

سليم تقي الدين مقر اللغة الانكليزية العالمية
تفلا بلسنه العالمه فيربار - فضل تاي - عام 2024-2025

$$1 - \frac{\phi}{\epsilon} = \frac{(16 - 48.85) 10^{-9}}{8.85 \times 10^{-12}} = \frac{Q_{\text{encl.}}}{\epsilon_0} = 3.7 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}}$$

(6 Marks)

2- Torque, weight, Impulse, velocity, Magnetic field, Electric field. (6 Marks)

3 - Time, Speed, Distance, Electric flux,
Electric potential, Potential Energy (6 Marks)

4 - Because the Angle B.T

4- Because the Angle Between Magnetic ~~Field~~ Force and the Displacement is 90° . Hence,
 $W = F \Delta r \cos 90 = 0$ (6 Marks)

5- Torque

5- Torque

Work

vector quantity

Scalar quantity.

SI unit: Nm

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$$

$$\vec{\tau} \perp (\vec{r}, \vec{F})$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{\Delta r}$$

(6 Marks)

6- Displacement
vector quantity

Distance
scalar quantity
always positive

$$\Delta x = x_f - x_i = \sum_{i=0}^{+} \Delta x_i$$

(6 Marks)

7- μ_k is pure number without unit.

$$\Phi_E = \frac{Nm^2}{C}$$

$$U = J$$

(6 Marks)

8- $\vec{P}_i = m \vec{v}_i = -4\hat{i} + 12\hat{j} + 8\hat{k}$

$$\vec{P}_f = m \vec{v}_f = -12\hat{i} + 20\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{I} = \Delta \vec{p} = \vec{P}_f - \vec{P}_i = -8\hat{i} + 8\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$$

$$I = 12 \text{ kg m/s}$$

(6 Marks)

9- $\sum_{\text{ext.}} F = 0$

(6 Marks)

10- $F = q_0 E = 0.04(200) = 8 \text{ N}$

(6 Marks)

11- $W = F_x \Delta x + F_y \Delta y + F_z \Delta z = -3 - 8 = -11 \text{ J}$

$$F = \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ N}, \Delta r = \sqrt{5} \Rightarrow W = F \Delta r \cos \theta \Rightarrow$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{-11}{5\sqrt{5}} \right)^\circ$$

(6 Marks)

12- $F_{12} = F_{21} = k_e \frac{|q_1 q_2|}{r_{12}^2} = 8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}$

(6 Marks)

13- $\text{stress} = \frac{mg}{A} = 55 \times 10^7 \text{ N/m}^2$

$$\text{strain} = \frac{\text{stress}}{Y} = \frac{55 \times 10^7}{20 \times 10^{10}} = 2.75 \times 10^{-3}$$

(6 Marks)

14- Shear stress $\equiv \text{N/m}^2$

Shear strain $\equiv$ pure number without unit.

$$\text{Shear Modulus} = \text{N/m}^2 \equiv \text{Pa. (6 Marks)}$$

$$15 - x = -4t + 2t^3$$

$$v_x = \frac{dx}{dt} = -4 + 6t^2 \Rightarrow v_x(t=2s) = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{speed} = |\vec{v}_x| = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a_x = \frac{dv_x}{dt} = 12t \Rightarrow a_x(t=2s) = 24 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(6 Marks)

16 - (10 Marks)

$$\vec{F}_B = q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) = q \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -3 & -2 & 4 \\ 2 & -4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = (6.4 \hat{i} + 41.6 \hat{j} + 25.6 \hat{k}) \text{ } \vec{b}$$

$$F_B = \sqrt{(6.4^2 + 41.6^2 + 25.6^2)} (10^{-19})^2 = 49.3 \times 10^{-19} \text{ N}$$

(5 Marks)

$$F_B = qvB \sin \theta$$

$$v = \sqrt{2g}, \quad B = \sqrt{56}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{F_B}{qvB} \right) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{49.3}{\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{56}} \right)^\circ$$

(5 Marks)