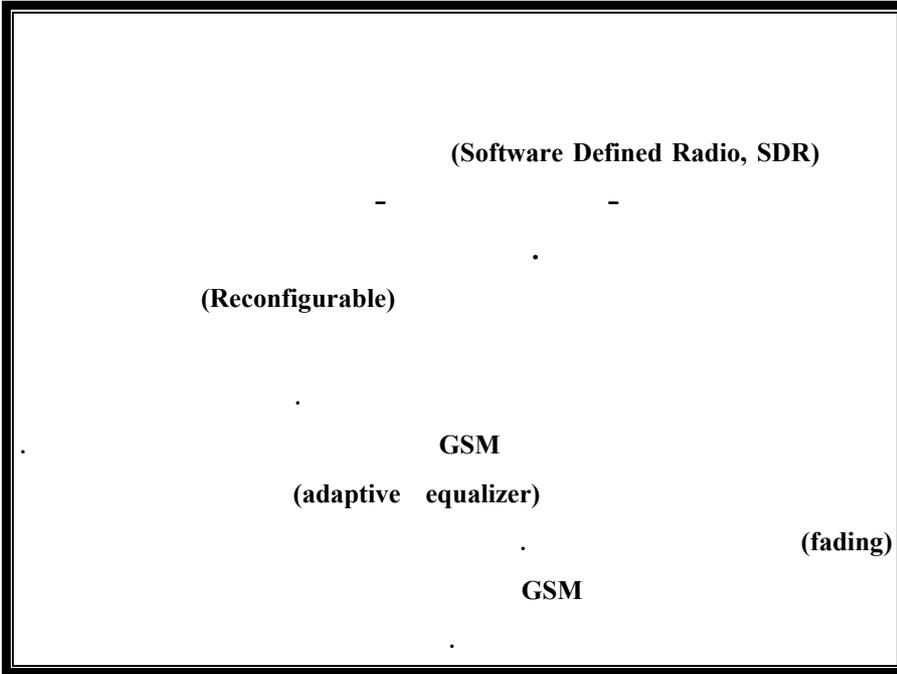


GSM

1

3

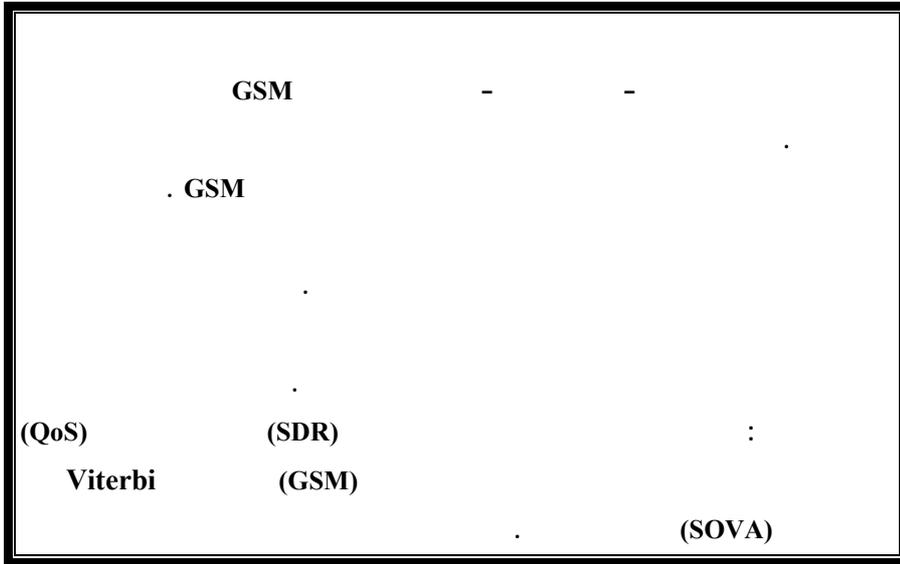
2



1

2

3



SDR	Software Defined Radio	
QoS	Quality of Service	
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	
IS-95	Interim Standard 95	95
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	
DSP	Digital Signal Processor	
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array	
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access	
RPE-LTP	Regular Pulse Excited-Long Term Prediction	
GMSK	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying	
ISI	Inter Symbol Interference	
HSCSD	High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Services	
EDGE	Enhanced Data Rates for Global Evolution	
BER	Bit Error Rate	
DFE	Decision Feedback Equalization	
NDDE	Non-linear Data Directed Estimation	
MLSE	Maximum Likelihood Sequence Estimation	
SOVA	Soft Output Viterbi Algorithm	Viterbi
BM	Branch Metric	
PM	Path Metric	
SNR	Signal to Noise Ratio	
AWGN	Additive White Gaussian Noise	
BPSK	Binary Phase Shift Keying	

(enabling technologies)

.0.35 nm

Software Defined)

(Radio SDR

.[1,2] (software reconfigurable)

)

[3] (

(user defined

quality of service QoS)

(GSM, IS-95, UMTS...)

