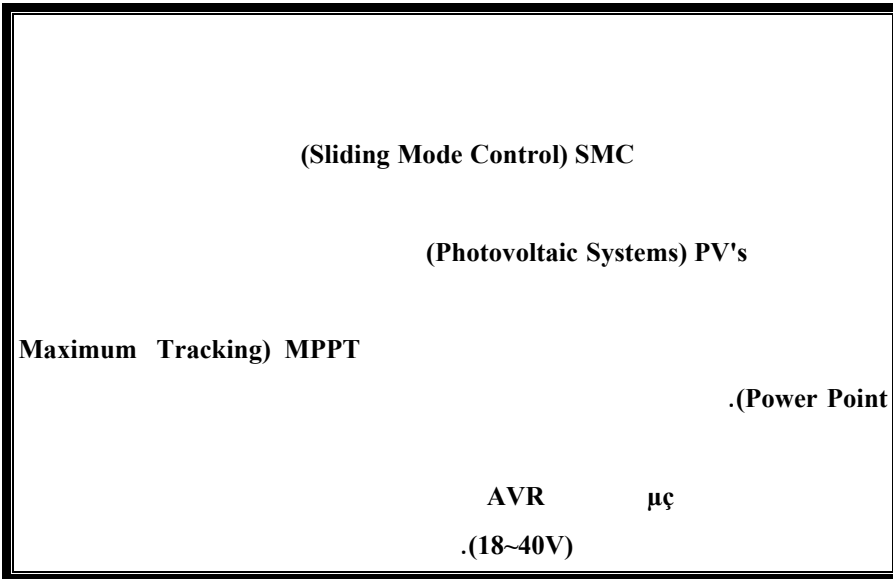


1

3

2

4

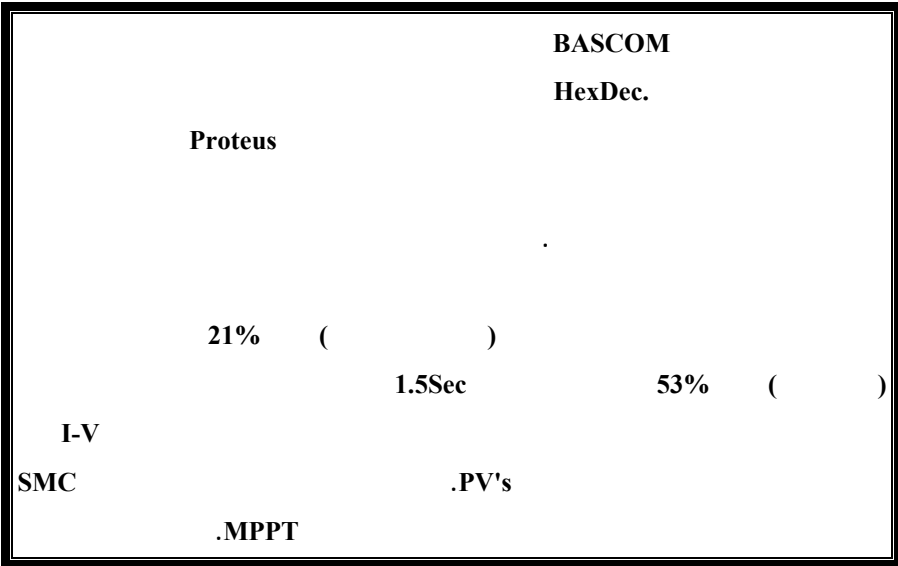


1

2

3

4





(Proportional) P))
PI (Differential) D (Integral) I
(PID

PI

P

[1]

[1]

[2] MPPT

AT90S4433

AVR

SIMULINK, Pspice,)

(BASCOS, Proteus

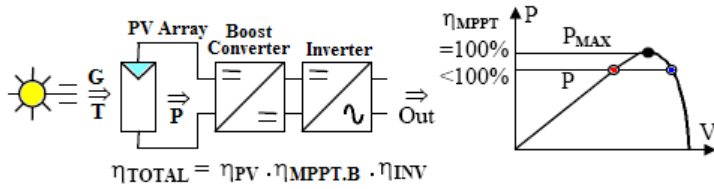
			-2
	:		
.MPPT		SMC	.1
.DC-DC Boost			.2
		Converter	.3
			.4
	DC-DC	SMC	.5
			.6
.SMC			.7
			.8
MPPT الأظمية		SMC	1-2
(1)			
Converter	PV	:	
		.Inverter	
		[2]	
Boost Converter ()	

