

*

) 100
(

%100

%50

(%80)

.
:

%38,7

%29

%.%3,3

. / / :

A Study of Staphylococcal Contamination in Dental Surgery Rooms

Ala Eldin Choukaifeh*

Abstract

One hundred samples of Bacteriological swabs were obtained of medical team clothes, treatment and surgery tools, and patient covers and napkins, from treatment and surgery rooms in the hospital of maxillo-facial surgery at the Faculty of Dentistry - Damascus university, before utilization for checking the sterilization, and after utilization for detecting staphylococci and determining its species that spread in the course of different dental treatments and surgical procedures.

In this study, sterility for all studied samples was shown before utilization, but after utilization we observed complete contamination in glove samples with percentage (100%), while the samples of masks and tools and napkins showed (50%) of contamination, and the samples of medical team clothes and patient covers kept most of them (80%) of their sterility after utilization.

The highest percentage among the species of bacteria in the contaminated samples was *Staph. epidermidis* (38.7%), and less than that *Staph. aureus* and other bacteria with the same percentage (29%) for each of them, while *Staph. saprophyticus* was the lowest spreaded percentage (3.3%).

Key words: staphylococci / contamination / dental surgery.

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(2) :

ABCDDS

- (1) (HIV, HCV, HBV..)
- () Anticipses :A
- () Barriers :B
- () Conservations :C
- () Disinfection :D
- () Disposal :D
- () Sterilization :S

infection-control

contamination

(3.4)

(1)

Decontamination

ABCDDS

(5)

cleaning :
sterilization disinfection

subculture 17) -

() :

() (2^o)

EMB

48 :

() -

24 -

37°C -

) EMB -

(

24 37°C

.

) 48

) (37°C

(

H₂O₂ .

(O₂)

:

(9)

(β)

%100

()

)

.(

:

:(1)

0	0	0	0	% 0	0	6	6	
1	0	4	2	%100	7	0	7	

:(1)

% 55.5

:(2)

0	0	0	1	%33.3	1	2	3	
1	0	1	3	%55.5	5	4	9	

:(2)

:(3)

% 50

				-	/	/(+	+)
0	0	0	0	0 %	0	7	7		
3	0	2	0	% 50	5	5	10		

:(3)

% 42.9

:(4)

% 11.1

1	1	0	1	%11.1	3	24	27	
3	0	5	1	%42.9	9	12	21	

:(4)

				(%80)				
				:(5)				
0	0	0	0	% 0	0	5	5	
0	0	0	1	% 20	1	4	5	

:(5)

(% 29)

(% 38.7)

:(6) (% 3.3)

7	1	0	4	2	
6	1	0	1	4	
5	3	0	2	0	- / /
12	4	1	5	2	
1	0	0	0	1	+
31	9	1	12	9	
100	29	3.3	38.7	29	%

:(6)

:(7) %10

% 53.8

% 53.8	7	6	13	
% 50	6	6	12	
% 29.4	5	12	17	- / /
% 25	12	36	48	
% 10	1	9	10	+
% 32	32	68	100	

:(7)

:(8)

%100	7	0	7	%0	0	6	6	
%55.5	5	4	9	%33.3	1	2	3	
%50	5	5	10	%0	0	7	7	- / /
%42.9	9	12	21	%11.1	3	24	27	
%20	1	4	5	%0	0	5	5	+
%51.9	27	25	52	%8.3	4	44	48	

:(8)

Miller et al

(10)

Eric

()

%100

.(11)



(1)

(19,18,17) % 95

(16) CDC

(13,12)

.(15,14,13)

(20)

(2)

.(17,16,13)

% 55.5

% 50

(2)

(21) Dharan et al

(8)

% 80

% 50

.(23,17)

% 11,1

,% 38,7

.(8)

(7)

.% 3,3

.(23,22,16)

(7)

(4)



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