(frequency band)

(1)

(complexity)

:

[4]

()

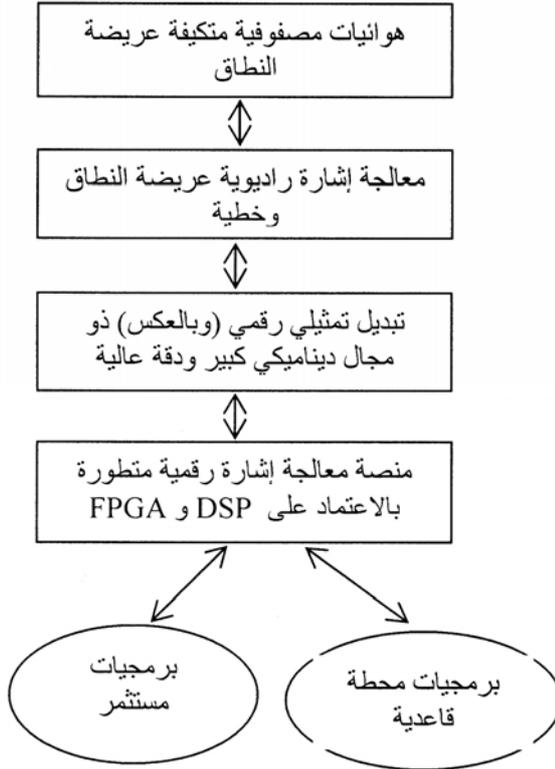
(Digital Signal Processors DSP's)

:

Field Programmable Gate Arrays)

(FPGA's

.[5]



[6]

(FPGA) (DSP)

) :

[7] (cognitive radios)

:

(equalizer)

:

adaptive)

GSM

(equalizer

:

Software)

.(Reconfigurability

GSM**-2**

Global System for Mobile

communications (GSM)

(1)

DownLink: 869-894 UpLink: 824-849 DownLink: 935-960 UpLink: 890-915 DownLink: 1805-1880 UpLink: 1710-1785 DownLink: 1930-1990 UpLink: 1850-1910	(MHz)
TDMA/FDMA	
8 (16 half rate)	
0.2	(MHz)
GMSK (BT=0.3)	
270.833 Kb/s	
124/374	
13/RPE-LTP	(kb/s)
موجود	
22.8	(kb/s)
4.6	(ms)
2.5...0.03	(W)
9	(dB)

[15] GSM

:(1)

GSM

.international roaming 35

TDMA

22.8 kb/s

271 kb/s

signaling

14

)

:

(...

(

)

...(

)

(2%)

(operator)

Regular pulse excited-long term prediction, RPE-LTP

13 kb/s

Block الكتلي :

interleaving .Convolutional

[8]

GMSK

GSM

(Inter Symbol Interference ISI)

. GSM (2)

2.5G GSM

14.4 kbps 9.6 kbps)

.GSM (

:[9] 2.5G

High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data)

-1

:(HSCSD

)

)

.(

.(

General Packet Radio Services)

-2

:(GPRS

)

.(115 kbps

(packet switching).

