a vet he greatest impact in the case of pessimism among the members of the research sample of displaced people. While the Center for shelter and the loss of a family member was the greatest impact in a state of anger, but did not show significant differences in the variable(the loss of a relative) in a state of anger, while others have found significant differences in pessimism for the same variable, and did not show differences in a state of anger and pessimism with the variable(the destruction of the house), or with the variable(sex), while others have found differences in the state of anger and pessimism among displaced people in shelters Orr ented houses and relatives, for the

benefit of a variable (displacement in shelters)

**Keywords**: anger state - pessimism - displaced people in shelters internal - Displaced tenants in private homes inside diameter.

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