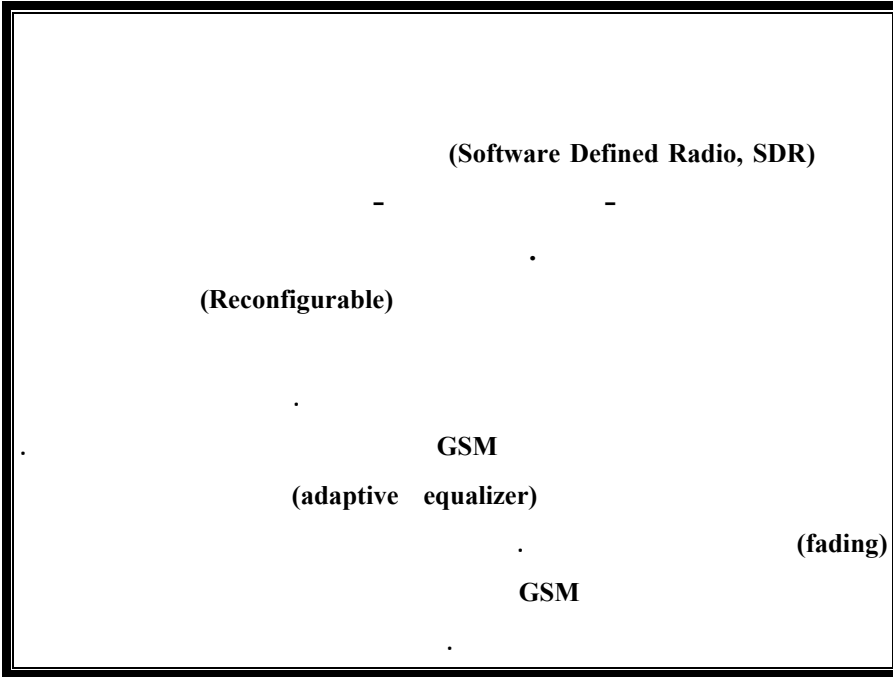


# GSM

1

3

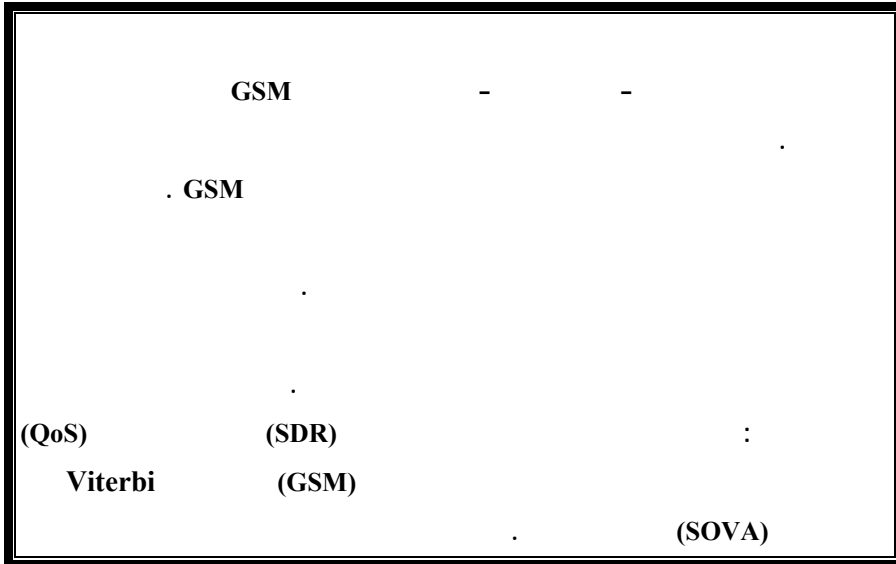
2



1

2

3



<b>SDR</b>	<b>Software Defined Radio</b>	
<b>QoS</b>	<b>Quality of Service</b>	
<b>GSM</b>	<b>Global System for Mobile Communications</b>	
<b>IS-95</b>	<b>Interim Standard 95</b>	<b>95</b>
<b>UMTS</b>	<b>Universal Mobile Telecommunications System</b>	
<b>DSP</b>	<b>Digital Signal Processor</b>	
<b>FPGA</b>	<b>Field Programmable Gate Array</b>	
<b>TDMA</b>	<b>Time Division Multiple Access</b>	
<b>RPE-LTP</b>	<b>Regular Pulse Excited-Long Term Prediction</b>	
<b>GMSK</b>	<b>Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying</b>	
<b>ISI</b>	<b>Inter Symbol Interference</b>	
<b>HSCSD</b>	<b>High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data</b>	
<b>GPRS</b>	<b>General Packet Radio Services</b>	
<b>EDGE</b>	<b>Enhanced Data Rates for Global Evolution</b>	
<b>BER</b>	<b>Bit Error Rate</b>	
<b>DFE</b>	<b>Decision Feedback Equalization</b>	
<b>NDDE</b>	<b>Non-linear Data Directed Estimation</b>	
<b>MLSE</b>	<b>Maximum Likelihood Sequence Estimation</b>	
<b>SOVA</b>	<b>Soft Output Viterbi Algorithm</b>	<b>Viterbi</b>
<b>BM</b>	<b>Branch Metric</b>	