Enhanced Data Rates for)

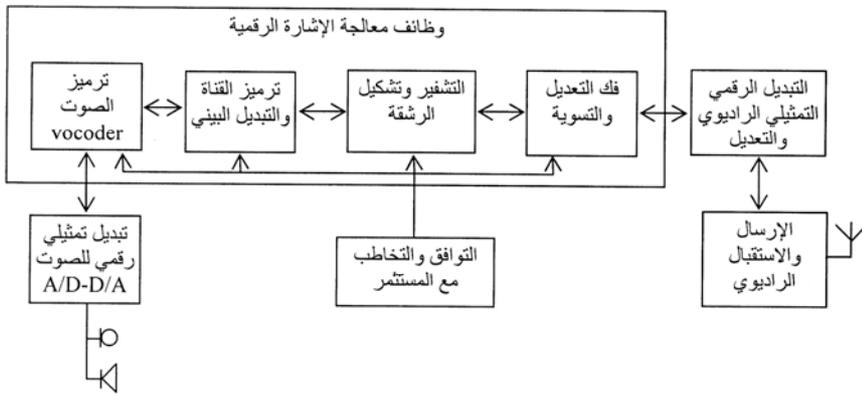
-3

:(Global Evolution EDGE

.(8PSK)

.GSM

.(GSMK)



[10]

:
(interoperability)

(QoS)

-1-2

(GSM)

.GSM

-2-2

-(BER)

) BER=10⁻⁴

:

(

(fading)

GSM

-3

(frequency selective

.[11]

fading)

(maximum excess delay > symbol time)

(fast

ISI

(channel

fading)

coherence time < symbol time)

GSM

(3) -

(time slot)

)

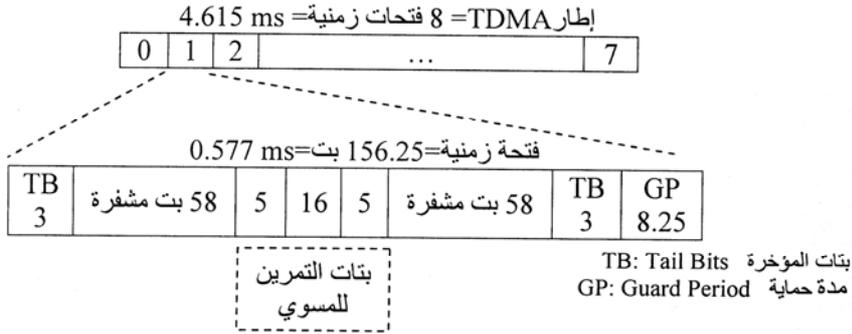
.(/ 200

ISI

GSM

ISI

[11]



الشكل (3): بنية الفتحة الزمنية في نظام GSM

GSM -4

GSM

[8]

ISI

(performance)

[12] (Decision Feedback Equalization DFE)

:

()

GSM

(3) -(channel estimation)

.GSM

(non-linear data [12])

. directed estimation NDDE)

.HF

- GSM

5-30

148 -

()

1-2 dB

GSM

10 dB

(Maximum Likelihood Sequence

Estimation MLSE

.GSM

(Soft Output Viterbi Algorithm

Viterbi

.GSM

MLSE

[13] SOVA)

.GSM

SOVA

Viterbi

()

(3)

SOVA

(soft values)

(quantized)

(soft decision)

BER Eb/No 1-4 dB ()

(hard decision) (1 0)

.(

-

(measure of (hard decision)

.confidence)

0.2dB

[14]

BER

GSM

SOVA

(midamble)