.MPPT

[3]

.(1)

$$P = V \cdot I \Rightarrow \frac{dP}{dV} = I \frac{\partial V}{\partial V} + V \frac{\partial I}{\partial V} = I + V \frac{dI}{dV}, \quad P_{MAX} \rightarrow \frac{dP}{dV} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{V}{I} + \frac{dV}{dI} \rightarrow 0 \quad (1)$$



(1)

()

[4]

SMC

MPPT

(1)

[4]

[4]

PV Array

SMC

(Un-periodic

(True)

MPPT

«(Fast Convergence Speed)

Tuning)

«(Medium Implementation Complexity)

SMC

[5]

[6]

(G)

(T)

MPPT Technique	PV Array Dependent?	True MPPT?	Analog or Digital?	Periodic Tuning?	Convergence Speed	Implementation Complexity	Sensed Parameters
Hill-climbing/P&O	No	Yes	Both	No	Varies	Low	Voltage, Current
IncCond	No	Yes	Digital	No	Varies	Medium	Voltage, Current
Fractional V_{oc}	Yes	No	Both	Yes	Medium	Low	Voltage
Fractional I_{sc}	Yes	No	Both	Yes	Medium	Medium	Current
Fuzzy Logic Control	Yes	Yes	Digital	Yes	Fast	High	Varies
Neural Network	Yes	Yes	Digital	Yes	Fast	High	Varies
RCC	No	Yes	Analog	No	Fast	Low	Voltage, Current
Current Sweep	Yes	Yes	Digital	Yes	Slow	High	Voltage, Current
DC Link Capacitor Droop Control	No	No	Both	No	Medium	Low	Voltage
Load I or V Maximization	No	No	Analog	No	Fast	Low	Voltage, Current
dP/dV or dP/dI Feedback Control	No	Yes	Digital	No	Fast	Medium	Voltage, Current
Array Reconfiguration	Yes	No	Digital	Yes	Slow	High	Voltage, Current
Linear Current Control	Yes	No	Digital	Yes	Fast	Medium	Irradiance
I_{ref} & V_{ref} Computation	Yes	Yes	Digital	Yes	N/A	Medium	Irradiance, Temperature
State-based MPPT	Yes	Yes	Both	Yes	Fast	High	Voltage, Current
OCC MPPT	Yes	No	Both	Yes	Fast	Medium	Current
BFV	Yes	No	Both	Yes	N/A	Low	None
LRCM	Yes	No	Digital	No	N/A	High	Voltage, Current
Slide Control	No	Yes	Digital	No	Fast	Medium	Voltage, Current

(1)

SMC

Sliding Surface

$$S(x)=0$$

Slide Trajectory الانزلاق

(2)

Sliding Line

(2)

[4] Control Law

) S
 DC-DC (
 u I V

(1&0)

.off on

$$\begin{cases} u=0 & S \geq 0 \\ u=1 & S < 0 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$S = dP/dV = I + V dI/dV \quad (2)$$

()
 OP .(2)
 Pmax

MPPT

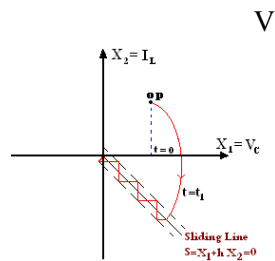
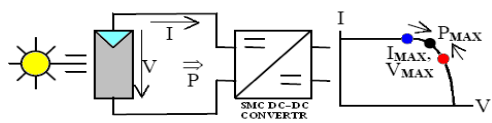
[7]

OP

I-

(2)

.P_{max} (2)



- (2)

.X₂&X₁

.SMC

MPPT

(3)

ON

$$V_{IN} = V_L$$

OFF القطع

X

$$V_X = V_O$$

[8]

Continuous) CCM

(3)