<b>PM</b>	<b>Path Metric</b>	
<b>SNR</b>	<b>Signal to Noise Ratio</b>	
<b>AWGN</b>	<b>Additive White Gaussian Noise</b>	
<b>BPSK</b>	<b>Binary Phase Shift Keying</b>	

(enabling technologies)

.0.35 nm

Software Defined )

(Radio SDR

.[1,2] (software reconfigurable)

)

[3] (

(user defined

quality of service QoS)

(GSM, IS-95, UMTS...)

(frequency band)

(1)

(complexity)

:

[4]

( )

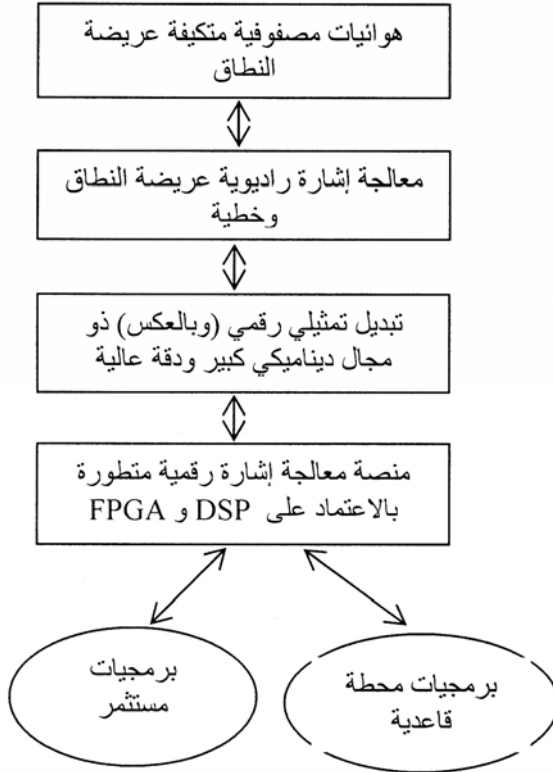
(Digital Signal Processors DSP's)

:

Field Programmable Gate Arrays )

(FPGA's

.[5]



[6]

(FPGA) (DSP)

) :

[7] (cognitive radios)

(equalizer)

adaptive )

GSM

(equalizer

Software )

.(Reconfigurability

**GSM****-2**

Global System for Mobile

communications (GSM)

(1)

DownLink: 869-894 UpLink: 824-849 DownLink: 935-960 UpLink: 890-915 DownLink: 1805-1880 UpLink: 1710-1785 DownLink: 1930-1990 UpLink: 1850-1910	(MHz)
<b>TDMA/FDMA</b>	
<b>8 (16 half rate)</b>	
<b>0.2</b>	(MHz)
<b>GMSK (BT=0.3)</b>	
<b>270.833 Kb/s</b>	
<b>124/374</b>	
<b>13/RPE-LTP</b>	(kb/s)
<b>موجود</b>	
<b>22.8</b>	(kb/s)
<b>4.6</b>	(ms)
<b>2.5...0.03</b>	(W)
<b>9</b>	(dB)

[15] GSM

:(1)



GSM

.international roaming 35

TDMA

22.8 kb/s

271 kb/s

signaling

14

)

:

(...

