

سليم ترميز مادة البرمجة (4)
سنة اولى / كيمياء

السؤال الأول: (10) نكاد حالة (2.5)

① إذا كان $q=1$ $\Rightarrow x_n=1$ وضخمه $a \rightarrow x_n$ متساوية متساوية
معدل (1).

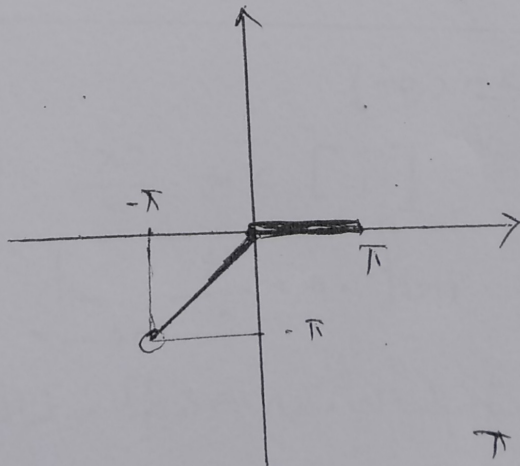
② إذا كان $q=-1$ $\Rightarrow x_n=(-1)^n$ المتساوية $(-1)^n$ متساوية متساوية
لا زلت.

③ إذا كان $|q| < 1$ $\Rightarrow x_n \rightarrow 0$ وضخمه $a \rightarrow x_n$ متساوية متساوية
معدل (1).

④ إذا كان $|q| > 1$ $\Rightarrow x_n$ متساوية متساوية $x_n \rightarrow \infty$ متساوية متساوية
معدل (1).

السؤال الثاني: (2.5) (2.5)

① (5) $a_0 = 1$



② (2) $a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$

③ $\dots a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x dx = -\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\textcircled{1} \dots a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \cos nx \, dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(\frac{x}{n\pi} \sin nx \right)_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{n^2} (\cos nx)_{-\pi}^0 \right] \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n^2 \pi} (1 - (-1)^n) \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \dots b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin nx \, dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(-\frac{x}{n} \cos nx \right)_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{n^2} (\sin nx)_{-\pi}^0 \right] \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$b_n = -\frac{1}{n} (-1)^n \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \dots f(x) \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx) \quad \textcircled{3}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \dots f(x) \sim -\frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^2 \pi} (1 - (-1)^n) \cos nx - \frac{1}{n} (-1)^n \sin nx \right]$$

(25, 25) : 25, 25

$$f_n(x) = \frac{x^n}{n}, \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f_n(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^n}{n} = 0 = f(x) \quad , (5)$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{for } x \in [0, 1]$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad |f_n(x) - f(x)| = \left| \frac{x^n}{n} - 0 \right| = \left| \frac{x^n}{n} \right| \leq \frac{1}{n} \quad , (5)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{is}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{n^3} ; \sqrt[n]{\frac{2^n}{n^3}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{2^n}}{\sqrt[n]{n^3}} = \frac{2}{(\sqrt[n]{n})^3} = \frac{2}{n^{3/n}}$$

(72) للتأكد من صحة $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{n^3} = 0$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 + 2}{5^n}$$

(75) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 2}{5^n} = 0$ (للتأكد من صحة)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{(n+1)^2 + 2}{5^{n+1}}}{\frac{n^2 + 2}{5^n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n^2 + 2n + 3) 5^n}{(n^2 + 2) 5^{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 2n + 3}{5(n^2 + 2)} = \frac{1}{5} < 1$$

(72) مفاجأة

$$\ln(1+x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t} dt$$

السؤال (720) $\ln(1+x)$

$$\frac{1}{1+t} = 1 - t + t^2 - t^3 + \dots + (-1)^n t^n + \dots \text{ for } |t| < 1$$

$$\ln(1+x) = \int_0^x [1 - t + t^2 - t^3 + \dots + (-1)^n t^n + \dots] dt$$

$$= \left[t - \frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{t^4}{4} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1} + \dots \right]_0^x$$

$$= \left[x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \dots \right]$$

$$\ln(1+x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$1 + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! + 4 \times 4! + \dots + n \times n! = (n+1)! - 1$$

نبره صحت العلاقة من اجل (2) - $n=1$

$$1 \stackrel{?}{=} (1+1)! - 1 \Rightarrow 1 = 1 \quad \text{صح}$$

2 - نبره صحت العلاقة من اجل n (2) -

$$1 + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! + \dots + n \times n! = (n+1)! - 1 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

3 - نبره صحت العلاقة من اجل $n+1$

$$1 + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! + \dots + (n+1) \times (n+1)! = (n+2)! - 1 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$P_1 = \underbrace{1 + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! + \dots + n \times n!}_{\text{--- (2) --- P}} + (n+1) \times (n+1)!$$

$$P_1 = (n+1)! - 1 + (n+1) \times (n+1)! \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$(n+1)! (n+2) - 1 = (n+2)! - 1 = P_2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$