(Conduction Mode

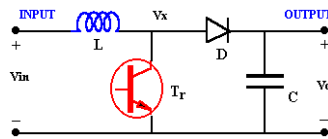
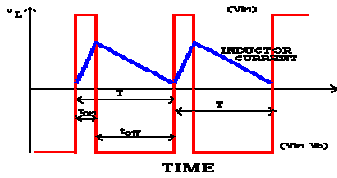
(3)

(4)

(5)

Duty ratio "D"

[8]



(3)

$$\int_0^{T_s} V_L \cdot dt = 0 \Rightarrow V_{in} t_{on} + (V_{in} - V_o) t_{off} = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{T}{t_{off}} = \frac{1}{1-D} \quad (4) \quad \frac{I_o}{I_{in}} = 1-D \quad (5) \quad ; 1 > D \geq 0$$

3-2

(4)

.Power MosFET

[9] PV

40V

Duty-cycle

Duty cycle

CCM

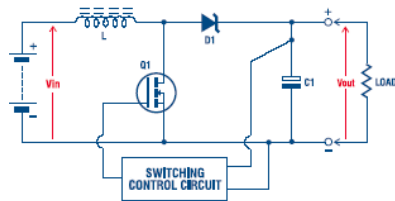
()

ON

(6)

(7)

OFF



(4)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{di_L}{dt} = \frac{1}{L}(V_{in}) \\ \frac{dv_o}{dt} = \frac{1}{C}(-\frac{v_o}{R}) \end{cases}, 0 < t < D, Q: ON \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{di_L}{dt} = \frac{1}{L}(V_{in} - v_o) \\ \frac{dv_o}{dt} = \frac{1}{C}(i_L - \frac{v_o}{R}) \end{cases}, \quad D < t < T, \quad Q: OFF \quad (7)$$

SIMULINK™ (6,7) (5)

(5) $i_L(t) \& V_C(t)$

SIMULINK™
 [10,11] Subsystem
 SMC (

(5)

$$V_O = V_{IN} \quad I_L = I_{IN} \quad \& \quad V_C = V_O$$

(6) Switch

(6) Subsystem

/D/ Fun

Switch

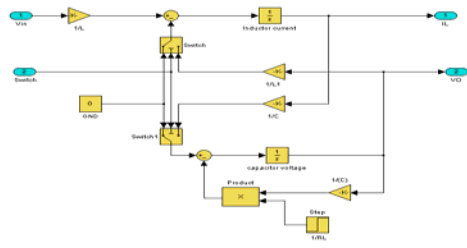
(7) $.D \times T_S$ T_S

40V

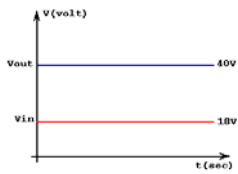
() .1

0.43%

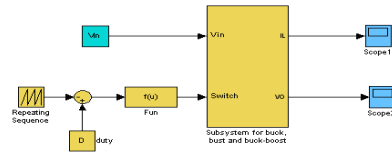
.(8-a,8-b)



(5)



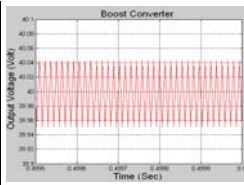
(7)



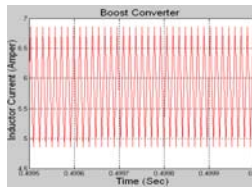
(6)

Subsystem
DC/DC Boost Converter

V i n	1 8 V
L	6 9 m H
C	2 2 0 u F
R	1 3 Ω
F	1 0 0 K H z
D	5 5 %
V o u t	4 0 V
(1)	



(a)



(b)

-a (8)

0.43% (P-P)

-b

DC-DC

SMC

4-2

(9)

[1,6,12] SMC

) e_v

(9)

I^*

(V_{ref}

V_O

(I^*

I_L

) e_I

/ u /

SMC

(2)

()

(9)

[2,7]

(2)

(10)