(

)

...(

)

( 2%)

(operator)

Regular pulse excited-long term prediction, RPE-LTP

13 kb/s

Block الكتلي :

interleaving .Convolutional

[8]

GMSK

GSM

(Inter Symbol Interference ISI)

. GSM (2)

2.5G GSM

14.4 kbps 9.6 kbps)

.GSM (

:[9] 2.5G

High-Speed Circuit-Switched Data )

-1

:(HSCSD

)

)

.(

.(

General Packet Radio Services )

-2

:(GPRS

)

.(115 kbps

(packet switching).

Enhanced Data Rates for )

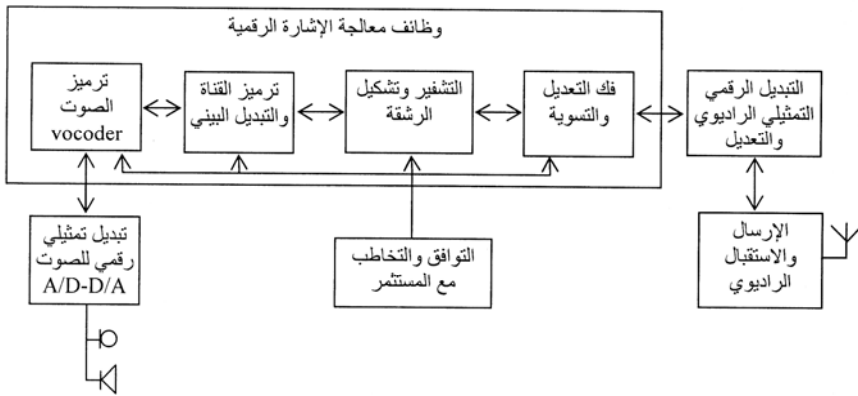
-3

:(Global Evolution EDGE

.(8PSK)

.GSM

.( GSMK )



[10]

:  
(interoperability)

(QoS)

-1-2

(GSM)

.GSM

-2-2

-(BER)

) BER=10<sup>-4</sup>

:

(

(fading)

**GSM**

**-3**

(frequency selective

.[11]

fading)

(maximum excess delay > symbol time)

(fast

ISI

(channel

fading)

coherence time < symbol time)

GSM

(3) -

(time slot)

)

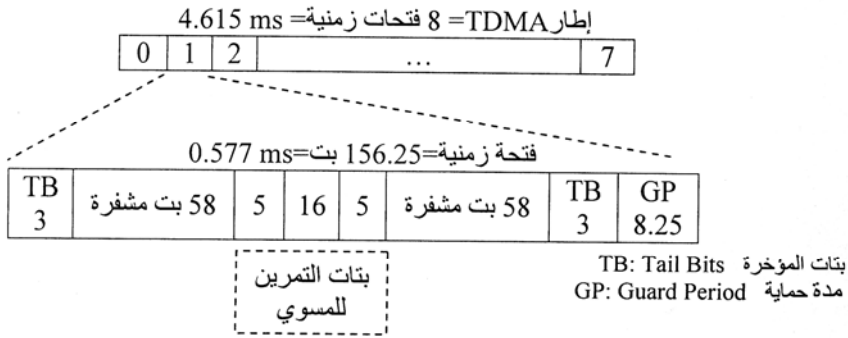
.( / 200

ISI

GSM

ISI

[11]



الشكل (3): بنية الفتحة الزمنية في نظام GSM

GSM -4

GSM

[8]

ISI

(performance)

[12] (Decision Feedback Equalization DFE)

:

( )

GSM

(3) -(channel estimation)

.GSM

(non-linear data [12])

. directed estimation NDDE)

.HF

- GSM

5-30

148 -

( )

1-2 dB

GSM

10 dB

(Maximum Likelihood Sequence

Estimation MLSE

.GSM

(Soft Output Viterbi Algorithm

Viterbi

.GSM

MLSE

[13] SOVA)

.GSM

SOVA

Viterbi

( )

(3)

SOVA

(soft values)

(quantized)

(soft decision)

BER Eb/No 1-4 dB ( )

(hard decision) (1 0 )