26

(3) -

GSM

58

$$\begin{aligned}
 r_{tr}(t) & \quad s_{tr}(t) \\
 & : \quad h_c(t) \\
 r_{tr}(t) & = s_{tr}(t) * h_c(t) \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 r_{tr}[k] & \\
 h_{mf}[k] & \quad \text{(matched filter)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & : \quad s_{tr}[k] \\
 h_e[k] & = r_{tr}[k] * h_{mf}[k] = s_{tr}[k] * h_c[k] * h_{mf}[k] = R_s[k] * h_c[k] \quad (2) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad R_s[k]
 \end{aligned}$$

GSM

$h_c[k]$ $h_e[k]$

Viterbi

(distance)

(trellis) (states))

(Viterbi

(Branch Metric BM)

: (Manhattan distance)

$$BM = (a.x) + (b.y) \quad (3)$$

1 0)

a,b :

(-1 1

x,y

Viterbi

MLSE

Viterbi

GSM

2

) rate = 1/2

) (constraint length) 3 = (

:

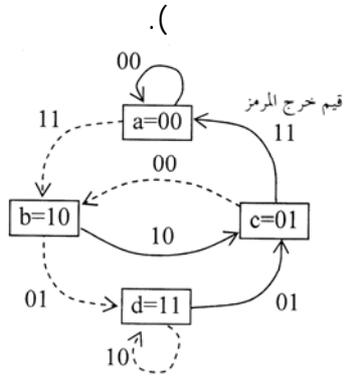
$$g_1(X) = 1 + X + X^2 \quad (4)$$

$$g_2(X) = 1 + X^2 \quad (5)$$

)

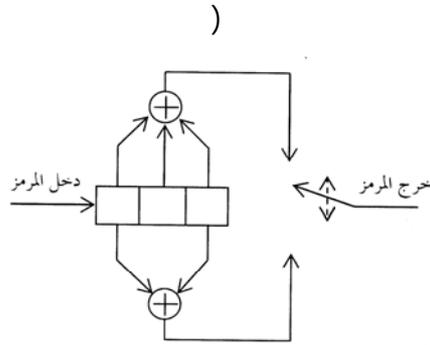
(

(5)



الشكل (5): مخطط الحالة للمرمز في الشكل (4)
الخط المتصل يقابل الدخل (0) والمتقطع الدخل (1)

(4)



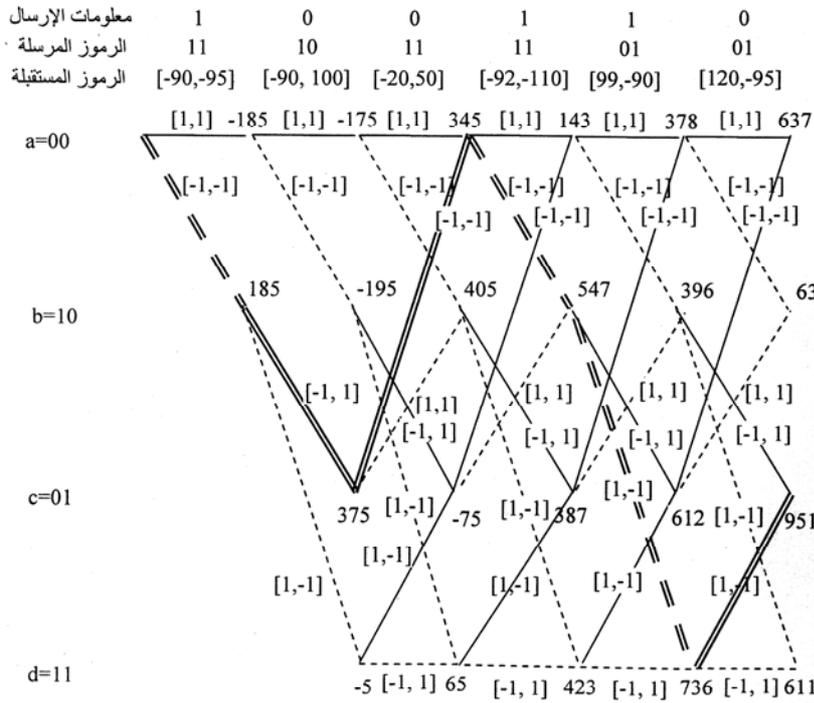
الشكل (4): مرمز طي بمعدل $rate = 1/2$ وبالطول المقيد = 3