SIMULINK™

τ

) Integrated Regulator

e_v

(k_1

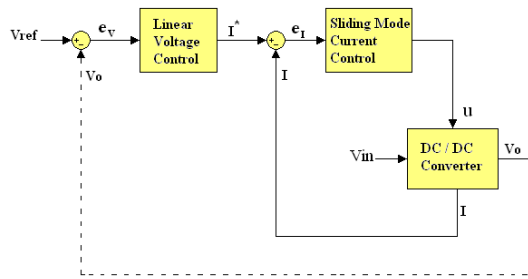
(1&0)

(k_2

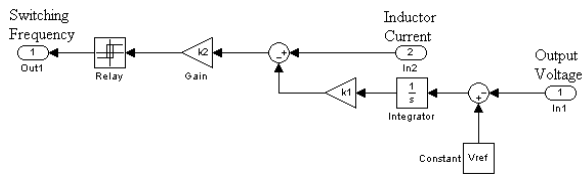
(Switch Point) SP_1

)

(SP_2



(9)



SMC

SIMULINK™

(10)

.SMC

)

(10)

SMC

(

($SP_2, SP_1, k_2, k_1, \tau$)

(5)

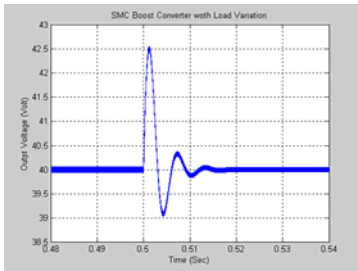
5-2

(9)

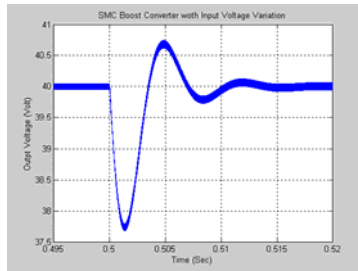
(10)

(11)

(5)

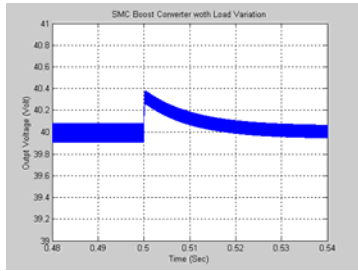


(12)

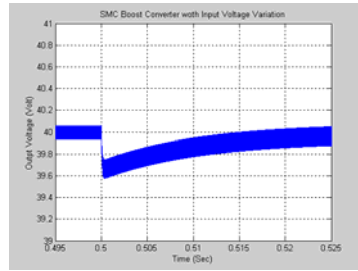


(13)

SMC



SMC
0.5V



(14)

I-V

(14)

.(11)

35mSec

)

(

overshooting

response speed

35mSec

MATLAB

.2.5GHz

4MHz

1.5Sec

6-2

SMC

Proportional Controller

1-6-2

()

SMC

. ΔV_o

(8)

(12)

X(t)

Y(t)

ΔV_o

A_R

.Set Point

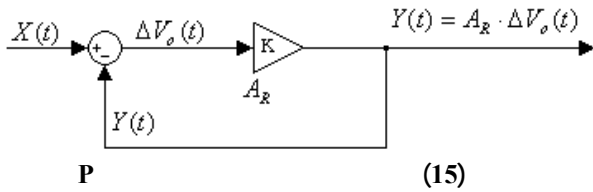
$$\Delta V_o(t) = X(t) - Y(t) \quad \& \quad Y(t) = A_R \cdot \Delta V_o(t) \quad (8)$$

.(15)

() ()

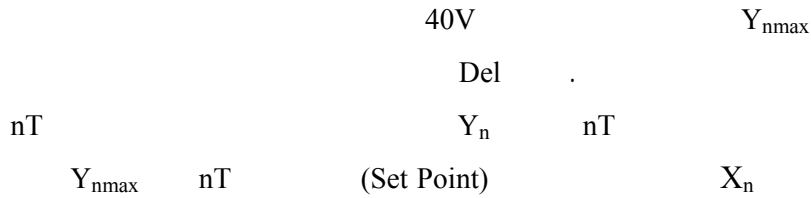
.(9)

$\Delta V_o(nT) = X(nT) - Y(nT) \text{ \& } Y(nT) = A_R \cdot \Delta V_o(nT) ; nT < t < (n+1)T$ (9)



(16)

(9)



Basic (16)

(17)

Hex.Dec.