.(

-

(measure of (hard decision)

.confidence)

0.2dB

[14]

BER

GSM

SOVA

(midamble)

26

(3) -

GSM

58

$$r_{tr}(t) \quad s_{tr}(t)$$

$$: \quad h_c(t)$$

$$r_{tr}(t) = s_{tr}(t) * h_c(t) \quad (1)$$

$$r_{tr}[k]$$

$$h_{mf}[k]$$

(matched filter)

$$: \quad s_{tr}[k]$$

$$h_e[k] = r_{tr}[k] * h_{mf}[k] = s_{tr}[k] * h_c[k] * h_{mf}[k] = R_s[k] * h_c[k] \quad (2)$$

$$R_s[k]$$

GSM

$$h_c[k]$$

$$h_e[k]$$

Viterbi

(distance)

(trellis)

(states)

)



(Viterbi

(Branch Metric BM)

: (Manhattan distance)

$$BM = (a.x) + (b.y) \quad (3)$$

1 0 )

a,b :

(-1 1

x,y

Viterbi

MLSE

Viterbi

GSM

2

) rate = 1/2

) (constraint length) 3 = (

:

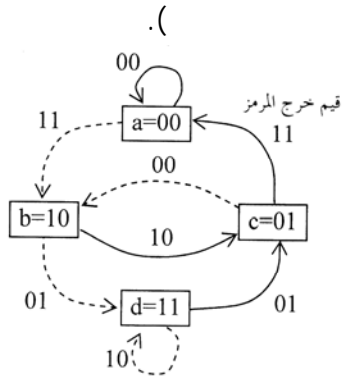
$$g_1(X) = 1 + X + X^2 \quad (4)$$

$$g_2(X) = 1 + X^2 \quad (5)$$

)

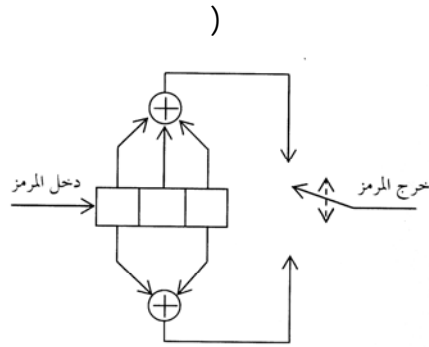
(

(5)



الشكل (5): مخطط الحالة للمرمز في الشكل (4)  
الخط المتصل يقابل الدخل (0) والمتقطع الدخل (1)

(4)



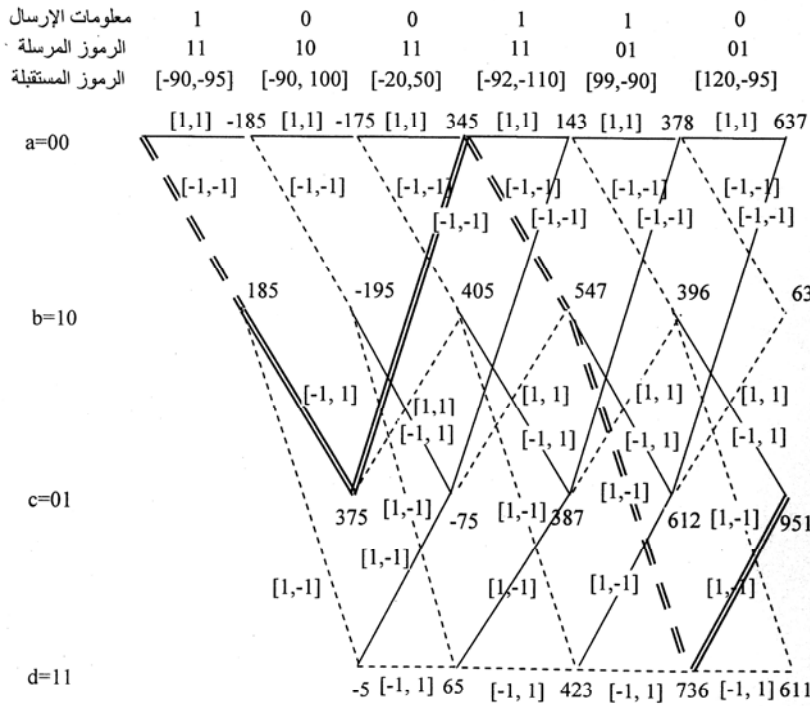
الشكل (4): مرمز طي بمعدل  $rate = 1/2$   
وبالطول المقيد = 3