(Path Metric BM : (Viterbi Parameter VP) Viterbi .PM)
(survivor path) ()
(6) SOVA (GSM)
) [-127,127]
- -

hard

Viterbi

(values/0 or 1/



- القيم ما بين قوسين [] على كل فرع هي القيم المتوقع استقبالها على هذا الفرع.
 - الخط المزدوج يمثل المسار المتبقي.

SOVA

(6)

$a[k]$

SOVA

$x[k]$

$a[k]$

$M[k]$

:

$$M[k] = \sum_{l=0}^k \left| x[l] - \sum_{i=0}^L h_e[i] \cdot a[l-i] \right|^2 \quad (6)$$

h_e

()

$M[k]$

SOVA

MLSE

-5

(/2-2/ /1/)

(/1/)

:

GSM

/3/

(estimation)

)

(

: ()

:

) ()

.($E_b/N_o=8$ dB SNR=25 dB
 (base station)
)

.(

:

:

:GSM

.(GSM)

.delay BER

:

.(GSM 10^{-4}) BER

(2)

	50 ms
	100 ms
	150 ms
-	250 ms
	400 ms
	600+ ms

:(2)

(0.577 ms)

GSM

:

:

(background)

(streaming)

(interactive)

()
)

:

.(

.[9]

)

:(

:

.[15]

5)

:

)

(3 4

:

-1

-2

-3

-4

/3/ /2/

:

)

(

:

QoS

:

()

:

SOVA

(6) -

-

15) [14]

5

(6 و 5 و 4)

BER)

(E_b/N_o)

[14] (0.2 dB)

()

[16]

(Additive White Gaussian Noise Channel)

Binary (Quaternary) Phase)

-(Shift Keying BPSK, QPSK

-

BER E_b/N_0 (7) 3= rate=1/2

Q=2) Q L

Q=8 1 0

.(

AWGN

). .

Rayleigh

Rician

GSM

.(3/)

E_b/N_0 (3) (7)

32 و 16 و 8

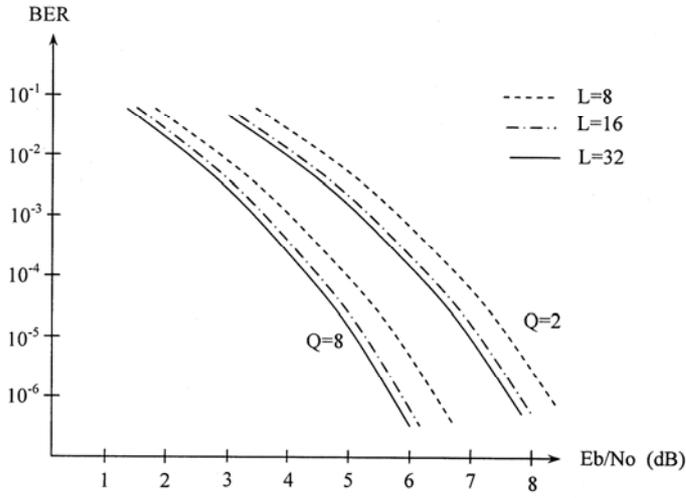
BER

.(4/) 8 و 2

Q=2

2 dB

Q=8



الشكل (٧): علاقة قيم E_b/N_0 مع BER من أجل عدة قيم لطول المسار L وقيمتين لمستويات التكميم Q (معدل الترميز = $1/2$ وطول المقيد = 3)

0.5

L=16 L=8

L=16

0.8 dB dB

(0.2 dB

) L=32

.BER

BER	Q=8			Q=2		
	L=8	L=16	L=32	L=8	L=16	L=32
10^{-2}	3	2.6	2.4	4.6	4.2	4
10^{-3}	4	3.6	3.5	5.9	5.4	5.1
10^{-4}	5	4.4	4.3	6.9	6.3	6.2
10^{-5}	5.8	5.3	5.2	7.6	7.3	7.2