BASCOM-AVR

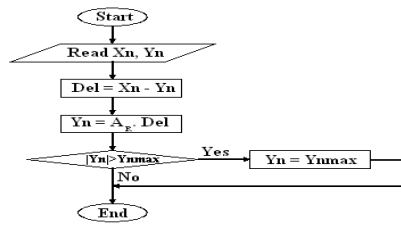
AVR

AT90S4433

μC

Proteus

.SMC



P

(16)



```

$regfile = "4433def.dat"
$crystal = 4MHz
$sim
Sub Reg_P
Del = Sz - S
If Val(Del) > 40 Then Del = 40
If Val(Del) < -40 Then Del = -40
Wzf=KctP*Del
If Val(Wzf) > Wmax Then Wzf =
Wmax
If Val(Wzf) < -Wmax Then Wzf =
-Wmax
End Sub
    
```

BASCOM-AVR

P

(17)

Proportional - Integral Controller

2-6-2

PI

PI

[15]

(12)

SMC

0.45V 3.5V Overshooting

(10)

PI

T

Y(t)

$\Delta V_o(t)$

A_R

(Set Point)

X(t)

$$\Delta V_o(t) = X(t) - Y(t) \quad \therefore \quad Y(t) = A_R \cdot [\Delta V_o(t) + \frac{1}{T} \int_0^t \Delta V_o dt] \quad (10)$$

(18)

PI

()

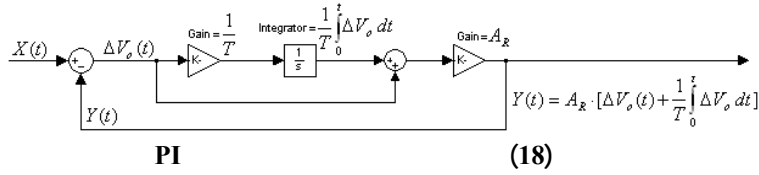
()

(18)

(T)

(11)

(11)



$$K_1 = A_R \quad , \quad K_2 = \frac{K_1}{T_n} T$$

$$\Delta V_o(nT) = X(nT) - Y(nT)$$

$$Y(nT) = K_1 \cdot \Delta V_o(nT) + K_2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta V_o(iT) \quad ; \quad nT < t < (n+1)T$$

$$S_n = K_2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta V_o(iT) \quad \& \quad S_{n-1} = K_2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \Delta V_o(iT)$$

$$S_n = K_2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \Delta V_o(iT) + K_2 \cdot \Delta V_o(nT) \Rightarrow S_n = S_{n-1} + K_2 \cdot \Delta V_o(nT)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(nT) = K_1 \cdot \Delta V_o(nT) + S_{n-1} + K_2 \cdot \Delta V_o(nT) \quad (11)$$

$$S_n = S_{n-1} + K_2 \cdot (X_n - Y_n) \quad (11)$$

$$Y_n = K_1 \cdot (X_n - Y_n) + S_n \quad (19)$$

Y_{nmax}

S_n

S_{nmax}

(19)

(20)

Basic

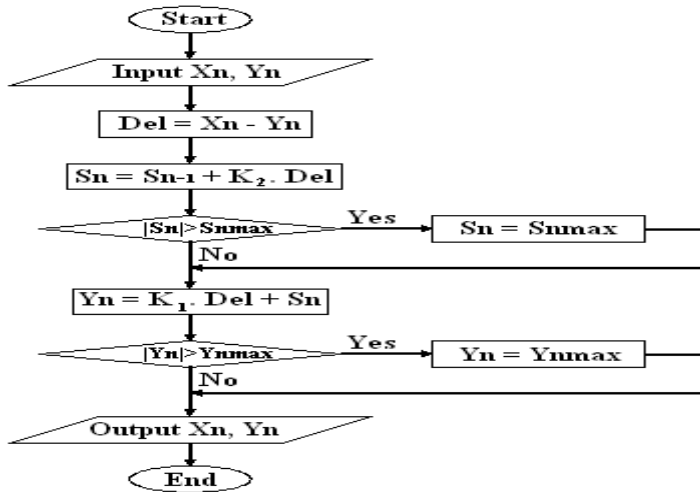
Hex.Dec.