(Path Metric BM :  
(Viterbi Parameter VP) Viterbi .PM)  
( survivor path ) ( )  
(6) SOVA  
(GSM )  
) [-127,127]  
- -

hard

Viterbi

(values/0 or 1/



- القيم ما بين قوسين [ ] على كل فرع هي القيم المتوقع استقبالها على هذا الفرع.  
 - الخط المزدوج يمثل المسار المتبقي.

SOVA

(6)

$a[k]$

SOVA

$x[k]$

$a[k]$

$M[k]$

:

$$M[k] = \sum_{l=0}^k \left| x[l] - \sum_{i=0}^L h_e[i] \cdot a[l-i] \right|^2 \quad (6)$$

$h_e$

( )

$M[k]$

SOVA

MLSE

-5

( /2-2/ /1/ )

(/1/ )

:

\_\_\_\_\_

GSM

/3/

(estimation)

)

(

: ( )

:

) ( )

.(  $E_b/N_o=8$  dB SNR=25 dB  
 (base station)  
 )

.(

:

:

\_\_\_\_\_

:GSM

.(GSM )

.delay BER

:

.(GSM  $10^{-4}$ ) BER

(2)

	<b>50 ms</b>
	<b>100 ms</b>
	<b>150 ms</b>
-	<b>250 ms</b>
	<b>400 ms</b>
	<b>600+ ms</b>

:(2)

(0.577 ms)

GSM

:

:

(background)

(streaming)

(interactive)

( )  
)

:

.(

.[9]

)

:(

:

.[15]

5 )

:

)

(3 4

:

-1

-2

-3

-4

/3/ /2/

:

)

(

:

QoS

:

( )

:

SOVA

(6)

-

-

15) [14]

5

(6 و 5 و 4)

BER)

( $E_b/N_o$ )

[14] ( 0.2 dB )

( )

[16]

(Additive White Gaussian Noise Channel)

Binary (Quaternary) Phase )

-(Shift Keying BPSK, QPSK

-



BER  $E_b/N_0$  (7) 3= rate=1/2

Q=2) Q L

Q=8 1 0

.(

AWGN

). .

Rayleigh

Rician

GSM

.(3/ )

$E_b/N_0$  (3) (7)

32 و 16 و 8

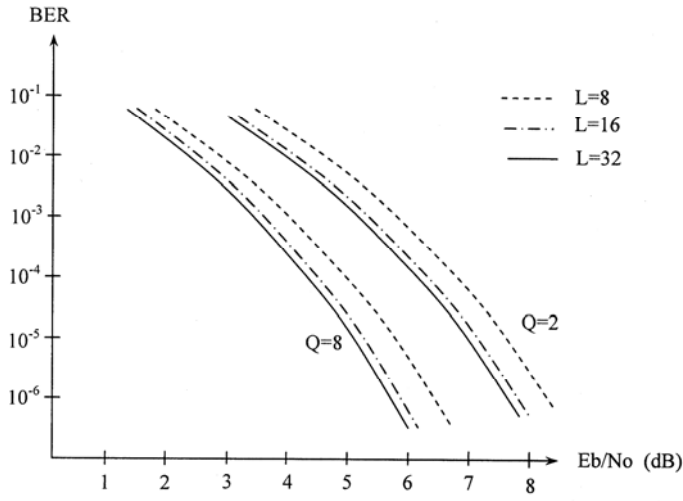
BER

.(4/ ) 8 و 2

Q=2

2 dB

Q=8



الشكل (٧): علاقة قيم  $E_b/N_0$  مع BER من أجل عدة قيم لطول المسار  $L$  وقيمتين لمستويات التكميم  $Q$  (معدل الترميز =  $1/2$  وطول المقيد = 3)