الجدول (3): العلاقة ما بين الأداء (قيم E_b/N_0 مقابل BER) وطول المسار L والتكميم Q

[17] .Viterbi

)

(

/4/

. 1.5 dB

L=16

L=3

1.5 dB

،Q=2 L=3

(المستوى /4/)

Q L (4)

Q=2 L=16

/3/

/2/

:

()

	Q	L		
+1.5 dB	8	16	-	-1
()	8	3	-	-2
-0.5 dB	2	16	-	-3
-2 dB	2	3	-	-4

Q L : (4)

/3/ /2/ (4)

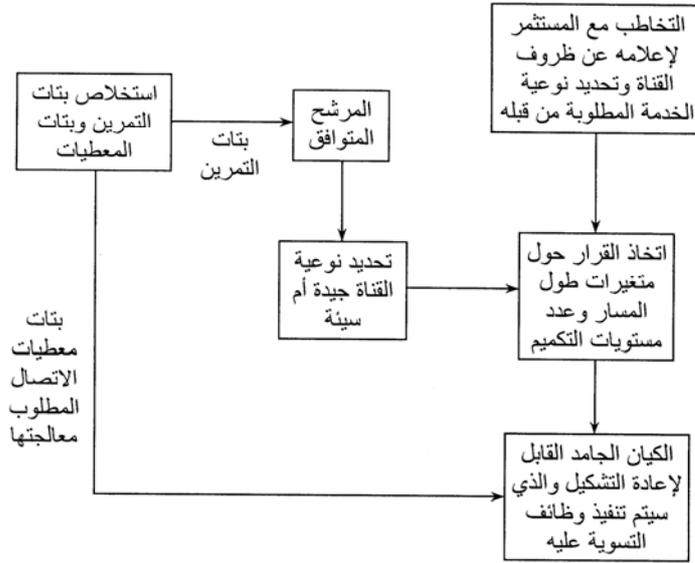
Q L

-6

-1-6

(8)

:()



(8)

-1

:)

./5/

-2

()

./5/

)

-3

-4

-2-6

MATLAB

(DSP+FPGA)

. [6] (

C

/4/

.(

) DSP+FPGA

):

:(M=4

) Q=2 :

) Q=8 (R=1

.(R=3

.L=16 L=3 :

:

GSM

$$2 \quad - (3) \quad - \quad (58.2) \quad -$$

R

:

(M.L) :

(BM

)

R

(R.58.4)

-2

:

(PM

)

$$[M \times (R + \log_2 L)]$$

(R.M.L)

-3

(R.58.4) :

/1/

-4

M=4

:

$$4 [R (L+117) + \log_2 L]$$

:(6)

-

.(/4/

) (Manhattan)

-1

((6))

R

R

-2

R

- -

R

-3

L

-

R

()

(5)

-3-6

(0.5dB)

(4)

(0.5dB)

.(R=1 L=16)

()

()

.(BER) (0.5 dB)

				R	L		
		()	()				
3	8	+11%	1612	+1.5 dB	3	16	- -1
3	4						
3	16						
3	8	()	1448	()	3	3	- -2
3	4						
3	3						
1	8	-62 %	548	-0.5 dB	1	16	- -3
1	4						
1	16						
1	8	-66 %	488	-2 dB	1	3	- -4
1	4						
1	3						

:(5)

(6)

		()	()		R	L	
3	8	+194 %	1612	+2 dB	3	16	- -1
(- -)4	(-)16						
1	8	()	548	()	1	16	- -2
(- -)4	(-)16						
1	8	-11 %	488	-1.5 dB	1	3	- -3
(- -)4	(-)3						

:(6)

(6)

(11 %)

(6)

GSM

-7

GSM

.GSM

-
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