BASCOM-AVR

AT90S4433

.PI

Proteus 6.5



PI

(19)

<pre> \$regfile = "4433def.dat" \$crystal = 4MHz \$sim Sub Reg_PI Do Set Portd.5 Waitus 3.11 Reset Portd.5 Waitus 6.89 Loop For i =1 to n </pre>	<pre> Del(i) = Val Sz(i)-Val S(i) If Del(i) > 40 Then Del(i) = 40 If Del(i) < -40 Then Del(i) = -40 Sint(i) = Sint(i) + Del(i) * K2 If Sin(i) > Sintmax Then Sint(i) = Sintmax Is Sint(i) < -Sintmax Then Sint(i) = - Sintmax Wzf(i) = K1 * Del(i) + Sint(i) If Wzf(i) > Wmax Then Wzf(i) = Wmax If Wzf(i) < -Wmax Then Wzf(i) = - Wmax Next End Sub </pre>
--	---

BASCOM-AVR

PI

(20)

7-2

:

(21)

: 1-7-2

CMOS

AT90S4433

Microcontroller

.8-Bit

AVR

SMC

(16,19)

AT90S4433

^[16] 1MHz

1MIPS

Optimize

μC

.PV's

3.4mA 25C° 5V 4MHz
()

AVR-AT90S4433 .17mW

Debug Assembler [16]

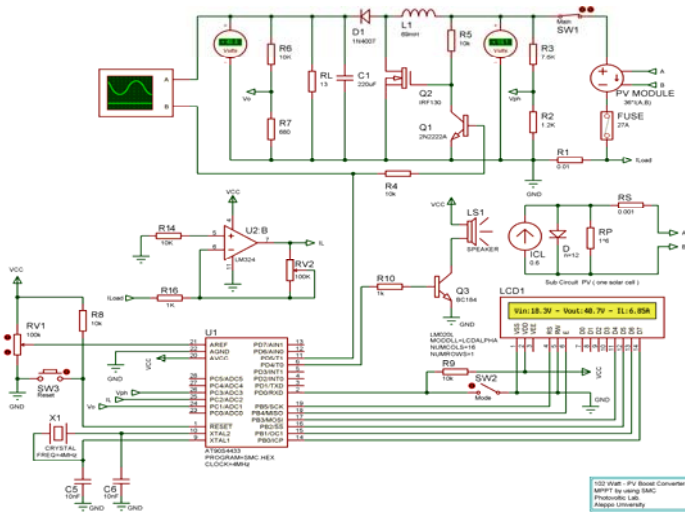
Emulator Simulator

MATLAB 7.1/SIMULINK™, OrCAD 9.1/Pspice, AVR-BASCOM,

Proteus 6.5

Hardware

Software



μ.c Boost Converter (21)

Protues

: 2-7-2

Power MOSFET

[13] 50 () BJT

100KHz (100KHz)

(1)

IRF130

$r_d=0.22\Omega$

$I_D=12A$

$t_{tr}=80nS$

$V_{DS}=65V$

: 3-7-2

ferrite

L_1

[14]

:

SIMULINK™

*

5.67A

$L_1=69mH$

18V

102W

(8-a)

[14] 1.2

$I_L=6.8A$

100KHz () (1) *

[17]

77206-A7

6.35mm×12.7mm×20.3mm

$$A_e = 257.81 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$B_{\max} = 2430 \text{ mT}$$

$$L_1 = 69 \text{ mH}$$

$$N$$

*

(13)

A_L

(12)

[8]

$$A_L = \frac{L}{N^2} \quad (12)$$

$$B_{\max} = \frac{N \cdot I_P \cdot A_L}{A_e} \quad (13)$$

(13) (12)

750

$$B_{\max} = \frac{I_P \cdot L}{N \cdot A_e} \Rightarrow N = \frac{I_P \cdot L}{B_{\max} \cdot A_e}$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{6.8 \times 69 \times 10^{-3}}{2430 \times 10^{-3} \times 257.81 \times 10^{-6}} = 748.94 \text{ Turns} \approx 750 \text{ Turns}$$

: 4-7-2

Fast Recovery Diodes

[13,14]

85V

15A

MBR1045

: 5-7-2

Equivalent Series) ESR

Tantalum (Resistance
[13,14]

....