0.5

L=16 L=8

L=16

0.8 dB dB

(0.2 dB

) L=32

.BER

BER	Q=8			Q=2		
	L=8	L=16	L=32	L=8	L=16	L=32
$10^{-2}$	3	2.6	2.4	4.6	4.2	4
$10^{-3}$	4	3.6	3.5	5.9	5.4	5.1
$10^{-4}$	5	4.4	4.3	6.9	6.3	6.2
$10^{-5}$	5.8	5.3	5.2	7.6	7.3	7.2

الجدول (3): العلاقة ما بين الأداء (قيم  $E_b/N_0$  مقابل BER) وطول المسار  $L$  والتكميم  $Q$

[17] .Viterbi

)

(

/4/

. 1.5 dB

L=16

L=3

1.5 dB

،Q=2 L=3

(المستوى /4/)

Q L (4)

Q=2 L=16

/3/

/2/

:

( )

	Q	L		
+1.5 dB	8	16	-	-1
( )	8	3	-	-2
-0.5 dB	2	16	-	-3
-2 dB	2	3	-	-4

Q L : (4)

/3/ /2/ (4)

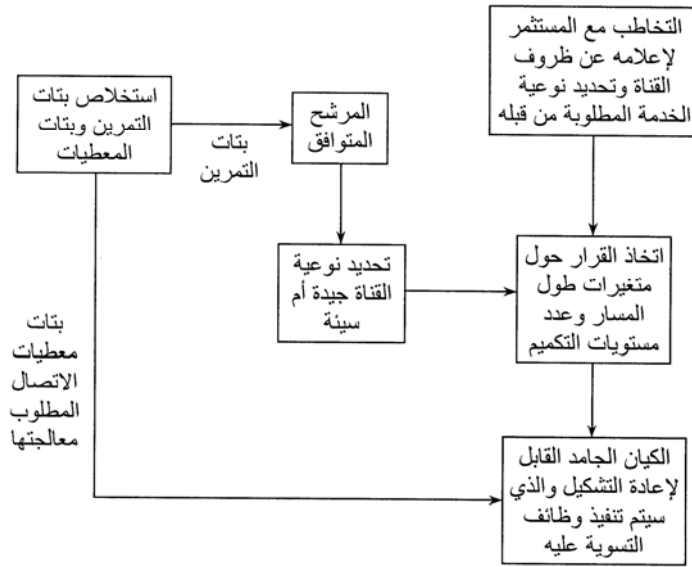
Q L

-6

-1-6

(8)

:( )



(8)

-1

: )

./5/

-2

( )

:

./5/

)

-3

-4

-2-6

:

MATLAB

:

(DSP+FPGA)

. [6] (

)

C

:

.(

) DSP+FPGA

/4/

):

:(M=4

) Q=2 :

-

) Q=8 (R=1

.(R=3

.L=16 L=3 :

-

:

GSM

$$2 \quad - (3) \quad - \quad (58.2) \quad -$$

R

:

(M.L) :

(BM

)

R

(R.58.4)

-2

:

(PM

)

$$[ M \times (R + \log_2 L) ]$$

(R.M.L)

-3

(R.58.4) :

/1/

-4

M=4

:

$$4 [ R (L+117) + \log_2 L ]$$

:(6)

-

.(/4/

) (Manhattan)

-1

((6) )

R

R

-2

R

- -

R

-3

L

-

R

( )

(5)

**-3-6**

(0.5dB )

(4)

(0.5dB)

(R=1 L=16 )

( )

( )

( BER ) (0.5 dB)

				R	L		
		( )	( )				
3	8	+11%	1612	+1.5 dB	3	16	- -1
3	4						
3	16						
3	8	( )	1448	( )	3	3	- -2
3	4						
3	3						
1	8	-62 %	548	-0.5 dB	1	16	- -3
1	4						
1	16						
1	8	-66 %	488	-2 dB	1	3	- -4
1	4						
1	3						

: (5)



(6)

		( )	( )		R	L	
3	8						
3	( - - ) 4	+ 194 %	1612	+ 2 dB	3	16	- -1
8	( - ) 16						
1	8						
1	( - - ) 4	( )	548	( )	1	16	- -2
1	( - ) 16						
1	8						
1	( - - ) 4	- 11 %	488	- 1.5 dB	1	3	- -3
1	( - ) 3						

:(6)

(6)

(11 %)

(6)

GSM

---

-7

GSM

.GSM

- 
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