(1) $C_1=220\mu\text{F}$
.50V
[8]

.(14)

$$V_{rms,ripple} = \frac{\Delta V}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{D \times (V_{o,avg} - V_{in})}{(16 \times \sqrt{2}) f^2 LC} \quad (14)$$

(14) .(8-b) SIMULINK™

.(8-b)

$$V_{rms,ripple} = \frac{0.55 \times (40 - 18)}{(16 \times \sqrt{2})(100 \times 10^3)^2 \times 69 \times 10^{-3} \times 220 \times 10^{-6}} = 3.52 \times 10^{-6} V$$

:LCD 6-7-2

LM020L 16

CMOS (189) ASCII

Pixel (7×5)

5V

8 4

8-2

Pspice

SIMULINK™

()

MATLAB™

(22)

(24)

.Pspice™

()

(24)

(22)

()

40V

.I_L=6.8A

D

(24)

D

Transient Step Parameter

0.1

0.6

0.3

(4)

(23)

(23)

Proteus 6.5

SMC

AT90S4433

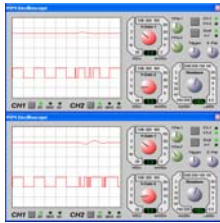
/11/

(23)

21%

.53%

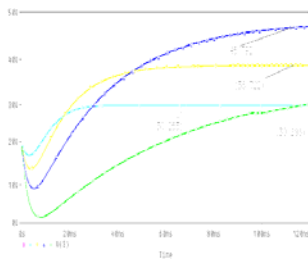
(21)



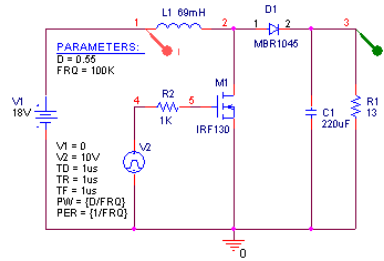
Protues (23)

Boost

μ.c



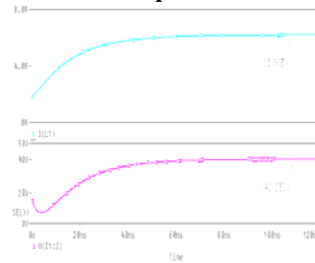
LCD



(22)

DC/DC Boost Converter

Pspice



Pspice

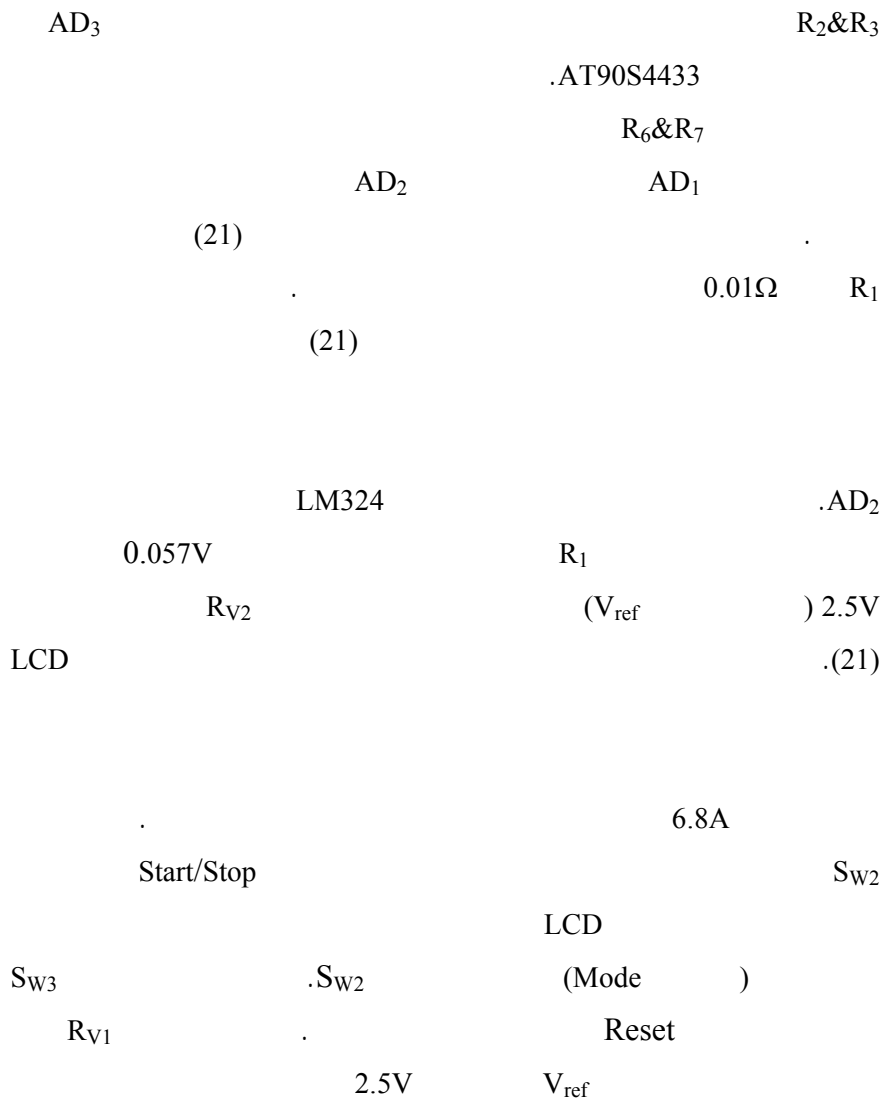
(24)

Boost Converter

36

(21)

V_{in} SW1 .PV



[18]

(25)

(A)

(C)

(B)

MPPT

Boost

(D)

Boost Converter

Board

Boost

Inverter

Excel

(26)

(27,26)

20.9V

17.8V

(27)

40V

95.6%



:D



:B

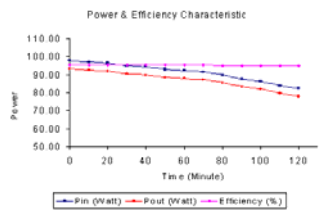


:A

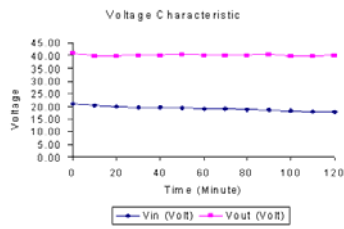


:C

(25)



(27)



(26)

-3

*

()

PV's

MPPT

*

40V

(8-13) Ω

(16-21)V

*

0.5V

overshooting

)

()

.(

*

53%

21%

1.5Sec

95.6%

()

.

References

- [1] Ahmed, M., Kuisma, M., Silventoinen, P., "Sliding Mode Control for Half-Wave Zero Current Switching Quasi-Resonant Buck Converter". 4th Nordic Workshop on Power and Industrial Electronics, NORPIE'04, Norway 2004.
- [2] T. Esum, J.W. Kimball, T. Krein, L. P. Chapman; "Dynamic Maximum Power Point Tracking of Photovoltaic Array Using Ripple Correlation Control", IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics, Vol. 21, No. 5, Sept. 2006
- [3] M. Jantsch, M. Real, H. Häberlin, C. Whitaker, K. Kurokawa, G. Blässer, P. Kremer, C.W.G. Verhoeve, "Measurement of PV Maximum Power Point Tracking Performance", Netherlands Energy Research Foundation ECN, 2001.
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- [5] V. F. Pires, J. A. Silva, "Teaching Nonlinear Modeling, Simulation, and Control of Electronic Power Converters Using MATLAB/SIMULINK™", IEEE Transactions on Education, vol. 45, no. 3, August 2002.
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- [7] J. Mahdavi, A. Emadi, H.A. Toliyat, "Application of State Space Averaging Method to Sliding Mode Control of PWM DC/DC Converters", IEEE Industry Applications Society October 1997.
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